The Best Lighted, the Best Heated, the Best Ventilated

Office rooms in Toledo are in The New Bee Building.
Rents reasonable, conveniences unsurpassed.
Call and see them, please.

The

Bee.

Tom Reed and Jim Blaine Will Have a Fight in Maine.

The Czar wants to slosh around in the Minneapolis convention;
The Knight of Reciprocity and Retirasy objects.
Further particulars will be found in This impression of the Bee.

VOL XVI. NO. 244. TOLEDO, OHIO, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 15, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER.

Stations.	Wind.	Tem.	Vel.
Buffalo, cloudy	NW	22	12
Cleveland, cloudy	W	26	6
Toledo, snow	N	22	14
St. Louis, [illegible]	N	20	8
Kansas City, clear	NE	12	8
Indianapolis, clear	NW	16	10
Des Moines, clear	NE	zero	6
St. Paul, [illegible]	W	*16	lt
Chicago, [illegible]	NW	4	12
Moorhead, [illegible]	NW	*24	6
Bismarck, [illegible]	calm	*26	..
North Platte, clear	E	12	6
Minnedosa, missing.			
Alpena, [illegible]	W	4	6
Sault Ste. [illegible], clear	NW	2	lt

*Below

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

Toledo, O., 8 a. m., Feb. 15.—The local forecast for to-day and Tuesday, flurries of snow, colder with a cold wave in the morning. Temperature may fall to zero. Colder, clear on Tuesday.

The storm central over Toledo at 4 p. m. yesterday is now over New England. Heavy rain fell in its path. About one-half inch fell in Toledo.

An area of high is advancing from the northwest, accompanied by a cold wave, which will affect the entire country east of the Rocky mountain region. The 30 degrees below zero line is along the northwest border, while the zero line has advanced near to Chicago. Cold weather will continue at this point through Tuesday and Wednesday and the temperature will no doubt fall below zero at some points along Lake Erie on Tuesday. The lowest reported this morning was 32 degrees below at St. Vincent, Minn. The highest was 62 degrees at Jacksonville, Fla. Generally clear and colder weather prevails throughout the country.

The highest temperature yesterday was 42 degrees; the lowest at 8 a. m. to-day was 23 degrees.

The cold wave signal has been flying in the lake region since Sunday morning.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Forecast for Ohio: Generally fair, except light snow along the lake shore; colder northwesterly winds, with a cold wave; cooler and generally fair Tuesday.

For Indiana and Illinois—Continued cold and clear weather; northerly winds; clear Tuesday.

For Michigan and Wisconsin—Colder, northerly winds, with a cold wave, generally fair except light snow along the lake shore; continued cold and fair Tuesday.

LOCAL.

The base ball meeting.
Theatrical attractions.
Bonds for sale to-night.
Big police court docket.
State fair race program.
Toledo clubs and societies.
Toledo at the world's fair.
Chained lightning let loose.
An up-river summer resort.
The turtle soup suit settled.
East Toledo's bank started.
Joan of Arc's special meeting.
C. K. of A. reception to-night.
Deputy U. S. marshal appointed.
F. N. Quale has sentence passed.
Lake Shore road sued for $25,000.
Central Chandelier company sued.
R. R. Orchard's grocery foreclosed.
Boiler makers and butchers organize.
Excursion to Ann Arbor next Monday.
Saturday night's display in the heavens.
Gas committee to go to the field to-morrow.
Street car companies want a 99-year franchise.
Toledo Bridge company closes with the Smith plant.

UNITED STATES.

Free silver bill reported.
Work of congress this week.
Reed's wings must be clipped.
Delamater's business methods.
Harrison and Tracy in the field.
Gov. Boyd speaks to his people.
American fights a duel in Mexico.
Cullom's presidential hopes are high.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Prominent Fremont Citizen Tries to End His Days.

Fremont, Feb. 15.—(Special)—R. S. McCulloch, junior member of the firm of McCulloch & Son, druggists, of this city, attempted suicide at Cleveland yesterday afternoon by plunging headforemost down a flight of stairs from a Bank street saloon.

He was supposed to have been insane.

Frank Leslie's
POPULAR MONTHLY
FOR MARCH,
OUT TO-DAY,

Contains an unusual number of illustrated articles of notable interest, prominent among which are:

Metropolitan Life in Winter. From Thanksgiving to Easter. By L. J. VANCE.
The New York University. By C. ALFRED BILL.
GEORGE SAND. By EVELYN JERROLD.
CAYO HUESO (Key West). By CAROLINE WASHBURN ROCKWOOD.
THE OLD NATIONAL ROAD. By WALTER EDGAR MCCANN.
THE PRACTICAL SIDE OF SCULPTURE. By ALVAN S. SOUTHWORTH.
SOME SOUTH AMERICAN ANIMALS. By J. CARTER BEARD.
Also, Stories and Sketches by PROF. E. B. SOUTHWICK, ERNEST INGERSOLL, COL. NICOLAS PIKE, DAVID KER, WILP. P. POND, DR. T. B. SAYRE, and others; Poems, and over one hundred fine illustrations, including a full-page colored Frontispiece.

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IN FINE WATCHES
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE,
ALL SOLD ON
EASY PAYMENTS.

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Phone 804.

I WILL PAY
Twenty-Five Dollars
FOR THE RETURN OF MY VICTOR, CUSHION TIRE, No. 14500,
BICYCLE,
AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

J. J. FREEAN.
IN THE FOLLOWING LINES
—OF—
LADIES' WRAPS!

C. A. Harley & Co. still offer some Choice Selections at One-Half their value.

Ladies' Double Breasted Black Cheviot Coats, handsomely bound, regular price $7.50. Special price $3.75.

Ladies' Fine Quality London Dyed Seal Plush Sacques, Seal Ornaments as fastenings, Satin Lined, were $22.50, now $13.75.

Ladies' Plush Jackets, Satin Lined, fancy embroidered fronts, were $11.50, now $6.50.

Ladies' Seal Plush Reefers, fancy satin lining, seal ornaments as fastenings, were $15, now $7.50.

Ladies Early Spring Weights, long close fitting coats, double-breasted, satin finished, made of very fine quality of cheviot, colors dark, tan and gray. Regular special sale of these.

Cloth Newmarkets continue to go with a rush owing to the continuation of sacrifice prices, viz: $1.00 to $3.98, worth from $5.00 to $20.

For Cloaks, C. A. Harley & Co. names the brands and makes the prices that no other house can compete with.

One week more of the Great Clearing Out Sale. The minimum price rules.

C. A. HARLEY & CO.

We are the people you want to see when you want to buy

Furniture,
Carpets,
Stoves and
Household Goods.

We sell on easy payments at cash prices and have the largest and best selected stock in the city.

CALL AND SEE US.

Draper & Nugent,
MONROE AND ST. CLAIR STREETS.

WHO OWNS THIS.

A house, where each and every room has in color and general effect, an indication of its purpose of use, a penetrating and an inexpressable something that betokens the owner as an artist. We make em so.

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

Have you seen that elegant

Roll
Top
Desk

in our front window? It is our own manufacture and shows what can be done right here in Toledo.

The Conant Bros. Furniture Co.,

Manufrs. of Bank and Office Furniture.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

Of our own manufacture, at lowest prices: Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets. Baskets of every variety. Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs. Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

DUNSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT.

BOYD IN COMMAND

Thousands Turn Out to Greet Him.

Cheers for the Man Who Fought His Battle

Against Great Odds and a Packed Court

And Vindicated the Rights of the People.

Splendid Speech From the Man Who Upheld the Sacredness of the Ballot and Defeated Political Trickery.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 15.—The city to-day is one mass of bunting and filled to overflowing with democrats who have come to attend the public reception tendered to Gov. Boyd.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the governor addressed the large number of people assembled, as follows:

"Fellow Citizens: It affords me great pleasure to be permitted to make a personal acknowledgement to so large a number, of my gratitude to the people of Nebraska, who have stood by me so loyally in securing to me the restoration of my rights as a citizen, and to the people their choice as an executive—rights and privileges of which I was temporarily deprived by the majority of a partisan supreme court, and believe me, I am deeply grateful to all participating in this magnificent demonstration.

I am governor of Nebraska, put there by the sovereign will of the people, expressed by them through the ballot box, and vindicated by the highest tribunal in our glorious republic.

"The period of service remaining to me as an executive is limited, but I hope in the few months remaining to be still able to do something to vindicate the expressions of your will.

"There are still grave questions of public moment to be dealt with, and I promise you here to exercise every honorable effort in your behalf in meeting them.

"I must confess, too, to a personal gratification to myself in the restoration to me of those rights which I esteem above office—the powers and privileges of an American citizen.

"I have never been a citizen of any other nation than the United States. I want no prouder distinction than to be known as a citizen of the foremost republic in the world. I have been subjected to the epithet "alien" hurled at me in partisan madness by political opponents, but I have never deserved it.

"During all the years of my manhood, from the pioneer days when I with others began to lift Nebraska from a sparsely-settled territory to the splendid achievement of its present statehood, I have ever had in my mind the deepest convictions of the responsibilities of citizenship.

"I have ever tried to discharge the duties and the requirements of that citizenship to the honor and credit of each, and have acquitted myself, I believe, to my own satisfaction and yours.

"The suspense of the few months during which an attempt was made to spread a cloud of doubt upon my right to exercise the functions of that citizenship, has been more severe upon me than any of you can fully appreciate, and when that suspense was lifted from me by the almost unanimous dictum of the supreme court of the United States, greater joy and gratification were bestowed upon me than even when the election returns proclaimed me to be your choice to the highest office within your gift.

"I believe that the incidents attendant upon this unprecendented controversy and its final result, will have a far-reaching effect upon our politics, and I think its effect will be beneficial to the cause of democracy.

"In all this controversy, myself and those most nearly concerned in resisting the efforts of our opponents to commit great wrong, have been guided throughout by the determination to abide absolutely within the law, to act conservatively in all measures taken, with the view to upholding the honor and credit of our party, and the fair fame of the state.

"It is not alone democracy which has been vindicated, but the principles of good, honest government.

"I see before me here to-day men of various shades of political beliefs, representative republicans and independents as well as democrats. I have the right to construe their presence as testimony to their satisfaction in seeing the grave question which arose in our state affairs settled wholly within the law, and to the rendering of full justice and the triumph of right.

"I consider the presence of you all, not as personal tribute to myself, so much as to the vindication of the right of the majority to rule.

"The tumult of hate and partisan malice is hushed in the presence of such a dignified expression of your will and sentiment. We can all meet and greet one another as equals upon the enduring platform of a citizenship held in common.

"And while I stand upon a platform of principle enunciated by my party, none will claim that any of those principles contemplate wilful harm to the state.

"I believe that on many questions democrats can co-operate with and accept co-operation from men of all parties. We agree absolutely upon certain questions relative to public matters, and if a more conservative, less radical spirit can be brought to temper action great good can be accomplished

"The democratic party is pledged to the bringing about of these principles enunciated in its platform. Upon these principles I stand in the discharge of my official duties, and I appeal to all good citizens for their co-operation and support in the onerous duties of the executive office.

"In addressing you to-day it has not been my purpose to make a speech, rather to extend to you an expression of my appreciation of your kindness and hearty acknowledgement of my thanks, therefore I shall be pleased to meet you personally in the executive apartment, and now extend you a cordial invitation to enter."

IN CONGRESS THIS WEEK.

Much Important Business on the Books.

The Silver Question May Cause the Members of the House to Go on Record,

Washington, Feb. 15.—There are indications that this week will be notable in congressional annals as one in which political issues are made up.

In the house there may be an alignment of members on the silver question, and it is probable in the senate will be defined the economical policy of the democrats as a consequence of the program adopted by the majority of the house.

The bill providing for the public printing and binding, which is the pending business in the senate, will probably be attacked in the section creating a new office, that of a superintendent of the public documents, and indeed the democratic senators are disposed to question the statements made by the majority of the committee to the effect that the entire bill is in the interest of economy. The debate on the measure is expected to occupy several days this week.

The Paddock bill, to prevent the adulteration and misbranding of food and drugs, stands next in order of the measures to be considered, but it is possible that it may be antagonized by the Idaho senatorial election case of Claggett-Dubois. It is probable that both of these matters can be passed upon this week, but if it should be otherwise Mr. West will call up his bill providing for the erection of public buildings for postoffices in towns and cities where the receipts exceed $3,000 annually.

The urgency deficiency bill will also be called up at the first opportunity.

In the House.

It is probable that the subject of appropriations will be the principal topic of discussion in the house during the week unless the silver question should be forced to the front.

"To-day is "Suspension" day and there are several bills on the calendar which their friends believe can secure the two-thirds vote necessary for their passage. Chairman Wise of the committee of interstate commerce will endeavor, either by suspension of the rules or by consideration in the morning hour, to pass the bill to permit railroads to give special rates to commercial travelers.

It is the intention of the Indian affairs committee to call up the Indian appropriation bill early in the week, and its consideration may operate to postpone all other measures, as the large reductions made in the bill from the act of the last congress will not be permitted to go unchallenged. Friday will be devoted to private claims, unless the subject of appropriations should interfere with the ordinary procedure.

The rules committee has several resolutions before it and the proceedings of this committee will be of special interest, in view of the fact that one of the resolutions is that introduced by Mr. Bland, making the silver bill a special continuing order in the house. The silver men are striving to have the order reported at an early day. As soon as this resolution is reported an interesting parliamentary struggle will begin, and should there be much delay in the rules committee the fight will be precipitated without awaiting action by the rules committee on the request to make the silver bill a special order.

HARRISON AND TRACY.

A New Ticket Placed in the Field.

Levi P. Morton Says He Has Had Enough.

With the Withdrawal of the Vice-President From the Race New Interest is Added to the Contest.

New York, Feb. 15.—A Washington special to the Recorder says: "It is stated on authority close to the vice-president that he has informed the president of his intention to withdraw from office at the close of his present term.

"Mr. Morton has said to friends within a short time and has intimated to the president that in his opinion Secretary Tracy would make an admirable candidate for the vice-presidency.

"The secretary's extraordinary success at the head of the navy department has recommended him to many of the leaders in Washington, and intimations have been received from New York that his nomination would be acceptable to all sections of the party there.

A strong and influential movement for a ticket reading "Harrison and Tracy" is on the cards.

THEY FOUGHT A DUEL.

A Mexican and an American in Trouble.

The Latter Won with the Pistol and Now Finds Himself in Jail as a Consequence.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Feb. 15.—At a fandango given at Villa Muquiz, a Mexican village 40 miles south of here Saturday night, Harry Carmen, an American telegraph operator, and Cuerto Flores, a young Mexican rancher, became involved in a quarrel over a fair senorita.

The American was challenged to a duel and promptly accepted. The principals and their seconds stepped out of the dance hall and measured off the required number of paces in the center of the street.

The moon gave a flood of light and they could easily distinguish each other.

Two rounds were fired. Neither was hit the first shots, Carmen receiving the bullet in his watch.

On the second shot the Mexican was struck in the chest and fatally wounded. Carmen was arrested and is confined in the Jusgado.

WILL INVADE MEXICO.

Why the Lottery Was Declared Off.

Diaz Has Accepted the Rich Offer of the Company and It Will Move in 1893.

New Orleans, Feb. 15.—At last the true secret of the withdrawal of the Louisiana state lottery from the fierce political struggles which have been raging for many months is out.

Half a dozen friends of John A. Morris, the principal owner and director of the company, have been aware of the coming change, but the secret has been carefully guarded.

Although he has not yet made an announcement, a stockholder of the company has said that the lottery would be removed to Mexico in 1893.

President Diaz has already expressed himself as favorable to the proposition, provided the Louisiana state lottery will make as favorable a proposition to the Mexican government as was made to the state of Louisiana.

While the directors of the company have not as yet held any meeting to consider the propositions made by different cities in other countries, it is understood that Mr. Morris favors the City of Mexico, and that practically settles the entire matter.

CULLOM'S HOPES HIGH.

The Song of the Presidency is Sweet to Him.

Thinks Blaine's Withdrawal Means Much to Him.

The Hostility of Joseph Medill Is a Thorn in the Side of the Ambitious Senator.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Senator Cullom, of Illinois, is the first of those republican leaders whose presidential aspirations have been encouraged by Mr. Blaine's withdrawal from the field to take steps towards effecting thorough organization of his forces.

He is now in Chicago conferring with all of his lieutenants at home as to the prospects of securing a Cullom delegation from Illinois to the Minneapolis convention.

Opinion is divided here as to what Mr. Cullom may promise himself at home this year. He has some shrewd managers among his lieutenants. David T. Littler is one of them. The attitude of "Long" Jones is not so satisfactory to the Senator, but at present it is not that of opposition. Littler and Jones, working together, could, it is conceded, do a great deal for Cullom. The chief difficulty now grows out of the attitude of the Chicago Tribune. That newspaper fought Harrison's candidacy for the nomination bitterly in 1888, and until the recent appearance of the Blaine letter, opposed the proposition of a second term for the president. So strong was its support of Mr. Blaine, indeed, that the opponents of the president were led to believe that under no circumstances could it be brought to the support of the second term project. Unexpectedly, however, it has declared against the "favorite son business," which is construed to be a fling at Cullom, and while not advocating the nomination of the president as it advocated the nomination of Mr. Blaine, yet writes so strongly on that line as practically to ally itself with the president's friends and managers.

The Cullom people would feel much more comfortable if they could in some way neutralize the effect in Illinois of the Tribune's opposition. They believe that with Illinois solidly [illegible] the senator would become a [illegible] candidate for the presidential [illegible]. According to their estimate he [illegible] with the party managers in the [illegible], and could be expected to meet the most friendly reception at Minneapolis. The relations between him and Senator Washburne, of Minneapolis, are of the friendliest character, and it is pointed out that Mr. Washburne is anxious to support some candidate in the convention strong enough to defeat the president. He would be glad, it is asserted, to assist the Illinois senator, and only awaits the proper signal to do so.

The only rival Mr. Cullom recognizes in the northwest is Gen. Alger, and the way in which the Cullom people discuss the candidacy of the Michigan millionaire shows that they expect to obtain a victory over him. The nomination of Alger, they declare, would bring scandal on the party. Success in the convention would be stained with money and success at the polls would be impossible. The country would be certain to reject a candidate representing nothing but money. Their favorite, on the other hand, as they explain, is a poor man of good ability, the best of character and large experience in office. If the contest, therefore, should at any time narrow down between Cullom and Alger, the friends of the former would feel that they had it won.

The Cullom men assert that Mr. Blaine feels friendly towards their candidate and would help him in an emergency. It was Mr. Cullom who first became aware of the existence of the Blaine letter of withdrawal, which shows that the presidential question has at one time and another been the subject of conversation between them. Had Mr. Blaine not withdrawn Mr. Cullom would have been one of his most enthusiastic supporters for the presidency, and the inference follows that Mr. Blaine, appreciating this fact, takes a cordial interest in Mr. Cullom's candidacy. There is evidence that the president's friends are being everywhere incited to the greatest activity. His fences at home are receiving particular attention. His chosen lieutenant is Albert G. Porter, nominally minister to Italy, but now on indefinite leave of absence in this country. Mr. Porter wants to run for governor of Indiana again, and there is serious talk of making him the republican candidate. Gov. Chase also wants the nomination, but it has just been discovered that for some reason his name is on the black list of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, an organization with a large membership in Indiana and headquarters in that state. This, it is thought, puts Chase out of the question, and will result in the nomination of Porter, who carried the state in 1880. Moreover, Harrison wants Porter and the republican machine in the state, now in the president's hands, will work for his nomination.

THE C. K. OF A.

Arrival of the Supreme Trustees in Toledo.

Grand Reception at Friendship Hall This Evening—Talks with the Visitors.

Mr. Richard Walsh, St. Louis, and Mr. E. D. McGuinness, Providence, R. I., supreme trustees of the Catholic Knights of America, arrived in the city this morning, and went into session at 11 o'clock with Mr. Charles J. Kirschner, supreme treasurer, to audit Mr. Kirschner's books. The third supreme trustee was detained at Cincinnati, but will be here this afternoon.

Elaborate arrangements have been made by the local branches for a splendid reception to the visitors at Friendship hall this evening. Every member of the order is requested to be present. No special program has been arranged, but brief addresses will be delivered by Mr. Walsh, who is known as the silver-tongued orator of Missouri, by Mr. McGuinness and others.

Mr. McGuinness is ex-secretary of state of Rhode Island, and enjoys the distinction of being the first Catholic ever elected to a state office in New England.

"Rhode Island is really democratic," Mr. McGuinness said to a Bee this morning, "but you see we must have a majority in order to elect. We had a plurality this year, but the house being republican, we were knocked out."

Mr. Richard Walsh, who has been one of the earnest workers of the Irish Land league, speaking of the order said:

"It is increasing very rapidly and particularly in the west. In Missouri the organization is very strong, and in California there is a heavy increase."

The gentlemen will be here for three or four days, and while here will be entertained by the local knights.

CULLOM ON HILL.

He Thinks the Senator Has Committed Political Suicide.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Senator Cullom, who has an incipent presidential boom himself, thinks David Bennett Hill is dead as a presidential possibility.

"There was a time," Mr. Cullom said to-day, "when every one in Washington conceded that Hill would overcome Cleveland, but that day is past. Hill's peculiar methods, adopted in order that he might secure an early convention in the state of New York, have done him incalculable harm, and already there is a strong reactionary sentiment in favor of the ex-president.

"It is likely, however, that Hill will accomplish his immediate purpose, which is to obtain control of all the state delegates to the national convention. Yet, when it comes to a direct issue I do not believe he can swing the remainder of the states. New York is not the nation by any means.

"Hill is strong in his own part of the country, but Cleveland is better known throughout the country, and will undoubtedly be the nominee of the party, and therefore is the man to be feared."

TO CLIP REED'S WINGS.

The Czar Unpopular in His Own Party.

Blaine and Harrison Are Both After Him.

A Strong Fight to be Made Against His Candidacy for Delegate at Large From Maine.

Washington, Feb. 15.—"Joe" Manley is after "Tom" Reed's scalp. The ex-speaker of the house wants to go to the Minneapolis convention as one of the delegates at large from the state of Maine; and he says he will go. Mr. Manley says he will not, and so the row is on, and it will be fought to a finish.

There can be, however, but one result. Mr. Reed will be opposed by the Blaine and Harrison forces, and the expectation is that he will be routed. When asked the cause for their hostility to Mr. Reed the friends of the administration reply vaguely that his purpose in going to Minneapolis is to "make mischief" and to prove a disturbing element generally.

Mr. Reed and Secretary Blaine have long been at swords' points, and the relations between the ex-speaker and the president are scarcely more cordial. Mr. Reed believes that his election as a delegate at large would enable him to pay off some of the old scores which he owes to the president and Secretary Blaine, and that, possibly, he and other anti-administration delegates might work up a sentiment in favor of some other candidate than President Harrison.

Mr. Blaine thoroughly appreciates that fact, and he has notified Mr. Manley that Mr. Reed's ambition is to be thwarted, and that he is to be left at home. The situation is significant also as showing that Mr. Blaine entertains a friendly feeling for President Harrison, and Mr. Manley himself is authority for the statement that every member of the Maine delegation will be instructed to vote for President Harrison's renomination.

The strained relations between Mr. Reed and Secretary Blaine have existed for many years, but the coolness between himself and the president dates from the appointment of Mr. Frederick Dow as collector of customs at Portland. Portland is the ex-speaker's home and he insisted upon the right to control the collectorship, which he desired to bestow upon a Mr. Milliken, a brother of Representative Seth Milliken. Secretary Blaine and Senators Hale and Frye urged the appointment of Mr. Dow, and the president decided the contest in their favor.

For a long time—for nearly two years, in fact—Mr. Reed asked no more appointments of the administration. About ten months ago he called at the white house and informed the president that while he did not propose to ask any favors he wanted to suggest to him that Dr. Worthington would make a good naval officer for the Portland customs house.

The president smiled good naturedly, but did not take the hint. There must have been something encouraging in the smile, however, for a week after Mr. Reed returned to Portland the president received a letter from him asking that the place be given to the doctor. President Harrison at once complied with the request, and a few days later Dr. Worthington was inducted into office.

The president thought his prompt compliance would placate Reed and bring about a re-establishment of their former pleasant relations, but it seems that it did not, and when Mr. Manley came down to Washington yesterday he brought the news that Mr. Reed was quietly laying his plans to secure his election as a delegate-at-large to the republican convention to oppose the president. Then it was that both the president and the secretary of state decided that Mr. Reed must be "sat upon," and when Joseph Manley returns to Augusta a few days hence he will see that orders are issued to that effect.

Another bit of political gossip that has come to the surface within the past few days is to the effect that a concerted movement is now on foot to bring about the nomination of Senator John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, at the democratic national convention. The movement had its inception with a number of Mr. Carlisle's senatorial associates, the more active of whom are Vest, of Missouri; Morgan, of Alabama, and George, of Mississippi. It also includes a little coterie of representatives from the south and west.

Senator Vest has recently said that Col. Wm. R. Morrison, of Illinois, would be very acceptable to him, but it is understood that he does not think Col. Morrison could secure the nomination, and that he has been led to believe that Mr. Carlisle can. I understand that a number of letters have been written to leading democratic politicians in the west, northwest and southwest, asking if they will co-operate in working up the Carlisle boom. Mr. Carlisle himself is taking no action in the matter, but he is cognizant of all that is being done in his interest, and is, I am assured, in hearty sympathy with it.

The argument advanced for Mr. Carlisle's nomination is that as neither Hill nor Cleveland could be nominated without a fight bitter as to endanger the success of the ticket, the better plan is to follow the Herald's advice and go to the west for a presidential standard bearer. Mr. Carlisle's friends do not believe he is enough of a southern man to create a prejudice against him in the north. His home is in Covington, Ky., a small city across the Ohio river, directly opposite to Cincinnati.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Carlisle is much more of a Cincinnatian than he is a Covingtonian. His law practice when at home is largely in Cincinnati. He was a union man during the war; was one of the most advanced and zealous of tariff reformers from his debut in public life, 15 years ago. He was elected speaker of the house as the exponent of that doctrine in the forty-eighth congress, and was re-elected to that office in the Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses.

GROOMING A CANDIDATE.

The Friends of General Russell A. Alger

Getting Him in Shape for the Coming Campaign.

His War Record Just Now Seems to be Bothering Him Considerably—A Surgeon to the Rescue.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Gen. J. C. Kelton, adjutant general of the United States army, has received the following sworn statement from Samuel R. Wooster, late surgeon of the First Michigan cavalry and acting brigade surgeon, with reference to Gen. R. A. Alger's military record:

"I enlisted as assistant surgeon of the Eighth Michigan infantry August 19, 1861; was promoted to surgeon of the First Michigan cavalry February 26, 1863; mustered out October 18, 1864. The First cavalry was one of Custer's Michigan cavalry brigade during the campaign of 1863 and 1864, and up to the time of my discharge from the service I was acting brigade surgeon on Gen. Custer's staff. At the battle of Sheperdstown, Va., at which I was present and where we were forced to retire across the Potomac on account of the great strength of the enemy, I knew that Gen. Alger, then Col. Alger, of the Fifth Michigan cavalry, was detailed to protect the crossing of the balance of the command with the artillery and train, which he accomplished. During this campaign Gen. Alger's

Health Was Very Much Impaired,

and the night after crossing into Maryland from Shepherdstown he was very ill. The following morning, as we were gathering the sick and wounded together to send to the hospital, I informed Colonel Alger that he was not able to march and must go to the hospital. This was customary for surgeons in the field to do when the command was on the move, and I accordingly directed Colonel Alger sent to Annapolis with others, and I distinctly remember that I told him I would forward the proper papers to him there, as we wished to get the sick and wounded away at once.

"I made application for his leave to General Custer, reporting the facts, and supposed that it was granted, and never heard to the contrary until recently. In my opinion there was never a more unjust act committed against a soldier than that which is reported to have been done by General Custer in his reporting him absent without leave and recommending his dismissal. All who knew General Alger in the war know that he was very prompt and punctual in his duties, and he would have been one of the last men in the world to disobey an order or fail to perform his duties. If there is any person responsible for his being sent to the hospital without the proper order accompanying, I am that person. Will you do General Alger and me the justice to file this sworn statement with his war record in your office?

"I have the honor to be, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
"SAMUEL R. WOOSTER."

A WORD FROM ALGER.

He Regrets Having Said Anything to Offend Mrs. Custer.

Detroit, Feb. 15.—In an authorized interview Gen. Alger declared that he has but little to say in answer to Dana's latest editorial concerning him.

He absolutely denies, however, that he applied for ten days' leave of absence after the crossing near Sheperdstown, Va., but reiterates that he was sent into the hospital without requesting it; therefore a request for leave could not have been denied by Custer.

He also answers Dana by saying his retirement from the army was not one iota different in form from the thousands of others who were honorably discharged.

Gen. Alger expresses deep regret if in his haste and indignation at repelling the assassin's stab at his good name he uses words regarding Gen. Custer that wound the feelings of that brave soldier's brave widow, who is a personal friend of both General and Mrs. Alger.

WHY THIS SILENCE?

Gen. Merritt Refuses to be Drawn into the Controversy.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 15.—A reporter called on Gen. Merritt, and endeavored to secure either a denial or an affirmation of the reports concerning Gen. Alger's record, but was unsuccessful.

Gen. Merritt replied to a question as to whether or not he had signed the recommendation for Gen. Alger's dismissal by saying that he was not prepared to trust his memory for the details of what was at that time a comparatively unimportant matter.

"Have you been approached before on this subject?"

"Yes, once; some time ago when I was in Washington I was spoken to about Gen. Alger by several prominent men. They stated that the records showed certain facts. They wished me to make a statement, and I refused to have anything to do with the business."

"Could you not by consulting the records satisfy yourself as to the facts and set Gen. Alger right before the world?"

"I could by those means satisfy myself whether or not I signed the recommendation."

"Will you do that?"

"No, sir; this is not my affair. If Gen. Alger desires my recollection of the matter and writes me for it, I shall give the knowledge I have without hesitation. It may be that if, as stated by Gen. Alger in a communication to the press, he was ill when he went to Washington he may have been temporarily deranged, but I have no means of establishing what his condition was. I can say nothing more than that I cannot trust my memory for the details of the occurrence involved here."

MAUMEE MENTION.

Notes of Personal and Social Interest.

Maumee, Feb. 15.—(Special)—Miss Rille Hull has recovered from a severe sickness, and is again attending school.

Mr. Earl Brewer has returned home from the country.

Mrs. B. F. Leavolt will entertain the M. E. church social Wednesday evening.

Mr. Ed Hannum, druggist at the new asylum, visited his mother here on Wednesday.

Miss Jennie Williams, of the new asylum, was the guest of Mrs. Dr. Kline on Wednesday.

Miss Nettie Lautzenheiser is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harvey Emery, in Napoleon.

Mrs. U. Lautzenheiser is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sarah Murphy, at Delphos, this week.

Miss Daisy Burge, of Toledo, is visiting with Maumee friends this week.

SHE WILL WED A COUNT.

Miss Haggin to Take a Title from Austria.

New York, Feb. 15.—The wedding of Count Festitics and Miss Ella Haggin is announced to occur on February 24. The bride is the only daughter of Mr. Louis Haggin and a granddaughter of Mr. J. B. Haggin, the millionaire turf patron of California. Count Festitics comes of one of the oldest and most distinguished families of the Australian nobility. He is a member of the Paris Jockey club and is a noted personage in society in Paris and Denver.

SOME DOUBLE-HEADERS

Giving a Synopsis of Happenings in Toledo and Vicinity.

New Deputy United States Marshal Selected.

Grocery Store Closed—Suit Against the Central Chandelier Folks—Labor Items and Other Matters.

BIDS RECEIVED

For Paving and for Some of the City Printing.

At the city clerk's office to-day proposals were received for paving Lagrange street from Champlain to Bancroft. Bids were also received for printing the annual reports and other city documents.

CITY BONDS.

An Effort Will Be Made to Sell Two Lots This Evening.

Auditor Walker and the ways and means committee of the common council will receive proposals this evening for two lots of improvement bonds as follows: Franklin avenue, from Bancroft street to Cherry street, $26,434.78; Fifteenth street, from Madison street to Adams, $1,733.84.

COUNCIL BUSINESS

To Be Acted Upon by the Board To-night.

The board of councilmen meet this evening with a fair sized schedule of business. This includes considerable improvement legislation, and the annexation ordinance will come up from the board of aldermen. The board will also confirm the contract with D. J. O'Hara for collecting and disposing of the city's garbage.

GROCERY STORE CLOSED

Because of a Chattel Mortgage—I. N. Huntsberger in Charge.

The grocery store of R. R. Orchard, on Monroe street, near St. Clair street, was closed to-day by the foreclosure of a chattel mortgage. The mortgage was held by R. P. and H. M. Orchard for $1,000. The stock is now in the hands of the mortgagee's attorney, I. N. Huntsberger.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES

Against the Central Chandelier Company.

To-day there was filed in the United States court a suit for damages and injunction against the Central Chandelier company, of this city, by George Maitland, of Detroit. The complainant alleges that defendant is using and selling an electric lighting fixture and burner on which plaintiff holds a patent. The court is asked to restrain the Central Chandelier company from selling the same, and also asks for damages in a sum not named.

INTO THE FIELD

The Gas Investigating Committee Will Go To-morrow.

The city gas plant investigating committee, consisting of Mayor Emmick and Messrs. W. H. Tucker, F. T. Lane Leander Burdick, Jacob Romeis and S. F. Forbes, accompanied by several of the gas trustees, will start to-morrow morning for their first trip into the field. A Bee will also make one of the party, and he will keep the readers of this paper informed on the actions and findings of the committee.

STATE FAIR RACES.

The Events for the Different Days as far as Fixed.

Secretary Fleming and A. J. Clark, of the state board of agriculture, have arranged the following program for the fair days at Columbus:

Tuesday, Sept. 13—2:42 pace and Buckeye stakes for yearling trotters.

Wednesday, Sept. 14.—3 minute trot; 2:38 trot and futurity stakes for 2-year-old trotters.

Thursday, Sept. 15.—2:20 trot; 2:21 pace and 2:29 trot.

Friday, Sept. 16.—2:45 trot; 2:33 trot and anticipation stakes for 3-year-olds.

All purses will be $500 each. In the stakes will be added $100 to yearlings, $150 to 2-year-olds and $300 to 3-year-olds.

A BUTCHERS' ASSOCIATION

Was Formed Yesterday—They Refused to Become a Labor Union.

An adjourned meeting of the butchers was held at Turner hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of forming a union. Henry Weber as chairman spoke briefly on the matter, showing the necessity for such an organization. There were many present who objected to becoming a part of the Federation of Labor or any other labor organization, and the effort to form a union was a failure. There were plenty, however, willing to become members of an association of butchers in no way connected with labor unions and this was done. It will be known as the Toledo Butchers' association. A committee on constitution was appointed to report next Sunday at 3 p. m. The association starts with 40 members.

REV. E. D. WHITLOCK.

Complimentary Reference to a Former Toledo Pastor.

A series of union meetings is being held by the churches of Delaware, which are being participated in by President Bashford and other eminent local divines. The Gazette has the following reference to one of the meetings last week, at which Rev. E. D. Whitlock, formerly of Toledo, preached:

"After a most inspiring song service Dr. E. D. Whitlock read impressively the 130th Psalm, taking as his text, 'Let Israel hope in the Lord, for with the Lord there is mercy, and with him is plenteous redemption.' No one could doubt as they listened to this grand sermon that this speaker had been endowed with divine power. We have not space to follow in what was so eloquent in thought and still more eloquent in feeling, as with almost inspired voice and manner the speaker dwelt upon the wonderful Redemption provided—this golden thread of Mercy running through our lives.

"The altar service that followed this grand sermon was, if possible, greater—deeper in interest, and more pronounced in results than any former one. The altar and many rows of front seats were filled with more new seekers after this great salvation, than perhaps on any former occasion."

A W. & L. E. MAN

Says that the Aurora Borealis Was Two Oil Tanks Burning.

Saturday a sportsman popping his fowling piece accidentally popped it into a tank of oil on the Wheeling & Lake Erie and exploded it. The fire was communicated to another tank and both were consumed.

Mr. F. S. Deal, chief clerk in the W. & L. E. superintendent's office, of course heard of the fire. While he was down town in the evening he stepped into a barber shop to get shaved. The barber had noticed the northern lights in the sky, and spoke of the red glow during the shaving process. Mr. Deal spoke up knowingly, saying, "Oh, yes; that's two oil tanks burning down on the Wheeling. Mr. Deal went out and admired the aurora borealis with others, and told everybody that was looking at the display that it was two oil tanks burning down on the road. It seemed a plausible explanation, and the news spread. Mr. Deal didn't discover until this morning that his two oil tanks weren't in it, and that Old Aurora Borealis got in his work ahead of the Wheeling for once.

Always open—the offer made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's a reward of $500 cash for an incurable case of catarrh, no matter how bad, or of how long standing. They'll carry it out, too. It's one thing to make the offer. It's a very different thing to make it good. It couldn't be done, except with an extraordinary medicine. But that's what they have. By it's mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. It doesn't simply palliate for a time, or drive the disease to the lungs. It produces a perfect and permanent cure. Try it and see.

If you can't be cured, you'll be paid.

The only question is—are you willing to make the test, if the makers are willing to take the risk?

If so, the rest is easy. You pay your druggist fifty cents and the trial begins.

If you're wanting the $500 you'll get something better—*a cure!*

Can you have better proof of the healing power of a medicine?

MRS. JANE M. GEDDES.

Tributes to a Life Which Was Well Spent—A Brief Sketch.

High tributes to the worth and ability of Mrs. J. M. Geddes, who died a few days ago at her home in Adrian, Mich., appear in a number of the Bee's exchanges. Mrs. Geddes was one of the pioneer workers of her state, a woman of splendid education, good executive ability and much force of character. Her maiden name was Terry and her birth state, New York. She graduated from Mt. Holyoke seminary in 1855, and was recommended by that institution to Franklin Hubbard, then superintendent of the Adrian schools (now a prominent merchant of Toledo), taking the place of assistant superintendent. In 1859 she married Hon. Norman Geddes, and his position as a leading lawyer and respected judge gave her opportunity to exercise her large charities and do most effective public work. To her untiring energy Adrian college owes much of its prosperity, in both a material and a social way. If the buildings needed painting or money for the grounds was needed, Mrs. Geddes always found a way to collect it. Her hospitable doors were always open for social entertainments that brought the society of college and city into closer union. She collected thousands of dollars for such work and was interested in raising a fund for a woman professorship in the college when death came. Her husband, an own son, and a son by a former marriage, Mr. Fred Geddes, lawyer of this city, are the surviving members of the family. Her death will leave a vacancy in many high places of trust and confidence.

AMONG THE PEOPLE.

Jottings of Personal Mention About the City.

Gleaned by Members of the Bee Staff—Social and Small Parties at Different Homes.

pers

A. E. Lang is out of the city.

H. F. Lee is out of the city.

Mr. Clarence Brown is in New York.

Mr. John Campbell is on the sick list.

Mr. Harry P. Gurney is in Tecumseh.

Mr. Clarence Armstrong is ill with grip.

City Solicitor Read has returned from Chicago.

Mr. Frank Butts is visiting Sandusky friends.

Mrs. John Mockett entertains next week Friday.

J. D. Hurlbut went to Bowling Green this morning.

Mr. Will Homan, of Tiffin, is visiting Toledo friends..

Mr. George P. Kirby is confined to his home by illness.

Mr. Lee Beauchaine will go to Iowa for a few weeks trip.

Mr. F. J. Stolberg returned from New York this morning.

Miss Nellie Wales is entertaining Miss Seeley, of Norwalk.

Miss Mary Oblinger, of Bowling Green, spent Sunday in Toledo.

Louis Fischer, elevator man at the Produce Exchange, is very ill

Miss Gertrude Blass is the guest of Mrs. Newson at Columbus.

The grand German ball occurs to-morrow night at Pythian Castle.

Judge Geddes, of Adrian, spent Sunday with his son, Fred Geddes.

Rev. and Mrs. Scadding will return from Toronto, Can., this week.

Miss Cora Seewald, of Tiffin, is visiting Miss Leila Brown, of Twelfth street.

Chas. Sumner lodge will give a dancing party at Pythian Castle Friday night.

Mr. Todd, a prominent capitalist and merchant of Portland, Ore., is at the Boody.

Mrs. Meyers, of Broadway, entertained a number of friends, socially, Saturday evening.

Miss Nellie Burge has issued invitations for a card party to be given next Friday evening.

Miss Gernhard has returned to Port Clinton after a pleasant visit with Toledo friends.

Miss Kittie Orchard entertains her young friends this afternoon in honor of her birthday.

The ladies aid society, auxiliary to the Mark E. Sibley Camp, S. of V., meets to-morrow night at G. A. R. hall.

Miss Edith Netter, of Peoria, Ill., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. Rosenthal, of 2057 Fitch street, returned home yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Parks Hone are rejoicing over the advent of a baby boy. He arrived last Friday, but Parks has been trying to keep it quiet.

Mrs. Miller's Sunday school class of St. Mark's church will give a chocolate at Mr. William Daly's residence, from 3 to 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Mr. A. A. Hill has resigned his position as head clerk at S. W. Nettleton's shoe store and his place is now occupied by C. E. Gorsuch, formerly of Findlay.

Mrs. Dr. Cowdrick gave a pleasant card party Saturday evening. Among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Hass, Mr. and Mrs. McMichael, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Byrkit, Mr. and Mrs. George Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Sampson, and Mr. and Mrs Charles Detweiler.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Prue entertained at cards Saturday evening. Late in the evening an elegant repast was served. The ladies' prize was won by Mrs. George P. Kirby, and the gentlemen's by Mr. John Horgan. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. Horgan, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Locke, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Kirby, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Fabin, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Lynn, Mr. and Mrs. A. Gassaway, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Egleton, Miss Clemons, Miss Ely, Dr. Harlan and Mr. P. Germain.

WOMEN AND THE GARBAGE.

Women have taken the initiative in many important reforms since the world began, and we are glad to see them moving in the matter of disposing of the city garbage. This should have been attended to long ago by the men folk; but as they have shamefully neglected it, the women see the necessity of attending to it for them.

The Women's Health Protective association has put its shoulder to the wheel with the view to urging the garbage carts in the direction of the crematory. The meeting of the association last Tuesday afternoon was devoted very largely to a consideration of the garbage question, and a resolution was unanimously adopted urging upon the city authorities the importance, necessity and utility of burning the garbage of the city instead of dumping it into the bay.

The ladies do not urge this matter without understanding. They have made a systematic investigation into the method of disposing of garbage in various cities, and they have evidence which satisfies them that the cremation process is the best, particularly from a sanitary point of view. And this is a point of view from which the garbage question must soon be considered. It might be well for Commissioner Brennan to make the acquaintance of the Women's Health Protective association, with a view to the consideration of the garbage problem. These ladies have information which would be valuable to him in his business.—New York Advertiser.

Man wants but little here below, and as a general thing he's getting it.—Binghamton Leader.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

The Evangeline company is quartered at the Burnett.

Toledo lodge's team will work in the third rank to-night.

The Theatrical Mechanics have a very strong show for next Sunday evening.

Church attendance was not as large as usual yesterday, owing to the unfavorable weather.

Revival services continue at St. John's and Broadway M. E. churches every evening this week.

It is stated that Mr. Sam T. Fisk has stocked the Noteman patents, in Chicago, for $5,000,000.

The case of Miss Sarah Flowers against the Clover Leaf railroad has been submitted to the jury.

A lecture on Carindal Manning will be delivered by Rev. Father Burns at Delphos to-morrow night.

A consignment of electric cars for the Robisons is expected to be shipped from Philadelphia to-morrow.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians will have a parade on St. Patrick's Day, the various divisions uniting.

There will be work in the Past and Most Excellent Master's degrees by Fort Meigs chapter, R. A. M., to-morrow night.

The Grasser & Brand Brewing company sued Christian Ammon et al. in common pleas court to-day to recover $128 on a note.

Remember the Theatrical Mechanics' benefit, Sunday evening, Feb. 21. Prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents. No extra for reserve. Now on sale at Holmes'.

Thomas Sheon and James Stalls instituted proceedings in common pleas court to-day against Adam T. Christian et al. for a partition of real estate.

Hear the Silver Bell Quartette next Sunday evening at Wheeler opera house.

"The Use of Knowledge" was the subject of a paper read by Rev. Dr. Fish, at the meeting of the Toledo Preachers' union this morning. Rev. D. M. Fisk talks two weeks from to-day on "What Is the Work of God?"

Rev. Dr. Fish preached an excellent sermon at the asylum yesterday afternoon on "The Prodigal Son's Brother." The choir of St. John's church accompanied their pastor, and rendered three anthems in a fine manner.

While Jack Kerwin and one of his pupils were having a sparring match this morning, in a barn corner of Seventeenth and Adams streets, the boxing came near turning into earnest, and for a little time a real row seemed imminent.

A meeting of gentlemen interested in the celebration of St. Patrick's Day was called for Friendship hall yesterday afternoon, but owing to the slim attendance, business was not attempted. Sentiment of those present was against a parade.

Go and hear Cynthia Elise Rogers at Wheeler opera house, Sunday evening, Feb. 21.

City Solicitor Read returned from Chicago last evening and informed a Bee at noon to-day that he had left Dr. Lungren somewhat improved, but that he is in very bad condition and sinking slowly. Mr. Read was of the opinion that the doctor would not recover.

Another of the Whitney & Tracy cases was dismissed without prejudice in common pleas court this morning. It was the case of Henry W. Sage, et al., against Benjamin H. Whitney, Frank E. Tracy and Doria Tracy, an action to recover $5,438.12 on an account.

Coroner Beckwith this morning held an inquest on the death of John and Bridget Malloy, the victims of the tragedy mentioned in Saturday's Bee, but nothing new of importance was discovered. The funeral was also held this morning, officiated over by Rev. Father Hannin.

W. R. Hathaway, an old and respected resident of Toledo, died yesterday at his home on locust street. He has been critically ill for several months. The deceased was the father of Mrs. J. W. St. John. The family has the sympathy of a large circle of friends in the bereavement which has befallen them.

Telegrams to Messrs. Court and Beatty announce the death of Mr. James S. Beans at Steubenville. "Jim," as he was familiarly known, was a past grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, serving during the year 1888. His funeral occurs to-morrow. Grand Chancellor Williams has invited the grand officers to attend.

To-day will be the last official day of Deputy United States Marshal B. F. Wade in the office he has so ably filled for four years past. Mr. Wade was an appointee of ex-President Cleveland, but has served three of his four years under President Harrison acceptably and well. Mr. Wade gave an elaborate supper in a private dining room in The Hollenden to the deputies in his office and several newspaper men. It was an especially enjoyable affair.—Cleveland Plain Dealer, 13th.

FORSYTH RELIEF CORPS.

Members are requested to meet at Mrs. Irving's, 1025 Grand avenue, Tuesday, February 16, promptly at 1:30 p. m., to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ruth Sibley, from the residence of Mr. L. K. Parks.

By order of
ELIZABETH MANSFIELD IRVING, President.
AMELIA BALDWIN, Secretary.

THE TOLEDO BRIDGE COMPANY

Notifies the Smith Bridge Company the Option Will Be Accepted.

The directors of the Toledo Bridge company have notified the management of the Smith Bridge company that the option on the plant would be accepted and that the new organization would take possession March 1. The new management consists chiefly of ex-Smith Bridge company employes.

Messrs. Huston and Smith traveled for the company for over five years. Mr. Zwilling has been foreman of the Smith shops for over fifteen years. The present engineer's force will be retained, with the addition of Mr. Doerr as chief engineer. The plant invoices at $83,000. The officials of the new organization are all experienced in this line and will make business hum from the start.

A STORY OF GREAT HEROISM.

I recall to mind a story of an officer in the Emperor's army who were besieging a fortress. Their number was small, and a relieving army was coming up. It was of immense moment that they should know how long the fortress could hold out. If it must capitulate for want of supplies within a week they could stay and win the campaign for the Emperor. A young Japanese nobleman volunteered to go into the fortress and ascertain how long they could hold out. He disguised himself, and in passing learned that they had food and water for only two days more.

As he was going out with this precious information he was detected and the enemy said to him: "We are going to crucify you, but we will let you off on one condition—that you go to the wall and tell your people that we have supplies for a week." He said: "Very well," and went to the wall. His wife and children in the besiegers' camp saw him, his friends were there also, and he held up both his hands and said to them: "There are supplies for but two days. Continue the siege and you will take the place." He died by a hundred spear points, but he had done his duty to his general.—Sir Edwin Arnold.

MISPRONUNCIATION.

Pronunciation of the letter u generally indicates whether articulation has been made the subject of study. No amount of study will secure a rigid classifying of words in which it ought to be sounded like oo in mood or like itself in but or like ou in you.

"Accent" strictly means only stress of voice applied with more force to the vowel in one syllable than to the vowel in another in the same word; poularly it applies to all traits of enunciation. Thus the Kentucky accent is most noticeable in words containing the consonant r. Kentucky accent says Parse for paris; a certain accent in London calls it Pryrs and another Payriss. Kentucky says Noo Yok. London says Nyou Yawk. Bad Chicago accent says Pars for the French capital; "places" the u of flute and the double oo of school in the right side of the nose and gives them out with equal flatness.

When Mary Anderson first appeared on the stage her "accent" was ludicrous; it was nasal; her u's were oo's and her r's were dropped or held in the nose. Her tone was so wanting in dignity or music that she created laughter when she appealed to tears. It required long and patient teaching to eliminate the faults of her articulation, but before she quitted the boards she spoke a fairly correct English.—Chicago Herald.

WONDERFUL AMERICAN DESERT

Fifty years since the cartographers had no difficulty in designating the western portion of the area of the United States, or that of the more northern territory of Mexico. They wrote across the maps they made, in block, and in black letters, "The Great American Desert." Even 30 yeas ago the proportions assigned by this title were great enough to make those who studied our maps believe that one-fifth, at least, of the United States was for any purpose entirely irreclaimable and worthless. Upon modern maps, however, the title "American Desert" is confined to a comparatively small area in Utah, lying west of Salt Lake. The story of exploration and pioneering which has brought about this change in map-making is one that holds within its limits much of the romance of the modern world. It would fill portly volumes to tell it with due sequence and proportion. It is no part of this paper to enter into that romance, or present the poetry of its struggle with savage nature, animated by the aspirations which has made a score of commonwealths out of a region given over by explorers and scientists to the sage brush, the horned toad and rattlesnake, the beaver and bear, the buffalo and mountain sheep, and the almost as wild—in their estimation, at least—whilom hunters and trappers of the region.

West of the 100th meridian of longitude from Greenwich, two-fifths of the United States may be found. Of this vast area, over 125,000,000 acres are estimated to be reclaimable by waters that may be obtained or are in sight; of the remainder, 100,000,000 more are arable in character, but it is doubtful if sufficient water can be stored or conserved to bring them under the domain of the agriculturist. The pastoral ranges are estimated at 350,000,000 acres, and the forest region proper at 150,000,000 acres more. The area of irreclaimable desert is now estimated at 75,000,000 acres; but even this sum is subject to a serious revision. It is not all without large utilitarian aspects. Salt, sulphur, borax and other mineral products are already being worked; and it is yet possible that a very considerable area, taking the whole into consideration, of these alleged deserts map be reclaimed and made fruitful. The utilitarian aspect does not, however, concern me so much in this article. A lifetime traveler, a close observer and a constant student, I do not hesitate to say that of similar areas of which I have seen or read of, the desert regions of Western America are among the most picturesque in beauty of scenery, even sublimity of aspect; and with all the drawbacks that aridity brings in its train, they are also among the most delightful in climate.—Leslie's for February.

SAVED A TOWN WITH LAUGHTER.

It was in 1868, after a battle, and the streets of Madrid were filled with angry crowds bent on destroying everything and everybody. Suddenly an unknown man, tall and dark and strong, appeared at the city hall. "Give me a band of musicians," he said, "and before nightfall I shall control all Madrid." He must have been a man of rare personality to have been able to persuade the authorities at all in that dark hour to give him anything of the kind, but he did. Going out with the musicians he wandered through the town. While they played he sang—folk-songs or some national air. When these bored the people he mounted old boxes and told funny stories, and by and by the people forgot to be angry, followed their new leader wherever he went, laughing over his stories and songs. By nightfall peace reigned in the city and the mob broke up and went home to bed. The man's name was Felipe Ducazel and he was only 22 years old when he did this clever thing. We hear a great deal about heroic things in saving countries by long and terrible rides at night, or by the sacrifice of one's self by dying in somebody's stead, but few of us remember before of any one who saved a town by laughter.

HE HAD AN OBJECT IN LIFE.

He was born of poor, but otherwise unobjectionable parents, who impressed upon his mind while it was yet in a plastic and doughy state the importance of having an object in life.

He was a studious boy. He began wearing spectacles at an early age, and never wasted any of the precious hours in playing bull pen, mumble peg, shinny or any of the rude games that thoughtless boys delight in, and his teacher at school was accustomed to point him out to the other children as a model.

In consequence of which the other children all hated him, and said he was a molly-coddle, and a sweet little gosling with a glass eye.

But he was a truly good boy. He did not mind what they said. He smiled at them with a gentle, winning smile, and went on being good. He did not chew gum, and refused to associate with boys who chewed tobacco on the sly or played hookey.

As he grew to manhood, he cast about him for an object in life.

He found one.

Henceforth he devoted his energies to that one object. He kept it steadily before him.

It was not riches he sought. The pursuit of wealth for its own sake was degrading in his eyes, and whatever of worldly prosperity came to him was made subservient to his one great object in life.

He pursued not the elusive phantom of fame. The filthy cesspool of politics had no charms for him, and the empty honors that await the man who enters the army or navy did not tempt him.

Neither did he waste his powers in the futile search for perpetual motion.

The ephemeral joys of the actor, the professional ball-player or billiard expert availed naught as enticements to lead him from the path he had marked out for himself.

Step by step as the years rolled away he drew nearer and nearer to the goal of his ambition, and his heart swelled with proud satisfaction.

And he died at the age of 63, leaving to posterity, as the result of a life devoted to the pursuit of one great object, a collection of 337,469 cancelled postage stamps.—Chicago Tribune.

THE CROSS MAN.

The cross man goes thru life like a sore headed dog, followed by flies.

He iz az sour az a fat pickle, and like a skein of silk, iz alwuz reddy for a snarl.

He iz like an old hornet—mad all the way through, but about what, he kan't tell tew save hiz life.

Everyboddy at home fears him, and everyboddy in the street despizes him.

He mistakes sulleness for bravery; and bekause he feels savage, everybody else must feel humble.

Thare iz no grater coward in the world than the cross man, nor none eazyer tew kure.

He iz eazyer tew kure than the stummuk ake, for one good knok down will do so.—New York Ledger.

THE BIRD OF WISDOM.

The owl took his hat and his gloves one night,
His sweetheart for to see;
When his daddy asked him where he went,
"On a definite object I'm intent,
"To wit, to woo," said he;
"To wit, to wit, to woo!"

But he scarce had stepped outside the door,
When he could not fail to see
That the sky with clouds was all o'ercast,
The rain was falling hard and fast.
"Too wet to woo," said he;
"Too wet, too wet, to woo!"
—Harvard Lampoon.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

PROFIT SACRIFICED!

For the remaining two weeks of this month, in order to make room for Spring Goods already pouring in on us. The purchasing power of your dollar increased beyond your remotest conception.

Linens and Cotton Goods.		Gloves, Laces, Etc, Etc.		Underwear and Hosiery.	
Brown Twilled Towling regular selling price 5c,	For 3 3-4c.	Black Saxony Mitts regular selling price 25c,	For 10c.	Gent's Merino Underwear regular selling price 50c,	For 29c
All Linen Crash Towelling regular selling price 7 1-2c.	For 5c.	Black Silk Escurial Trimming. Former selling price 50c,	For 12 1-2c	Gent's Heavy Ribbed Mixed Merino underwear, regular selling price 50c,	For 35c
Turkey Red and all Linen cream table demask regular price 25c,	For 19c.	Black Beaded Gimp regular price 17 1-2c,	For 12 1-2c	Ladies Jersey Ribbed Natural mixed underwear, regular selling price 50c,	For 39c
French Dress Ginghams, new styles.	For 12 1-2c	Wide Hamburg Embroideries regular price 25c,	For 15c.	Childrens Heavy Ribbed fast black seamless cotton hose, regular selling price 20c,	For 12 1-2c
		Lot of Wide Torchon Lace worth 15c to 20c,	For 12 1-2c		

R. L. McELROY, 209 & 211 SUMMIT STREET.

Ohio Yacht Club Concert — Secure your seats at Whitney & Currier's. Wheeler opera house, Wednesday evening, 17 h.

The smallest Pill in the World:

Tutt's Tiny Pills

To purge the bowels does not make them regular; it leaves them in worse condition than before. The liver is the seat of trouble and the remedy must act on it. Tutt's Tiny Liver Pills act directly on that organ, causing a free flow of bile, without which the bowels are always constipated. Price, 25c.

USE TUTT'S HAIR DYE;

a perfect imitation of nature; impossible to detect it. Price, $1 per box. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, New York.

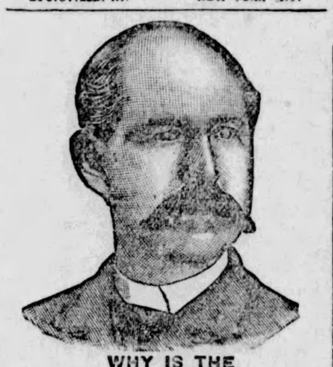
SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.



WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5. 00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4. 00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $8.00.

$3. 50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2. 50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2. 25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

Ladies' 2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola, stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

S. W. Nettleton, 221 Summit street.
L. Neander, No. 1211 Cherry street.
F. Spathelf, No. 411 Nebraska avenue.
F. B. Masters, No. 608 S. St. Clair street.
R. G. Dawkins, East Side.

CARPETS.

Never was the advancement of ideas and the harmonious blending of new shades more definitely shown than in the novelties in carpets which we are exhibiting. There is not a color, a shade, not even a tint, which we cannot show you, and where formerly you were confined to the higher priced goods if wanting anything stylish, you can now suit yourself AT ANY PRICE. In our line of Ingrains, the judicious blending of terra cotta, electric blue, salmon, drab, brown and the new shades of green has achieved results which cannot fail to please lovers of pretty carpets. The prices as low as ever, and one can find most anything you wish in colors and designs.

Sterling & Co.

This Is Your Last Chance!

OUR GREAT

REDUCTION SALE!

CLOSES THIS WEEK.

WE STILL HAVE SOME VERY DESIRABLE GOODS TO OFFER AT A GREAT BARGAIN. DO NOT FAIL TO AVAIL YOURSELF OF THIS GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

245 SUMMIT **M. JUDD'S** 245 SUMMIT

THE JEWELER.

PEOPLE'S TO-NIGHT — 8:0 25 CENT RESERVED SEATS. RICE'S BEAUTIFUL EXTRAVAGANZA. RICE'S BEAUTIFUL EVANGELINE! EVANGELINE 40—PEOPLE—40 EVANGELINE

Splendid Company, Brilliant Costumes, Charming Music, Army of Amazons, Magnificent Scenes. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Next week, "Fairies' Well."

Wheeler Opera House!

MONDAY EVENING, FEB 15, One Performance Only.

MR. A. M. PALMER'S COMPANY

Presenting the Greatest Dramatic Triumph of the Age,

"ALABAMA,"

A story of the Sunny South, written by AUGUSTUS THOMAS.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Sale open at Homes' Feb. 19 and 20, "Blue Jeans." Sale opens Tuesday.

Harmonic Society Concert

—AT—

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday Evening, Feb. 17.

CHORUS 100 SELECT VOICES

ASSISTED BY

MAUDE POWELL, Violinist

MISS ELIZABETH DOOLITTLE, Soprano.
THE WHITING MALE QUARTETTE.
THE AMPHION LADIES' QUARTETTE.

MR. AMOS WHITING.....Conductor.
MISS C. L. WHITING.....Pianist.

Seats, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Reserved sale opens 9 o'clock Monday, 15th inst. at Whitney & Currier's.

LECTURE!

—BY—

PROF. JOHN FISKE,

—OF—

HARVARD UNIVERSITY,

America's greatest living historian, at

MEMORIAL HALL,

Monday Evening, February 22.

DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

BOYNTON'S FURNACES

WITH LATEST PATENT IMPROVEMENTS ARE MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Boynton Furnace Co.

N. A. Boynton, Pres't. 207 & 209 WATER ST., N. Y.

Be careful to specify Goods manufactured by THE BOYNTON FURNACE CO. to secure the genuine. Beware of misrepresentations by competitors.

WORTSMITH & MARQUARDT, Successors to Showell & Co.

SOLE AGENTS, TOLEDO, OHIO.

WEAK MEN CURED.

NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE. NO STOMACH DRUGGING.

Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

PILES INSTANT RELIEF. Final cure in 10 days, and never return. No purpose, no suppository. Sufferer will learn of a simple remedy free by addressing TUTTLE & CO., 18 Reade St., N. Y. City.

DIED.

STANFORD—Sunday, Feb. 14, 1892, Edward Stanford, aged 31 years, at the residence of John Gorman, 545 Wisconsin street.

Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—THIRD FLOOR OVER THE transfer station of the Toledo Electric Street Railway Company, corner Summit and Adams. Apply to D. Robison, Jr., & Sons. 15feb-tf

FOR SALE—STOCK GROCERIES; THE best opening in the city; stock select and fresh. Address F. 106, care Bee. 15feb6p

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG lady of 18 years, to do writing at home or in an office; can come well recommended. Address O. C., 712 Madison street, city. 45

WANTED—SITUATION BY COMPETENT young lady to do writing at home or in office; can write both German and English. Address F. 105, Bee office. 45

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL TO do housework; must be neat and a good cook. Call at No. 2108 Collingwood avenue. 15feb3

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN HOUSEwork. Inquire 809 Madison street. 45

WANTED—DRUGGIST, ONE THAT IS registered in Pennsylvania. Call at 237 Summit street. O. H. Taft. 45

LOST—GOLD RING WITH INITIAL T. on St. Clair street near Knapp. Finder will please leave at Fischer's Music Store, 229 Summit street, and receive reward. 15feb3p

FOR SALE—ST. BERNARD PUPPIES six weeks old, sired by Mr. Poag's Beau Sire weighing 180 pounds; out of mill weighing 135 pounds; full pedigree and can be registered; can be seen at 315 Mulberry street, near Summit street. P. B. Boudrie. 15feb6p

CLAIRVOYANT—PROF. MORRIS TELLS the future life, gives advice in business, manages divorces and all family affairs, at 26 Michigan street, between Monroe and Washington. 15feb6p

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR A STOCK of boots and shoes, 160 acres of all smooth land three miles from county seat, Thomas county, Kansas. Address S. A. Brown, Deshler, Ohio. 15feb6p

WANTED—SOMEONE TO TAKE THE agency for a household article entirely new that retails for 15 cents; pays 100 per cent. profit and will positively sell to every family. Enclose stamp. Robert S. West, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GIRL FOR general housework at 537 Lincoln ave. 45

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2228 Robinwood avenue. Mrs. T. A. Taylor. 45

DR. ALLEN, THE GREAT RENOWNED clairvoyant and magnetic healer, tells your future, gives advice on business, divorce, and all troubles; unites the separated, causes speedy marriage with whom you desire, removes evil influences, gives good luck and cures all manner of diseases. All are invited to call and consult him at 331 Erie street, between Madison and Adams. 15feb3p

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Flavel Grant, late of Lucas county, Ohio

CURRENT TOPICS.

That surely is a remarkable record which the Springfield Republican presents relative to Senator Dawes. It states that up to the time of his recent attack of the grip he had been absent from his seat in the house and senate by reason of sickness but two days during the whole time that he has been at Washington. This, it will be remembered, covers a period of nearly 35 years. It is doubtful if any other public man can make such a showing of good health and constant attendance upon his public duties.

Atlanta probably has the most enterprising reporter in the country. During the recent reception to ex-President Cleveland in that city, despite protestations, the latter was induced to make a short speech. In the rush and crowd there were no facilities for the reporters to take notes, so this young man coolly stepped up behind the ex-president and used his broad back as a writing table. He evidently knew that Grover was "misquoted" by reporters, and he was bound to have that speech at first hand. But there is a brilliant future before that young man.

Recent statistical publications notice that out of 32,512 boys enrolled in the schools of Hamburg, 3,546 were engaged in occupations outside of their homes after school-hours for upwards to six hours a day, while 647 were busy in some occupation at home from one to eleven hours. Out of 32,310 girls, 1,515 were engaged outside of their home up to six hours, and 500 at home up to five hours. These are frightful facts, and give evidence of much poverty and misery. Think of a boy who works for wages eleven hours and attends school six hours. That leaves him seven hours for recreation and sleep, day after day.

The Japanese are planning to go into railway construction in a way that would suggest the Granger days of our own west. A bill has been introduced into the parliament for the building of new lines, the purchase of private ones and for the raising of railway bonds. Should the plan be carried out Japan will have one of the most complete railroad systems in the world. All the important cities throughout the empire will be connected by main lines, while there will be branch roads to the lesser towns along the coast and in the interior. Should the lines fail to prove a financial success, the government can comfort itself with the thought that they are strategically important in case of war.

Ma Ja Lung, the commander-in-chief of the imperial forces in Yunnan, died the other day, and it was at once proposed to erect a public memorial to him. The emperor readily gave his permission, the court poet was told to prepare an epic on Ma's exploits, and a temple was ordered in his honor. But the sainted commander-in-chief was by no means a favorite with all his constituents. The result was that some of them got up a petition stating that Ma was, in reality, a self-seeker, and that those who would canonize him were either his immediate adherents or a "lot of small traders." The emperor, when confronted with this new petition, showed no false pride. He did not say his first decision was wrong or that he believed any of the aspersions upon the character of the departed Ma. He simply ordered the erection of the temple to be stopped, on the ground that such a high distinction should be granted only in cases where the popular feeling was unanimous in favor of it. Such a principle is an eminently wise one in the distribution of posthumous honors.

The Duke of Marlborough has been writing of America in the New Review. The points which impressed him most were the wealth and ease and luxury. He thinks that a solid aristocracy is being built up by the system of dividing a fortune equally between all the children of a family and by the intermarriages among the wealthy class. The English aristocracy, on the other hand, he believes must soon die because so many members of noble families are improverished while the title remains, so that the peerage must eventually become ridiculous. He says that in America there are no lazy people, and no sports or relaxation, no way to spend money. Endless flowers are an American's only real extravagance. He refers to the lots of newspapers and says: "Life is hard in America for all the working classes. They have no time for politics, little too for religion, and what leisure they enjoy they are wont to spend in reading the Sunday editions of the American press, which amount to forty of fifty pages often of close print, and offer the prospect of a harder day's work for the Sunday to wade through, than any working day in the week."

H. G. Prout, commenting on railroad accidents in 1891, says in the North American Review: "The number of passenger trains involved in accidents during the year was not far from $50 or 900, but the number of accidents was, of course, somewhat less, as there were a good many collisions involving two passenger trains. But those thirty-six accidents are characteristic. The first great fact that appears is that twenty-two of them might have been prevented had employes obeyed orders. They were not called to exercise wit or judgment in alarming emergencies, but simply to obey orders. Space and time are lacking to discuss the measures that operating officers take to maintain discipline and the difficulties that they encounter. It is enough to say that this is the most troublesome part of their duties, and that the unions instead of helping have made matters worse.

"We may hope that this is a passing phase of trades unionism, and that as the men learn more of their proper relations to the rest of the world, they will discover that it is for their own interest to weed out the insubordinate, the inefficient and the drunken. The next striking fact is that nineteen of these accidents would probably have been saved by block signals and interlocked switches and signals. I would not say unqualifiedly that every one of the roads on which these accidents happened should at once equip its tracks with block signals and interlock all its switches. There are reasonable limits within which they must work; but it may be said without qualification that it is poor railroad economy to operate a road having a heavy and fast track without block signals and interlocking for the protection of siwtches.

"It can be proved by the statistics of cost of accidents that a judiciously planned block system pays in money, and generally on a crowded road it actually facilitates the movement of trains."

Absolutely the Best.

It is richest in pure cream of tartar;
It is strongest in wholesome leavening power;
It has the best keeping qualities and is the most economical;
It contains no alum, ammonia or other deleterious substance;
All the ingredients used are published on the label.

Cleveland's
Superior
Baking Powder

ONLY NINETY-NINE YEARS

Street Car Railroad Companies Want to Know, You Know,

If They Cannot Have a Franchise for That Time.

Toledo Indorses a Bill to be Introduced Into the Legislature with the Above End in View.

They don't want much. Do they?

The street car companies of Ohio have united in preparing a one-sided bill to be introduced in the legislature that will not only, if passed, give them the earth, but will provide the means to build the proverbial fence around it. Not long ago a gentleman came from Cleveland and expounded the contents of the proposed bill to the officials of the Toledo street railway companies who were pleased with the song it sang. The tune, the time, the charming arrangement, the timely crescendos, the charming allegrettos all united in making pleasing harmony for the officials' ears, and, both the local companies acquiesced in its contents and promised their support in the matter of its passage when it came up.

Mr. Jim Robison was seen by a Bee this morning. He said he knew of the bill, but didn't care to talk about it. He advised the reporter to see Mr. Lang, but that gentleman was not to be found.

The bill will provide that hereafter the street railroad people shall not be required to pave streets or in any way improve the same except as necessary for the operation of their cars. In return for the extended grant and from the immunity from street improvements, the owners are to be bound to turn over a portion of their gross receipts to the general fund of the municipality in which they operate. How large this portion is to be cannot be stated, if, indeed, the proponents of the bill have agreed about it themselves.

The arguments that will be advanced by the railroads in support of the bill are, in substance, as follows:

1. Under the present arrangement the property owner along the line of a street railroad has his property enhanced in value by pavements and pavement repairs furnished by the companies from funds collected in fares from the entire public. This, it is claimed, is a burden on all, including the street railroad corporation, for the benefit of the few who happen to live on the line.

2. The railroaders claim that New York and Pennsylvania, and some other states, issue 99-year franchises, and that when the Cleveland railroaders go to the money centers to sell their bonds, they find themselves unable to sell to advantage, because the long bonds have a preference over their own. For this reason they claim that they cannot furnish the public with as good accommodations as they could put out if they had longer franchises.

The street railroads will promise to convince the legislature that they are right, and they intend to make a great push for their bill.

THOUGHT THERE WAS A FIRE

A Car-Load of Passengers on Monroe Street Fooled

By the Aurorial Display Saturday Evening—The Display Probably Due to the Big Sun Spot.

"There's a whopping big fire out there," said a conductor on a Monroe street car Saturday evening.

A Bee looked in the direction indicated, and sure enough the whole northern sky was illuminated by a deep red glow as is sometimes seen in the vicinity of a great forest fire. At times the glow leaped to the zenith and took in fully 90 degrees of the horizon. Then it sank only to leap up again a minute later. It shimmered and waved unceasingly, changing from lurid red, as if dimmed by smoke, to the more dazzling crimson.

"We'll see it," said the conductor, "because its out on Monroe street; looks as if might be the wagon works." Then he ran up front to the driver and told him to hustle out there as fast as he could. By this time the passengers were all interested. They thought the whole of Auburndale was ablaze. The car kept going on, but drew no nearer to the glow. It was like chasing a rainbow for the proverbial pot of gold. At last the admiring audience that had crowded upon the front platform to gain a better view decided that some town to the north was burning up. Conjectures were numerous and continued until a man in the corner said:

"Fellers, we're a lot of blamed fools; we've been looking at the northern lights," and so they had. It was the grandest display that has been seen in these parts for years. It was visible pretty much all over, too. In New York the whole fire department was fooled, but they couldn't find the fire in the city, so they concluded that New Jersey was burning up.

Without a doubt the display Saturday evening was caused by the presence of the big spot and the unusual activity on the surface of the sun. It is true that a remarkable association appears to exist between disturbances of the earth's magnetism, appearance of the aurora borealis, and the occurrence of spots on the sun. It has been observed that the solar spots increase and and diminish in a period of 11 years; and that this period corresponds exactly with the magnetic disturbances. A great solar outburst that occurred in 1859 was accompanied by disturbances on the earth and the same day remarkable auroras occurred in both hemispheres. Telegraphic communication was interrupted on all the principal lines, operators at Philadelphia received sharp electric shocks, and the pen used in Bain's system was followed by a flame. The big spot is still on the sun, and scientific men will have an opportunity to make observations that will throw some light on a matter that has been vexing them for a long time.

CLUBS AND SOCIETIES.

Talk of Holding a Social Purity Congress

In Toledo—Announcements Showing This Is One of the Busy Weeks Among the Bright Clubs of the City.

Woodbridge W. C. T. U. will hold a parlor meeting at the residence of Mrs. A. J. Boyce, 1120 Superior street, tomorrow afternoon, beginning at 2:30.

The February meeting of the Isabella Reading circle will be held to-morrow afternoon beginning at 4 o'clock, with Mrs. H. C. Cotter, 538 Western avenue, three doors from Broadway. The paper of the afternoon will be read by Miss Helen Nolen; subject, "Pre-Columbian Discoveries. The president of the circle, Mrs. Rosa L. Segur, will have some interesting correspondence to submit from the Chicago headquarters of the Isabella association. Ladies attending the meeting, and all interested are invited, will find it convenient to take the Broadway cars.

At the meeting of the New Century club to-morrow evening, with Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Scott, Hotel Madison, the club will again be entertained by a paper upon the travels of one of its members, Mr. Scott giving the paper on "Paris and Other Cities."

The February meeting of the Ramabai circle will be held on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Louise Eck, 1212 Madison street.

The Toledo Society of Economic Inquiry, at its meeting on Wednesday evening next, will have an informal discussion upon (a) the advisibility of election of senators and president by the people; (b) the abolishment of the office of vice president of the United States; (c) the abolishment of nominating conventions and the substitution of nominating elections—all as Outlined in Gov. Ashley's proposed amendment to the constitution of the United States. All men and women interested in reform cordially invited to attend and to take part in the discussion.

By invitation of Mrs. R. L. Segur, the meeting of the Political Equality club on Saturday afternoon next will be held at her residence, 916 Broadway.

A movement is on foot among the women reform societies of this city to hold a Social Purity congress in this city in the near future. Committees from a number of these organizations are in session this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Vincent Hamilton, 437 Huron street. It is hoped to arrange for a session of one day and two evenings; to have a number of papers upon various phases of social reform, and to have at least one speaker from abroad. Rev. Jeannette Olmstead has inaugurated the movement.

The ladies of Forsyth Relief corps will assemble at Mrs. Elizabeth Mansfield Irving's to-morrow afternoon to attend in a body the funeral of Mrs. Ruth Sibley. The funeral will be from the residence of Mr. L. K. Parks, 907 Grand avenue.

ROW AMONG PAVERS.

Claflin Paving Company Seek to Restrain

John R. Miller From Collecting Moneys and Disposing of the Same.

In common pleas court to-day the Claflin Paving company filed action against John R. Miller, as partner of the firm of the Claflin Paving company & Miller for an injunction.

The petition alleges that the partnership existing between the Claflin Paving company and John R. Miller has been dissolved, and that he refuses to settle or turn over the accounts of the firm in his possession.

The petition asks that he be restrained from disposing of any of the assets of the firm in his possession, and that the Northern National bank be restrained from paying out any money on deposit to the credit of the firm.

A receiver is prayed for to take possession of the accounts and settle up the business.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

Eleven inches of snow at Traverse city.

The original plat of Kalamazoo has mysteriously disappeared.

Edward F. H. Pearson has been appointed postmaster of Pontiac.

Citizens who throw ashes in the streets of Muskegon will be arrested.

Marquette, theater goers are being entertained in a new $100,000 opera house.

The Michigan Retail Lumber Dealers association will meet at Adrian, 17 and 18.

The state board of health will hold a sanitary convention at Holland, March 3 and 4.

Over 825 barrels of flour have been sent from the state to Russian famine sufferers.

J. H. Dillon, general merchant at Minden, Sanilac county, has assigned. Liabilities $10,000.

Miss May White, the young school teacher at Jackson who has slept 300 days, is improving.

The Ames M. E. church at Grand Rapids burned the last mortgage of the church's indebtedness.

Milton Gipp, mentally deranged, shot Jacob Reuther, head machinist, at the Heda mine, at Calumet.

J. R. McLaughlin and Edmund J. Owen bought 60 acres of land on Woodward avenue, Detroit, for which they paid $185,000.

Judge Burlingham of the superior court at Grand Rapids sentenced John Abbott, married, to prison for 30 years for criminally assaulting a girl aged 13 years.

Little Jimmy Manning, of Ionia, while his parents were away from home, had a 4th of July celebration by throwing sulphur on the stove. His clothing caught fire and now Jimmy is under the doctor's care.

AN INGENIOUS CIPHER.

How the Friends of a French Thief Got Themselves Into Jail.

Several years ago the friends of a Parisian thief adopted a decidedly unique method of carrying on a clandestine correspondence with him while he was awaiting trial, says an exchange. One day the jailor was visited by the prisoner's betrothed, who asked him to give her lover an envelope. This upon being opened was found to contain simply a small leaf of a book. The jailor did not consider it worth his while to deliver this souvenir to the culprit, and therefore threw it aside.

A day or two later a similar inclosure was handed in at the prison gate and shared the fate of the predecessor. In the course of a week another was left by the same person. This aroused the suspicion of the governor of the prison, to whom had been detailed the circumstances. He determined to investigate the meaning, and accordingly first examined the printed leaf. This he found was torn from a novel, and contained 26 lines on each side. He then turned his attention to the hair, and discovered that there were 26 pieces of unequal length.

This puzzled him for awhile, and then, suddenly jumping to the conclusion that there must be some connection between the numbers of the printed lines and the number of hairs, he laid each of the latter along the line of the page they respectively reached, beginning with the shortest hair at the top of the leaf.

After changing them about several times he discovered that each hair pointed to a different letter, and the combination thus produced formed a slang sentence, by means of which the prisoner was given to understand that his friends had ascertained the day on which he was to be taken to court and were determined to make a bold attempt to rescue him as soon as he made his appearance.

Taking the cue, the governer adopted every precaution to frustrate the well laid plans of the outsiders; the attempt was made, and as a natural consequence the conspirators soon found themselves in the same condition as the one for whm they had planned the rescue.—Chicago News.

CHILDREN TEASE FOR IT.

Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure relieves coughs, colds and croup at once. It is pleasant to take; children like it. No opium. No nausea. 50 cents.

A SERIOUS DIFFICULTY.

There are many, many things in this life which a man or woman finds hard to get on with comfortably, but they all pale into insignificance, as a rule, when compared to the task of keeping on good terms with one's self. A majority of the fights in this life are with one's self because most of the disappointments, a large proportion of the annoyance and ever so many of the slaps in the face come from ourselves. About the only exceptions to this rule are caused by good stomachs and livers; therefore, if you court content, peace and smooth sailing, be good to those organs.—New York Advertiser.

Brown's Teething Cordial is warranted, and is never returned as worthless.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles

Wheat about a cent up this morning. Cables were firm to strong and some private ones reported damage to wheat in France. Foreigners were liberal buyers, especially Antwerp, which accepted all cable refusals. New York was a heavy buyer in Chicago, while Partridge kept up his selling. Cash wheat sales at 94 1-4@96c, Lake Shore, at close; February sale unruly at 94 1-4, but worth same as cash at close; May opened at 96 3-8c and sold steadily up to 97 1-2c at close; July nominal; No. 3 soft, sale unruly, at 92c, and No. 4 at 85 1-2c; No. 1 rejected, sale at 85c.

Corn steady and dull at unchanged prices. Sales include No. 2 at 41 1-2 and No. 3 at 40 1-2c; May sale at 42 1-2c.

Oats neglected. We quote No. 2 at 32 1-2c, and No. 2 white about 34c.

Rye strong; sale of No. 3 at 83 1-2c, and 86c bid for No. 2.

Clover quiet; offerings light and market steady for cash; March offered at $5 65. After Change, March sold at $5 62 1-2@5 65.

Dressed Hogs—$6 00.

Bran—$17 00.

Middlings—$15 50.

New York closed 2 1-2c higher on February and 1 5-8c upon May; cash corn, 5-8c lower, and May 1-4c down. February oats steady and May 1-8c lower.

Chicago closes 1 3-8c up on May wheat, steady on May corn, 1-8c down on May oats and 2 1-2c up on May rye.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 10@11c per lb; old, 9@10c per lb; ducks, spring, 11c per lb; geese, 9@10c per lb.

Provisions—Pork, mess, $12 00 per bbl; short, $12 50; clear, $14 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 11c; 15 lbs, average, 11 1-2c; 12 lbs and under, 12c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 10c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 10c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Market was very strong.

Butter—Gathered creams, 25c; fancy, Ohio creamery, 26@28c; fancy northwestern creamery, 26@28c; fancy dairy, 20@21c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound; butter in active demand.

Calves—Choice strong, 7@7 1-2c; medium, 6c per pound.

Hogs—5 1-2@6c per lb., wanted.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4 3-4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c.

Vegetables—Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. Potatoes, 25@30c per bu; sweet potatoes, 90@1 00 per bu; cabbage, 4@5c per head; onions, 75@80c per bu; squash, $1 25@1 50 per doz; beets, 40c per bu; turnips, 25c per bu; new radishes, 30c per doz; new onions, 25c per doz; new cucumbers, $2 50 per doz; new tomatoes, 75c per peck; celery, 30@35c per doz.

Fruits—Oranges, Floridas, 2 00@2 50 per box; lemons, $4 00@4 50. Apples, Baldwins, $2 25@2 35; Greenings, $2 00@2 25; pine apples, $2 25@2 50 per doz.

Eggs—Quiet and firm at 25@26c per doz.

Hay—Choice timothy, $12 00@12 50; No. 2 do, $10 00@11 00; mixed, $9 00@10 00. Straw, $6 00@7 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $17 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $18 00; middlings, $20 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $6 00; spring family, $5 75@6 00; winter patent, $5 50; fancy, $5 25@5 50; winter family, $5 25@5 75; extra, $3 75@4 50; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 75 per bbl.

Salt—Michigan salt, 85c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; on track, 80c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 40@2 50; navy and medium, $1 75@1 85 per bu; western, $1 65@1 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 90@1 00 per gallon; manufactured, 65@75c; sugar, fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 24@28c.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5 1-4@6 1-2c per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 30@32c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 4@5c per lb; evaporated, 7@7 1-2c; peaches, 7 1-2@8 1-2c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per lb; Michigan full cream, 12 1-2@13c per lb; Young America, 9@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; twins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Salt Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $20 00@22 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@1850; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 00. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 25c per box.

Fresh and Frozen Fish—White, (upper lake), 8 1-2c; Lake Erie, 9c; No. 2 pickerel, 5c; herring, 3 1-2; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 8 1-2c.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6 1-2c; water white, 150 headlight, 8 5-8c; lard oil, 52@53c; linseed oil, 54@56c. Turpentine—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3 1-4c per lb; do screened, 3 1-4@3 1-2c; recleaned and hand-picked, 3 1-2@4 1-4c.

Hickory Nuts—75@90c per bu.

Groceries—Coffee, common, 17c; ordinary, 18@18 1-2c; low fair, 19@19 1-2c; fair, 20 3-4@21c; prime, 21 1-2c; choice, 21 3-4@22c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24 1-2c; Javas, 27@30c; Mochas, 27@30c; market strong. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 5 1-2c; powdered, 4 5-8c; granulated, 4 1-4c; confectioners' A, 4 3-16c; mould A, 4 1-2c; off A, 3 7-8@4c; extra C, 3 5-8@3 3-4c; yellow, 3 3-8@3 1-2c. Demand fairly active for all grades.

Dry Goods.

Prints—Allen's fancies, 5 1-4c; Allen's pinks, prints, 6c; Allen's robes, 6c; Allen's staples, 5c; American shirtings, 4c; American indigos, 5 1-2c; Arnold B indigos, 9 1-2c; Arnold C indigos, 8 1-2c; Arnold Gold Seal, 9 1-2c; Berlin solids, 5 1-4c; Charter Oak fancies, 4c; Cocheco fancies, 5 3-4c; Hartel fancies, 5c; Lodi fancies, 4c; Merrimack fancies, 5 3-4c; Merrimack pinks, 6c; Merrimack tartan reds, 6 1-2c; Merrimac ecrelounes, 11 1-4c; Pacific fancies, 5 1-2c; Pacific mournings, 5 1-2c; Simpson mournings, 5 1-2c; Simpson silver greys, 5 1-2c; Simpson zephyrs, 5 1-2c; Washington X oil reds, 8c; Martha Washington oil reds, 7c; Melrose oil reds, 5 1-2c; oil green, black and orange, 6 1-2c; Windsor fancies, 5 1-2c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag checks, 7c; Amoskeag teazel cloth, 10 1-2c; Amoskeag A F C 10 1-2c; Criterion cloth, 10 1-2c; Everett classics, 8 1-2c; Lancaster, 7c; Normandie, 8c; Renfrew dress, 8 1-2c; Renfrew novelties, 10 1-2c.

Cambrics—Kid cambrics, 3 3-4c; XXXX selisias, 11c; XXX selisias, 9 1-2c; XX selisias, 8c; Conestoga sateens, 6 3-4c; Victoria sateens, 7 1-4c.

Brown Sheetings—Great Fall's E, 6 3-4c; Piedmont, 6 1-2c; De Witt W W, 6c; North Star L L, 5 1-2c; Norwood XX, 5 3-4c; Lawrence L L, 5 1-4c; Indian Queen, 5c; Diamond R, 5 1-4c; Household L L, 5 1-4c; Windsor H, 4 3-4c; Henderson A, 5 1-2c; Henderson C, 4 1-2c; Elberon L L, 5 1-4c; Constitution, 4-4, 6 1-2c; Constitution 9-8, 7 1-2c; Lawrence 9-8, 6 3-4c; Dwight Star, 6 3-4c; Atlas O N B, 6 3-4c; Cambria, 6c; Good Value, 5 3-4c; New Market B, 5c; Great Falls N, 4 3-4c; Household G G, 5 1-4c; Niobe R, 5 1-2c; Grafton A, 4c; Burlington A, 4c; National, 3 1-4c; Wassuc, 3 3-4c; Tennis, 4c; Boston, 9-4, 18 1-2c; Boston 10-4, 20 1-2c; Columbian Tower sheeting, 6 1-4c.

Bleached Sheetings—Sunlight, 4c; Middlesex B B, 5c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6 1-2c; Golden Rod, 6 3-4c; Senator, 7c; Pennant, 7 1-4c; Fearless, 7c; Fearless, half bleached, 7c; Lawrence, 7c; Rosalind, 7 3-4c; Fauntleroy, 8c; Lonsdale, 8c; Fruit 4-4, 8 1-4c; Silver Queen, 8 1-2c; Ellerslie Cambric, 8 3-4c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 20c; Boston 10-4, 22 1-2c; Newmarket, 42-inch, 9 1-2c; Newmarket, 45-inch, 10 1-2c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8c; Coronet checks, 7 1-4c; Sibley, 7 3-4c; Alabama, 6 3-4c; Eagle, 6 1-4c; Southern, 5 1-4c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 11 1-2c; York, blue and brown, 12 1-2; Everett, blue and brown, 12c; Everett, 8-ounce, 15c; Arizona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12 1-2c; York fancies, 12 1-2c.

Tickings—Amoskeag A C A, 12 1-2c; Falls 32, 12 1-2c; White Horse B, 15c; White Horse 10, 6 1-2c; White Horse 30, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 15c; Lewiston 30, plaid, 11 1-2c; Lewiston 30, stripe, 11 1-4c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6 3-4c.

FIRE IN A CHURCH.

Wauseon, Feb. 15.—Fire broke out in the upper story of the M. E. church at 1 o'clock Sunday. The rostrum and attic was completely destroyed. The loss will reach $1,000. A defective flue was the cause.

Maude Powell at the Wheeler, Wed., 17th | The Finest Violinist in America. Reserved seats at Whitney & Currier's.

DADDY HAMMOND'S PRAYER.

Among the large number of servants owned by Major Fabian, rice planter on the Ashley river in South Carolina, was an old man, Hammond by name, a native African, who had been purchased by Major Fabian's father.

He had passed fifty years of his life on the Fabian plantations, and had been for many years a faithful follower of Jesus, and as faithful to "Massa and Missy" and to their children.

For several years, owing to his great age and feeble health, he had been tenderly cared for by the family and was exempted from all duties excepting the oversight of the poultry; and the old man spent many hours alone in his cabin, Bible in hand, slowly spelling over words that were very precious to his soul, or with that same Bible pressed to his heart in prayer.

During the winter, when the whole family was at Marshfield, it was the habit of Mrs. Fabian and her daughters to read to the old man, every day if possible, and it had become a privilege to do so. His simple yet intelligent faith in Christ and his familiarity with scripture were quite remarkable.

The venerable old man, with his snow-white hair and beard and his very black skin, made a striking picture as he sat in his cabin doorway in the mellow winter sunlight and listened to the reading of some passage of scripture, often stopping the reader with a comment so striking as to be treasured by Mrs. Fabian and her daughters and repeated to other members of the family.

There came a time when Chauncey, the youngest son of Major Fabian, lay ill with a malignant attack of the malarial fever, known so well and dreaded so much in the rice lands of Carolina. He was a young physician with a large plantation practice, and his attack had been brought on by spending a night on the plantation before frost. It had begun with a violent chill, followed by such a high fever as to cause delirium and to render it quite impossible for him to be removed to his father's home in Charleston.

On the day that Dr. Fabian had been taken ill, the plantation nurse, who was Hammond's daughter, had gone in great distress to tell the sad news.

"Mass' Chauncey g'ine die, Daddy, sho! Ee got de feber bad."

"Look ya, 'oman! who make you fur know w'at' de Almighty g'ine do? Ee know ee own min' and ee kfep ee own counsel. You l'em 'lone."

With this severe rebuke he silenced the woman's excitement, but as soon as she was gone he tottered up from his chair, and taking his now well-worn Bible in his hands, he knelt down clasping it to his heart.

From his dimmed eyes the tears coursed freely down his cheeks, and as he was wont, he prayed aloud for his "young massa."

Outside the door first one and then another of the servants stopped, for Viney had soon made known that "Daddy done know 'bout Mass' Chauncey an' ee g'ine pray sho'."

Ther was on the plantation, and, indeed, for miles around, an almost superstitious faith in Daddy Hammond's prayers. Many were the messengers sent to ask his prayers when sickness or trouble came, and great was the confidence in their efficacy.

So that those who gathered near began to take heart, and as he proceeded one and another began to nod significantly, and after the usual demonstrative manner of that people, to agree to some petition.

"Dat's so, Lo'd." "Amen, Massa!" "Bress de Lo'd!" "Do, Lo'd, year your poor nigger!" and other like expressions, all indicative of their loving and tender interest in the young master they prayed for.

Not long after Miss Fabian arrived. The old man came tottering up to the house, feebly climbing to the high front piazza and asking to see "Miss Lucy."

Miss Fabian came to the door with anxious face and tearful eyes, and after shaking hands with the old man she made him sit down.

"Would you like to go in and see Chauncey, Daddy Hammond? He will not know you, but you can see for yourself how ill he is, and oh, you must pray for him for he is very ill."

"I, missy! No use fur tell your old nigger dat! Ent ye been tellin' de Lo'd 'ready all 'bout dis matter? Ee don' need fur year frum wum ob dus' like me, to be sho', but all de same ee tell us fur to wrastle in prayer, an' I'se been a wrastlin' fur my boy's soul. I ain't ebber yet ast de Lo'd 'bout sabin ee life—I ain' got dat fur yet. De Lo'd kep' me a waitin' nigh on five year fur Mass' George an' you, an' now I done tell 'im I don' le'm go 'dout a blessin'."

Miss Fabian's eyes filled with tears and a pang of self-reproach pained her. She had thought of nothing but the life of her idolized brother. Old Hammond was truer to his best welfare than she had been. Her agonized cry, "Oh, God, spare our splendid boy; let him live to love us and to be loved," was far beneath the old negro's plea for his soul.

She led the way to the bedside of the sufferer. The old man stood leaning on his staff and holding his hat in his hand, and gazing with tears streaming from his eyes at the flushed and swollen face of the young master. Dr. Fabian was quite unconscious and moaning and tossing. Old Hammond uttered no sound, but his lips moved and no one doubted that again he was "wrastlin' wid de Lo'd."

After a few moments he turned slowly and silently away and returned to his cabin.

The next day he came again, only to hear the same sorrowful cry: "No better, no better!"

At last the crisis came. The doctor said that unless he roused from the terrible stupor he was in he must die.

It was a sultry afternoon and as the sun neared the horizon there seemed to be no air stirring. The long gray moss that draped the grand old oaks on the lawn scarcely stirred.

The clouds banked against the distant horizon of the eastern sky seemed lowering. Far away on the edge of the wood there sang a solitary mocking bird, but its tones were no longer cheery to the ears of the worn and anxious watchers.

There was within the house a death-like stillness, and Lucy Fabian, oppressed by it beyond endurance, rushed out, saying to herself:

"I must have air, or I, too, will die! I will go to Hammond and beg him to pray with me." Her whole soul was in rebellion at the thought of losing her brother, unprepared as he was for death.

As she drew near to the cabin, even her deep distress could not shut her eyes to the beauty and peace that lay like a spell over the scene.

The sun had just set. The soft afterglow, pale and yet mellow, softened every outline. Far away to the south above the marshes that bordered the Ashley river lay the haze that told of malaria and of death. The tops of several schooners could be seen above the belt of pines that lay between the higher ground upon which the mansion was built and the rice fields that bordered the river.

The long avenue that led from the public road up to the house was the glory and pride of Marshfield. The oaks, forty or fifty in number, spread their protecting branches above the road, forming a perfect arch, and the long gray moss hung from them almost to the ground. The hedges of Cherokee roses, on either side, were dense, and the dark, glossy foliage contrasted well with the softened tints of the live oaks.

On the lawn there were giant oaks, several of them measuring eight or ten feet in circumference. Near old Hammond's cabin was a very old cedar under which he often sat, but he was not there this evening. The door of the cabin was half open, and hearing his voice Lucy Fabian paused, thinking he had some visitor, but his tone arrested her attention, and she drew near softly and stood listening.

The old man was praying, and praying for Chauncey.

She crept nearer and the picture presented to her view was indelibly impressed upon her memory. The light from the open door streamed in and fell upon the kneeling figure of the old negro. He knelt with his Bible tightly clasped to his heart, and the last rays of sunlight fell on the gray hair and the upturned face as he said:

"Lo'd, Massa! you ole nigger don' mean no imper'ance, but ee jis can't stay 'way! Lo'd, yere's de blessed w'ud—yere's dem precious promise you poor nigger been a feedin' on an' a pleadin' all dese yere years. Lo'd, don' let Mass' Chauncey die dis yere time. Do, Lo'd, de eyes ob de fader an' de mudder are a sendin' down ribbers ob tears, and de v'ce ob de sister an' de brudder is heard cryin' by day an' by night. Lo'd, if ee heart was all right, ef ee had a gibben hisself to de Lo'd all dis time, it would a been differ'nt, but, Lo'd, ee aint ready. Lo'd, let not dy serbent, de ole massa, go down in sorrer to de grabe. Dy mercy is berry tender, Lo'd, nobody know dat better 'n ole Hammon', fur he been snatch frum de debil an' frum de wilderness of dat far country, an' ee safe now by de blood of Jesus.

"Lo'd, spare de weepin' an' de wailin' w'at boun' to come ef Mass' Chauncey die to-night. Lif' im up! Do, Lo'd, lif' 'im wid a strong han' an' a outstretch' arm, an' make 'im lib ter bress do Lo'd down to ole age. Oh, Lo'd, I'se weak an' feeble, I can' pray no more now, but I ain' done prayin' in de heart. Lo'd Jesus, help yer serbent an' come fur me soon. Amen an' amen."

It is impossible to convey in writing the tender, earnest pleading of the tones of his voice. It was, indeed, "wrestling in prayer," as if his soul cried out:

Lord, I can not let thee go,
Till a blessing thou bestow."

Lucy Fabian stood spell-bound. All her rebellion melted. Tears began to flow freely and hope sprang up and put despair to flight. She hesitated a moment as to whether she should go in or not. She felt that she was treading on holy ground. As if, in entering that humble cabin door she was going into the very presence of God, where he had come to commune as a man does with his friend. But she felt anxious to hear the old man talk after that prayer, and so she stepped forward and said:

"Daddy Hammond, I have come to you for comfort. What can you give me?"

"Missy, way you fait'? Take dis yere word ob God an' look fur dat Psalm ob David, de man after God's heart, an' year 'im w'e ee say."

He handed her his Bible and she found the he had a mark between the pages at the ninety-first Psalm.

"Missy read it fur me so we kin t'ink ob it bofe ob us de same time."

She began, by slowly fading light, to read words already familiar to her, and yet from which she had been able to draw no comfort. She began to read slowly: "He that dwelleth in the secret place of the Most High shall abide under the shadow of the Almighty."

"Bress de Lo'd! Dat's a safe place," said old Hammond, fervently, as he leaned forward on his heavy stick, eagerly listening to every word.

"I will say of the Lord, he is my refuge and my fortress; my God; in him will I trust."

"Amen, Lo'd, you nigger b'liebe dat!"

"Surely he shall deliver thee from the snare of the fowler, and from the noisome pestilence. He shall cover thee with his feathers, and under his wings shalt thou trust; his truth shall be thy shield and buckler."

"Dat's so, missy! Ole Hammon' know dat to be so! Ee fly to de good Lo'd many a time, like chicken fly to ee mudder from hawk."

"Thou shalt not be afraid of the terre by night, nor for the arrow that flieth by day;

"For the pestilence that walketh in darkness, nor for the destruction that wasteth at noonday."

"Dat's him! dat's w'a' got de poor boy; de pestilence ever walket' in darkness; dis yere feber is dat sho'. Now, missy, de good Book say dou shalt not be 'fraid ob him. Now, who ee talkin' 'bout? Da' man w'a' dwellet' in

The Bee

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TOLEDO, OHIO, FEBRUARY 15, 1892.

In far Bombay is a food famine extending over 5,000 square miles and 1,500,000 people are starving. Yet India is our rival in the world's wheat market and we are solemnly told that the world is producing more food than it can consume.

The Navajo Indians and the cowboys are having bloody skirmishes in the neighborhood of Albuquerque, N. M. Settlers on the border of the reservation are fleeing into the villages fearing a general uprising. A detailed account of the trouble in the Omaha Bee places the blame on both parties, and concludes by saying, "This is another illustration of the manner in which the Indians are controlled by the department at Washington. More than half the Indians are off the reservation, and always have been."

Gov. McKinley has been predicting that the present tariff law will not be changed during the next quarter of a century. He prophesied, it will be remembered, that it would check importations which it is boastfully said by the Blaine men it has not done owing to reciprocity treatment. He also promised that it would raise wages which it has not done in a single instance. He also said it would bring better times to producers which meant better prices. According to republican authority, prices of goods have gone down. Mr. McKinley is a bitter partisan prophet.

The Chicago Tribune says:

The republicans have tried for nearly ten years to make the democrats quit drinking (in Iowa). They have failed hopelessly. Let them adopt the policy of regulating their drinks, and they will not merely advance the cause of temperance but also regain control of the state, which is a matter of some consequence in the eyes of republicans all over the United States.

Lovely logic! beautiful confession that a minority of drunken democrats not only succeed in continual law-breaking but control enough "high-minded" republican votes to rule the state. Better try to be funny some more.

It is not at all certain that Senator Hill desires the democratic nomination for president this year, though appearances indicate as much. Politics itself is frequently mysterious and this Hill business is unquestionably a shrewd move on the chess board of politics. It is very probable that Mr. Hill intends to be the power behind the throne. It looks very much like a big movement on the part of several leaders of practical politics to do two things—nominate a man they know will be elected and be in position to command such after-results as will perpetuate the democratic power for a long time to come. If this be true, Hill is not only a shrewd politician but a worthy and far-seeing democrat. This is the way it looks now. Who the candidate will be is entirely hidden at present. More than likely if the nomination goes to New York it will be Whitney, who was a business power in Cleveland's cabinet. If a western man be the choice, look out for Boies, of Iowa. Big politics is on the carpet to-day.

This last session of the present English parliament is fraught with great significance and responsibilities. The government party has lost ten votes on a division, death has taken conspicuous figures from both houses and brought new leaders into prominence. The Rt. Hon. William Henry Smith, quiet, shrewd and reliable, is gone. Henry Cecil Raikes, whose fame rested more on his kinship to the great Sunday school founder than upon any figure he cut in parliament, Parnell, Bradlaugh and O'Gorman Mahon are absent to return no more. Mr. Balfour with his local self government movement to take the wind out of sails of the Gladstone fleet, is ready for the fray, and the measure for increasing small holdings in country districts is a big conservative bid. No man but Balfour, we are told, has ever brought confusion to Mr. Gladstone in the house. He can meet the great Commoner only by stealing his popular measures and re-garbing them, as is already foreshadowed. And thus does a strong party, in touch with the people, shape legislation through the hands of the opposition. The tariff reform sentiment of the democratic party echoed by the people in this country is responsible for the reciprocity measure, which saved republicans from slaughter at the hands of their McKinley bill. At the present parliamentary session, even the patient Scots are to have attention in the way of a local self government bill. The growth of the people's influence in English politics is the growth of the democratic principles that underlie our own government. It is an encouraging sign.

THE LITTLE CHILDREN.

The London school board officially reports that there are forty thousand pupils in the lower grade schools of that city who suffer daily from hunger. One master complains that the reason his pupils do not advance faster is that "they come to school in the morning without having had anything at all to eat, and their minds wander, their brains cannot act, while their stomachs faint for food."

This is a terrible tale, but before we hold our hauds up in holy horror over the condition of the little children in prosperous England, let us look at the sin at our own doors. Mrs. J. M. Flower, a member of the Chicago board of education, in a recent address before the Sunset club of that city said:

"We have in the city of Chicago to-day on the lowest estimate, judging by census reports, 20,000 or more children under fourteen who are not in school at all; 20,000 more, all of the poorer classes, who are in double divisions—that is, who can only go to school half a day for want of room; 10,000 more in miserable, unventilated rented rooms, heated by stoves and so crowded that some of the children roast within two feet of the stove, while others are shivering at the opposite end of the room; and the air—it makes me shudder to think of it as I have found it in some of these rooms.

"Fully 50,000 children of the masses (not yours or mine) thus unprovided for, while $275,000 is being spent for high schools. Don't you believe that if those children whom I saw sitting scorched and miserable against the stove get pneumonia from the sudden change when, with their thin clothing, they rush into the cold air as soon as school is over, that the parents will realize the injustice of our giving every advantage to the few favored ones, while paying such scanty attention to the necessities of the many for whom the public schools are supposed to exist? And when the children who suffer for this neglect are in sickness and distress, do you believe that they will be grateful for a few dollars given as alms? I don't."

So much for the actual condition of the school rooms of our world's fair city, as seen by an official of the schools, and had she followed many of these children to their homes she would have found fouler rooms and worse conditions, and the absolute absence of proper food.

Away on the prosperous Pacific coast the indictment that the little children of the United States are not properly cared for is again framed. The attention of the board of education of Oakland having been called to the fact that children under twelve years of age are working in jute factories, investigation was made by the secretary of the board. The San Francisco Call says:

"In going through the mills he found children, 8, 9 and 10 years of age, sandwiched in between Chinese or grown people, so that they could not talk or play together. When the secretary interviewed the children in the mill they would say: 'I am nearly 12 years old now.' None would say outright that they were under 12, but as the secretary had their names and ages he knew better. Many of the children had never been to school and few could read or write, but were doing the work of grown persons."

A like investigation, it cannot be doubted, will show a similar evil state in all the industrial centers of this country. It was to check this evil of employing children to do "the work of grown persons" (at a lesser wage of course, or there would be no object in employing them), that legislation has been secured forbidding the employment of children in workshops, mines and factories. The compulsory school law has the same intent.

Behind every law must be strong public opinion demanding its enforcement, or the law will be evaded, if that be in anybody's interest. An intelligent public should zealously guard the interests of the helpless. Are the school law and factory law enforced in Toledo?

Walt Whitman lies unconscious and very near death. He was born May 31, 1819, and once wrote of his natal day:

"Apple orchards, the trees all covered with blossoms;
Wheat fields carpeted far and near in vital emerald green;
The eternal, exhaustless freshness of each early morning;
The yellow, golden, transparent haze of the warm afternoon sun;
The aspiring lilac bushes with profuse purple or white flowers."

He will never again revel in the fragrance of the lilac flowers, except they grow in the land where he is going. Christmas day, the old man was told he would die with the sundown. "We will fool these doctors yet," he said, and he did it, but the end is now come. Poor old Whitman. He has said more or less poetically: "To me, everything culminates in humanity and personality," yet he dreads not the unclothing of his soul, the going "over the Divide" to find what is beyond.

The right of succession overtops all court precedents and all other questions in England just now. The period of mourning for the Duke of Clarence will be made brief. The Prince of Wales has already promised to attend a smoking concert to be given by the Amateur Orchestral Society, the queen has renewed her subscription to the royal box at the opera and the wedding bells of Prince George will follow upon the dirge for Prince Albert Victor as soon as it can be "arranged."

The title of "lady managers" in connection with the woman's department of the world's fair awakens considerable criticism. It is certainly vulgar, and in the same line as the "next gent" salutation in barber shops and like places. But while it is being criticised, it is well to remember that the title is not of woman's choosing. It was put into the creation of the board for that department by act of congress, and its authors were therefore men, and men only.

Good Col. Shepard is growing very rough in his language. While ago he assured his readers that he didn't consider his "damn" a swear word. Now he says "the country is to be brought face to face with the silver devil again." Let not the good man be scared of this cloven foot of the west; though he is a mighty power, he is not a wolf in a sheep's skin. If the Colonel only held a few shares in a paying mine out in Montana, he would be more calm.

Loyalists in London attempted to pay respect to the memory of Mary, Queen of Scots, on the anniversary of her execution, but Queen Vic has too much of later date to think about. She didn't join in to the extent that was anticipated. Queen Mary has been very dead for a long, long time and Victoria is said to have reserved opinions about her, if she was, in a way, her remote ancestor.

What's the matter with Ohio? At the seventh annual Buckeye banquet in New York city Saturday evening next, there will be present, President Harrison, Secretaries Foster, Noble, Elkins and Rusk, all Ohio born, along with Senators Sherman and Brice, Gov. McKinley and Ex-Gov. Campbell.

The curtain is rung up on the last act in the series of tragedies in which Sarah Althea Sharon Hill has been leading lady. She is now pronounced hopelessly insane.

Blade: "The perpetuation of republican rule is endangered by this tendency to fossilization." Murderation, is that what's the matter?

Minneapolis is all right; her first move is to secure splendid quarters for the newspaper folks during the convention.

THE BIG SILVER DOLLAR.

A New Song to the Tune of the Old Oaken Bucket.

How dear to our hearts
Are those big silver dollars,
Those round silver dollars
That chink in our clothes;
The shimmering glimmer
That beams on their faces
Is a Jim Dandy glimmer
As everyone knows.

The color and size
Entrance human eyes,
And occasion deep sighs
As we see it depart;
A short time in pocket,
It's up like a rocket,
In vain do we sock it,
This joy of our hearts.

Chorus.

The big silver dollar,
The Bland silver dollar,
The boom ta ra dollar
That's now in the House.
If it's passed, this new dollar,
This free coinage dollar,
Will we get any more of them?
Nix come a rous.

CAN'T GO HARRISON.

Senator Teller Thinks Blaine Can Be Induced to Run.

Denver, Col., Feb. 15.—Senator Teller says: "There is a suspicion that Mr. Blaine will not persist in his declination if his friends continue to demand that he shall remain a candidate. I see no reason why the republicans of Colorado should favor Mr. Harrison's renomination and I do not think he is stronger elsewhere than various other candidates who will be presented to the Minneapolis convention.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Amelia Rives Chanler is reported to be painting a portrait of herself.

Lord Randolph Churchill was born February 13, 1849, and just escaped being a family valentine.

Sir Morell Mackenzie's latest literary work has been found to be a series of learned articles showing people how to live long.

Gen. George M. Jones, of Dubuque, Iowa, at 90 years of age, has applied for and been admitted to practice in the supreme court of that state.

President Eliot has been rather severely treated in society since he so contemptuously touched upon co-education and women teachers in his Boston lectures.

It cost young Suchetti, who recently married into the exclusive and blue-blooded old Italian house of Barberini, the neat little sum of $50,000 to be made into a duke, prince, marquis and count.

Robert Louis Stevenson's mother is living with him in the South Sea Islands and is astonishing the natives with her prim widow's cap and black silk dress. She has at last become reconciled to her son giving up the study of law for novel writing.

Dr. S. Wier Mitchell, in his "Characteristics," now running in the Century, says of fools: "There is the foolish fool, the fool who is a good fellow, the ass fool and the fool finely endowed with obstinacy—the mule fool—and the middle-aged woman fool."

MENTIONED ON THE STREETS

That wood and coal merchants are still doing a good business.

That Bishop Horstman is expected to visit Toledo during Lent.

That spring trade will soon open up, much to the delight of the merchants.

That J. Cooper Price has evolved a park plan which will bear consideration.

That the Battery boys are getting things in shape for their fifth annual party.

That the familiar form of ex-Councilman M. M. Eppstein is missed on the streets.

That Toledo with all its good qualities is blossoming out as a first-class horse market.

That "to pump or not to pump" is the question now uppermost in the minds of the gas trustees.

That H. T. Yaryan has a watch which puts all others in the shade for utility and completeness.

That Kent Hamilton is not thoroughly satisfied he has the congressional nomination all his own way.

That it is hoped the Day Nursery Circle will net a handsome sum from the coming entertainment.

That the boys who have been fighting President Squire are ready to call quits; he is too much for them.

That more engine houses are needed goes without saying, but it is money that is lacking to build them.

That the sheriff's force is still without their January pay, a divide being made of the receipts for the month.

That the success of the University extension lecture course has far exceeded the anticipations of its projectors.

That W. I. Squire has a thought he may go to the Minneapolis convention as a delegate from the Toledo district.

That the third joint session has not yet been called to consider Voit's nomination for gas trustee, nor is it likely to be.

That the gas investigators are going down in the field to-morrow, and the public will await their report with interest.

That much regret is expressed that ex-President Cleveland cannot find it convenient to visit Toledo on his western trip.

That Lucas lodge, K. P., gives an exhibition of its work in the third rank for the benefit of out-of-town Knights next Saturday night.

That the new United States marshal will have a time of it in making himself as popular as his predecessor, but here's hoping he will get there.

That the charity ball gave several hundred people an opportunity to examine the Pythian castle, and many were the compliments expressed on its completeness.

Thoughts for Spring Election.

Municipal government ought to be as strictly a business matter as the government of a banking institution or an insurance company. The men who control the community affairs ought to be men accustomed to business, and should be selected without any reference to party politics or their views concerning the nebular hypothesis. It's business alone that local officials have anything to do with properly.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Good Word for Grip.

A man at Prescott, Ariz., had the asthma for six years, during which time he was never able to sleep except in a sitting posture. He took the grip a few weeks ago, and when he recovered from it his asthma was gone. Asthmatic sufferers hereabouts need not make any strenuous efforts to catch the grip, however. It will find them.—Chicago Tribune.

Safe to Say.

An overwhelming majority of the democrats and tariff reformers of the country desire the nomination of Cleveland as against all others; and it is entirely safe to say that four-fifths of them, taking in the entire country, including New York, very positively prefer Cleveland to Hill.—Philadelphia Times.

Sure to, Sooner or Later.

Like the Brown-Sequard "elixir of life" and the Koch "consumption cure," the bichloride of gold "cure for intemperance" has apparently had its short era of popularity and is fast sinking into obsolescence. --Boston Advertiser.

All the More Reason.

The census office people are trying hard to choke off investigation. All the more reason why their department should be investigated clear to the bone.—Buffalo Enquirer.

Maybe and Maybe.

Maybe Mr. Blaine doesn't really want to be president after all. But then maybe Mr. Blaine couldn't be president if he wanted to.—Wilmington Star.

EDEN PARK.

Toledo to Have an Up-River Summer Resort.

A Beautiful Spot on the Right, Near Bar Point, Secured—Docks, Etc., to be Built.

Capt. Pierce, of the passenger steamer W. R. Burt, is authority for the statement that the Maumee River Navigation company has secured a beautiful spot on the right bank of the river near Bar Point, about half way between Toledo and Maumee, for a summer resort.

Arrangements are being made to fit it up in handsome style.

Docks will be built and the grounds fitted up with booths and seats.

The name of the resort will be Eden park, and the name is appropriate, for a lovelier location could not be found for a resort of the kind.

The beauties of up-river points have not yet been appreciated, but it is to be hoped this move will have a tendency to popularize them.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Indignities at the Theater.

To the Editor—Is it not unfortunate that people in this enlightened age should be subjected to indignities, such as are constantly being perpetrated in our theaters at the end of each performance? If we were entertaining a guest, and he were suddenly to leave in the midst of animating conversation, we would not only be highly offended, but very much insulted. Why, then, should a people whose station in life would indicate the existence of education, refinement and culture, do the very thing that they would be shocked at in others? For are we not the guests of those who are endeavoring to entertain us; it is not alone unkind to them, but to those in the audience who do appreciate talent, and who go to hear and see and not to be heard and seen.

The writer, therefore, wishes to beg the press, which is the best and greatest medium we have as an educator, and the managers of our theaters to put forth their efforts to suppress what is rapidly becoming a most predominant and unpardonable sin, viz: the getting up and preparing to leave the theater before the performance has been finished. An observer will also notice the same tendency at all public gatherings.

ONE OF THE HIGH BONNETS.

YOUNG MRS. BLAINE.

Deadwood, S. D., Feb. 15.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, jr., with her son and retinue of servants, will arrive in this city Wednesday to stay during the trial of her now famous divorce suit. Apartments have been secured and everything is in readiness for her coming.

IGNORANCE IN TURKEY.

The practice of medicine in Turkey was formerly subjected to conditions of responsibility, which if exacted in the western hemisphere might considerably decrease the number of medical practitioners.

When the ignorance of a physician caused the death of a patient, he was condemned to bear at the neck two boards in the shape of a collar with bells around. Thus attired he was marched through the principal streets, the bells proclaiming his ignorance and warning the people against him. As a person's death is generally due to ignorance in prolonging life, it must have required a large degree of enthusiasm for the art of healing to adopt it as a career.—Pharmaceutical Era.

TOLEDO WILL BE THERE.

Where? Why at the World's Fair, of Course.

Libbey Company Will Have a Veritable Palace.

Woolson Spice Company Barred—Gendron Wheel Company, Milburn Wagon Works, Etc., Will Have Magnificent Exhibits.

Toledo proposes to be right in it at the world's fair.

It is settled that four or five of the largest industries will erect magnificent buildings, and Fair Commissioner Platt is arranging the details.

From the facts presented herewith it will be seen how thoroughly in it Toledo will be.

"Yes, Toledo proposes to be well represented," said World's Fair Commissioner Harvey Platt to a Bee this morning. "Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan are grouped together, and I consider the location Ohio has secured as the most convenient and the finest on the entire grounds. I am glad to see that Toledo manufacturers are taking such an interest in it."

PALATIAL FACTORY

To Be Built at the Fair by W. L. Libbey and Sons.

Toledoans in general have but small appreciation of the prominence of some of its industries. Many of these are in the foremost ranks of their kind and have a greater reputation abroad than they have at home.

Among those who will have big exhibitions at the world's fair is the Libbey Glass works. W. L. Libbey & Sons have the exclusive privilege for the manufacture of cut glass at the great Columbian exposition, and they intend to make a showing that will be a credit not only to themselves, but to Toledo and the United States.

Right here in this city is made the finest cut glass in the world and they intend to let the visitors from all over the world know it.

The Libbeys will erect at the world's fair an immense factory building 125x200 feet in size, and of a beautiful design that will be fit for a palace.

The working plans for this factory have been completed, and its construction will be commenced in July. The front part of the building is of two story elevation with an immense dome and tower, while the balance will be one high story. The structure will be of stone, iron and glass and will cost about $40,000. This will be in the part of the grounds set apart for the exhibits of all nations, and will be the only thing of its kind at the exposition.

About 100 men will be employed this factory, and here will be seen manufacture of cut glass ware in all departments. All sorts of blown glass ware will also be manufactured, and fact the exhibition will include the manufacture of all kinds of glassware except window and plate glass.

The whole will be open to the public, and the visitors can follow the course of the glass from the furnace on through the cutting, finishing, decorating and etching departments, all of which will be very interesting. This factory is bound to be one of the prominent features of the fair and it will be a big advertisement to Toledo and the enterprise of its manufacturers.

The Libbeys will also have a competitive exhibit of cut glassware in the main building.

WOOLSON SPICE COMPANY

May Have a Magnificent Exhibit.

The Woolson Spice company proposed expending about $50,000 on an exhibit, but from information received a few days ago it looks as if the company would be barred out.

"If we get leave to have an exhibit we'll have a good one," said Mr. A. M. Woolson to a Bee this morning. I will leave for Chicago in a few days and try and make arrangements. The commissioners say we are not manufacturers in the strict sense of the word, and that our product is really an importation. We are anxious to have an exhibit, and if we do it will be one that Toledoans will be proud to show their friends when they visit the world's fair."

Mr. Woolson don't say much, but when he says a thing it means a great deal.

THE GENDRON ON DECK.

They Will Be There, and Their Exhibit Will Be a Daisy.

The Gendron Iron Wheel company proposes having an exhibit that will do a Toledo man's heart good to see.

"We don't care to boast of what we are going to do," said Mr. Fisher this morning, "but I tell you our Toledo friends when they come to see us in Chicago, will have no reason to be ashamed of our exhibit. No, we don't know yet if we will have a manufacturing plant on exhibition. We are now considering the question."

Mr. Gendron went east this morning to look after a great Gendron exhibit in Philadelphia. Next week they exhibit at the cycling show at Rochester, and the week following at a similar exhibition at Madison Garden, New York.

THE MILBURN PEOPLE

Will also Be There With an Exposition in Itself.

The Milburn Wagon company are making elaborate arrangements for a grand exhibition of their product. The branch house in Chicago has charge of the preparation and has already secured a suitable location.

Inquiries this morning failed to find the full particulars.

"You can say that the Milburn company will be represented in a way that will astonish the natives," was the response to a Bee's question.

And it is safe to say the Milburn people will have an exhibit that will be well worth seeing. Toledo is right in it. See!

BIG BUSINESS

For the Police Court this Morning.

There was a heavy docket in police court this morning and about forty culprits answered to the call of their names. None of the cases were of much importance most of them being plain drunks and disturbances caused from a too free indulgence. One or two were marked off the docket, but the most were fined and a goodly share of them will take a trip to the work house this afternoon, there to pay the penalty of their spree.

PRESS POINTERS.

There's many a slip between the pulpit and the church door.—Life.

The travelers' pocket fire-escape is not, as popularly supposed, a testament.—Chicago Post.

Why is it that editors who "prefer a pipe to a cigar" make a specialty of accepting cigars?—Siftings.

The "horn of plenty" never falls to the lot of the man who takes plenty of "horns."—Boston Courier.

No, Chile will hardly come to the world's fair. The Chilean exhibit has already been made.—Columbus Post.

A bar in the river and a bar on shore have the same name, because water is scarce in both places.—The Age.

"Er—lemmy see. Who was it that was clothed in a little brief authority?" "Adam, I guess."—Indianapolis Journal.

Those who want to have extravagant dinner parties should not forget hot-house mushrooms at $5 a pound.—Hotel and Traveling Guide.

Bilious—I sleep in feathers, but I believe it's not healthful. Toffnut—What's that; look at the spring chicken—see how tough he is.—New York Herald.

Judge—If I let you off this time will you promise not to come back here again? Prisoner—Yes, sir. The fact is I didn't come voluntarily this time.—Boston Post.

Mr. Ingalls thinks we would be better off without a navy, and yet Mr. Ingalls has been known to twist the British lion's tail in a way that seemed to call for great guns and lots of them.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ROSE.

At all times the rose has enjoyed particular distinction as a sacred flower. Mohammedan tradition gives it that when Saladin captured Jerusalem he refused to enter the shrine of the temple, which had been converted into a church by the Crusaders, till the walls had been thoroughly cleansed and purified with rose water. A similar story is told of the church of St. Sophia, at Constantinople, when transformed from a Christian place of worship into a Mohammedan mosque. Something of the sanctity of the flower in the Moslem mind may be traced to one of the traditions which have served to explain the origin of the flower, that it sprang from the blood of the prophet. Even to this day, when a Turk sees a rose lying on the ground, he will be seen to raise it tenderly and devoutly, and kissing it, always place it in some place of safety. The followers of Zoroaster have a tradition that prior to the introduction of evil into the world, the rose did not posses any thorns. In the east they believe that the so-called burning bush in which the angel of the Lord appeared to Moses was a rose tree. In the Roman Catholic church the rose, as well as the lily, seems to retain an element of sacred character which it seems to have had in all ancient religions.—Success with Flowers.

PHILOSOPHY.

Everything is pretty much of a size in this world—even our troubles and trials and difficulties. If our troubles are little we magnify them; if large we magnify them; so that everybody gets a fair average with everybody else, both of the good and of the evil. Go to the happiest person you know and pour into his or her ears your tale of woe, and see how quickly he or she can show you that your trials are a small circumstance to her own. You are having as good a time as anybody else in the world—so don't ask for sympathy.—Interior.

PRETTIER THAN VALENTINES

Besides being useful every day in the year, are the picture cards found in packages of Lion Coffee. One art picture in every package. Lion Coffee is composed of the three standard grades, Mocha, Java and Rio, thus combining strength with exquisite flavor. When you want an extra fine cup of coffee, buy Lion Coffee.

Have been a constant user of your Coffee for nearly two years and don't think there is any better put up in one pound packages.—L. E. Townshend, Oakland, Md.

Notice to Contractors.

Ostrich Lane.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 29TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for improving Ostrich Lane from the paving in Mulberry street to the paving in Magnolia street by paving the central fifteen (15) feet thereof with Vitrified fire brick, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

That the contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matter specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.

mon feb-15-e-o-d-2-w

GEO. F. C. KLOEPPINGER,

Sole Manufacturer of

Weis's Patent Skylights!

Patented Oct. 8, 1889.

No Sweating or Dripping from any cause.

Manufacturer of

Kloeppinger's Patent Feed Steamer for Stock

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES AND SHEET METAL WORKS. FIRST-CLASS SLATE ROOFING. ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

301 OTTAWA STREET

A. Austin is the Man, No. 9 is the Machine

Sales of the No. 9 W & W in Toledo are more than all others combined. It is the best sewing machine on earth, and is sold on the most liberal terms free to all at your own homes. See me and get prices I can save you money.

I have 100 good second-hand machines to sell cheap, many of them good as new, for $10 and upward, must be sold: I need the room

A. Austin, 317 Adams St., Toledo, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

Chain, Single Tree Irons, Etc.

BUY THE BEST which means the "BAKER"

Write to us for estimates on

SPECIAL FORGINGS.

Ask your Dealer for "BAKER" Chain and "BAKER" Clips, or write to

BAKER CHAIN & WAGON IRON MFG. CO., Allegheny, Pa.

Notice to Contractors.

Alley Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 29TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for improving alley between St. Clair street and Superior street from the northeast gutter line of Jefferson street to the southwest gutter line of Madison street by paving the full width thereof with either Trinidad asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete or Medina block stone with joints filled with mastic cement together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit), is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

mon feb-15-e-o-d-2-w

Notice to Contractors.

Fifteenth Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 29TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for improving Fifteenth street from the paving in Washington street to the north line of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railway, be improved by paving the central twenty-six feet thereof with either Medina stone, Vitrified fire brick or Trinidad asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

mon-feb-15-e-o-d-2-w

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

—BY—

I. H. DETWILER & CO.

$1000—Niagara street near Galena, cottage.
$ 900—Congress near Orchard, cottage.
$ 850—Hawley near Orchard, cottage.
$1350—Dorr street near Junction avenue, 2-story.
$ 850—Congress near Orchard, cottage.
$1800—Fourth street, East Toledo, 2-story frame.
$1150—Lorain near Broadway, cottage.
$1250—East Broadway, East Toledo, cottage.
$1700—Hamilton near Erie, brick house.
$2000—Bartlett near Lawren[ce] avenue, 2-story.
$3000—Warren near Floyd, [two] dwelling.
$ 600—Tecumseh near Junct[ion] avenue.
$3500—Woodruff avenue nea[r] Warren street, 2-story.
$1200—Niagara near Galena, cottage.
$1225—Niagara near Buckey[e] 5-room cottage.
$3300—Front street, East Toledo, 2-story frame.
$1325—Wakeman near Oak, 2-story frame.
$2000—Brick store and living rooms, Erie street.
$1550—Erie near Galena, cottage.
$1000—Franklin avenue near Cherry, cottage.
$2500—Twenty-first near Jefferson, modern 10-room frame.
$1050—Detroit avenue, corner Oakwood, new cottage.
$1000—Hicks, corner Detroit avenue.
$1600—Bancroft near Monroe, 2-story.
$1000—Hazel street near M. C. Ry., 2-story.
$ 850—Castile avenue, East Toledo, cottage.
$ 800—Navarre avenue, East Toledo, cottage.
$1700—Congress near Orchard, 2-story.
$2200—Erie near Galena, new 2-story.
$1400—Hoag corner Hicks, 2-story.
$ 950—Missouri near Lenk, cottage.
$6000—Tenth near Monroe, [two] brick new frame.
$1500—Sumner near Middle, [cot]tage.
$1800—Wade street near Un[ion] depot, cottage.

VACANT PROPERTY.

Per foot.
$ 45 00—Summit near Buffalo
$ 22 00—Bartlett near Lawren[ce] avenue.
$ 27 50—Oakwood near Lawre[nce] ave.
$150 00—Erie near Monroe.
$325 00—Monroe, corner Erie.
$250 00—Monroe near Ontario
$ 47 50—Twenty first near Mon[roe] 40 feet.

Money advanced to assist in building or will build to suit purchaser, on easy terms.

I. H. DETWILER & CO.,

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

P. S.—Will move in our new office on St. Clair street, next to postoffice, about February 1st.

COOPER BROS.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, TOLEDO, OHIO

FOR SALE—$1,000—166 feet on East Broadway, corner Starr avenue, with 2-story dwelling; $1,200—New 2-story dwelling 7 rooms, with lot 38x120, on White street, 2 doors from Starr avenue; $1,600—Nice 2-story house on Navarre avenue, 2 blocks from East Broadway, 6 rooms, with well, cistern and cellar; $1,100—New 2-story house, 913 Brown street, near Woodville; will trade equity for vacant lot; $850—Cottage on Navarre avenue, lot 35 feet front; $800—Cottage and barn on Fifth street, near Starr avenue; $1,800—Five acres on Dorr street, with house, a great bargain; 20 acres 4 miles from Swanton, with plank house and log barn, all improved, will trade for lot in city worth $600; 16 acres 4 miles out on Walbridge road, 2-story house, good barn, nice orchard, rich soil, all improved, will trade for larger farm or sell for $1,900; 4 cottages at Ironville for $850 each, small down payment, $10 per month.

FOR SALE

50 feet on 14th street, between Jefferson and Monroe.

30, 40 or 50 feet on Webster street, between Fulton and Cherry.

60 feet on Cherry street. (Choice for dwelling.)

60 feet on Robinwood avenue, near Bancroft.

50 feet on Parkwood avenue at $30 per foot.

House corner Putnam and Prescott, with lot 44 or 88x132.

Houses and lots for sale in 5th, 6th and 9th wards.

WRIGHT & RUSSELL,

Real Estate and Insurance,

235 ST. CLAIR ST.

FOODY HOUSE BLOCK.

FOR SALE

Will be sold at a Bargain to close an Estate.

40 feet on St. Clair street, south of Adams.

132 feet on Summit street, below Walnut.

300 feet on north side Monroe street, above Twenty-first street.

240 feet on Dorr street, opposite Division.

40 feet on Twentieth street, near Jefferson.

APPLY TO

PETER B. FRANKLIN,

108 SUMMIT STREET.

Yes, we have 'em.

THEY'RE ALL THE RAGE!

Be in the swim and see us about a lot and building a home on Manlewood, Scottwood or Maplewood, or other streets and avenues in the locality.

We also have some fine pieces of acre property good for platting, or will trade for residence.

RUSSELL & THROOP,

Real Estate Exchange,

309 Summit Street.

Lots on Manlewood Ave.

30 Ft. Frontage, $173.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

612 Madison St.

FOR RENT.

$18 00—No. 830 Hicks st. (natural gas.)
$ 8 00—No. 931 Clarke st., East Toledo.
$18 00—No. 720 Magnolia street.
$13.00—No. 1514 Michigan street.

FOR SALE.

Residence property in most desirable parts of the city; also some bargains in acre property. DECLAN ALLEN, Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams St.

FOR RENT.

$20—1217 Huron st
$20—Franklin avenue, near Page.
$15—331 W Lafayette
$8—931 Clark st, East Side.

FOR SALE.

Farm of 120 acres near Swanton, at a bargain; or will trade for city, improved property. DECLAN ALLEN, Jr., Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams street.

GOLD IN IT { TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished. Address THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER

BACON & HUBER

ARCHITECTS,

33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR
Sore Throat
Lameness
Sore Eyes
Soreness
Catarrh
Bruises
Burns
Cuts
Piles
Female
Complaints
Rheumatism
AND ALL
Inflammation
USE POND'S EXTRACT
BEWARE of imposition. Take POND'S EXTRACT only. See landscape trade-mark on buff wrapper. Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

PILES. POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.
It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.
Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

A. T. KLINE,
DENTIST,
835 Superior Street, over Allen & Parkhurst's.
BRIDGE and CROWN WORK a SPECIALITY!
PHONE 446

We Can't do it
but are willing to pay for learning how to make as good an article as WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING of **cheap** material so that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c.
Our price is 20c.
The retailer says the public will not pay it. We say the public will, because they will always pay a fair price for a good article. To show both the trade and the public that we want to give them the best for the least money, we will pay
$10,000.00 Reward
For above information; this offer is open until January 1st, 1893.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

Pik-Ron is the name of a paint which does work that no other paint *can* do. *New wood* painted with it looks like the natural wood when it is stained and varnished.
PAINTERS AND BUILDERS
will find it profitable to investigate. All paint stores sell it.

TAKEAPILL. Hobb's Are the Best on Earth.
DR. HOBB'S LITTLE Vegetable PILLS
Act gently yet promptly on the LIVER, KIDNEYS and BOWELS, dispelling Headaches, Fevers and Colds, thoroughly cleansing the system of disease, and cures habitual constipation. They are sugar coated, **do not gripe**, very small, easy to take, and purely **vegetable**. 45 pills in each vial. Perfect digestion follows their use. They **absolutely cure sick headache**, and are recommended by leading physicians. For sale by leading druggists or sent by mail; 25 cts. a vial. Address HOBB'S MEDICINE CO., Props., San Francisco or Chicago.
FOR SALE IN TOLEDO, O., BY
W. K. West, 401 Madison St.
Cook Bros. (old number) 66 Front St.

For Suffering Women.

DR. MILES' Restorative NERVINE.
CURES: Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, sick and nervous headache, fits, etc.
After four years treatment by the best doctors in the land, but without any relief, have used your Nervine for one week and have not had an attack since.—HURD C BRACUS, Heathville, Pa. Your Nervine has cured me completely for nervous troubles. J. M. TAYLOR, Lotty, O. Trial bottle free druggists
DR. MILES MEDICAL Co., Elkhart, Ind.
For Sale by All Druggists.

Kate B. Sherwood,
Past National President of the Woman's Relief Corps, states:
"Having contracted a severe bronchial trouble while in the White Mountains, I have since been subject to frequent attacks. I can truly say that I have experienced more prompt, pleasant and enduring relief from the use of DAY'S BRONCHIAL CURE than any other, and most cordially recommend it to all suffering from similar affection."
Contains neither opium nor alcohol. For sale by druggists.
232 and 234 Summit Street.

ASK YOUR GROCER
—FOR—
BRENZINGER'S
—"CHOICE"—
AND GENUINE
VIENNA :-: BREAD

Regulate the Temperature
OF YOUR HOUSE
WITH ONE OF
L. BECKMANN'S
STANDARD
THERMOMETERS.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

SMALL BOY AND BIG CENT.

In front of the toy store, with look intent,
Stood the small boy with the big, big cent.

His eyes open wide and his cap all awry,
Wondering what's the biggest thing that cent will buy.

The sturdy little purchaser on one thing is intent,
He's going to get the most he can for the big, big cent.

And thus I left him standing in the self-same place,
The penny in his left hand, the wonder in his face.

But when I was coming home from the town that self-same night,
I heard a penny whistle blown with all an urchin's might,

And looking where the lusty sound with children's voices blent,
I saw it was my hero of the big, big cent.
—Housekeeper's Weekly.

BEESWAX.

Canadians caught $25,000,000 worth of fish last year.

The city of Chicago has 400 churches and not one public bath.

There are 40,000 women studying in the various colleges of America.

A microscope is being made in Munich which will magnify 11,000 diameters.

There are 169 confederate flags in the collection of war relics at Washington.

A gem expert says Montana sapphires equal in brilliancy the finest India stones.

The Japanese will not remove their world's fair building after the exhibition closes.

The ant is said to have the largest brain, according to its size of any creature in the world.

The entire empire of Persia has but one vessel, a small steamer that was built some years ago.

According to the code of fashion for canine pets doggy dear should not wear a collar in the morning.

A Massachusetts man who saturated his wife's clothing with kerosene and set fire to it has been sentenced to the workhouse for 90 days.

In six counties of Lower California there are more than 1,000,000 orange trees bearing, and 3,000,000 on the way to productiveness.

As soon as a native Alaskan gets a $5 gold piece or a $10 bill he immediately trades it for silver, having no faith in gold or paper money.

Colors passing through a prism can be made to produce sounds. Green and red lights produce the loudest noises, and blue and yellow the faintest.

The Irish parliament was not a thing of a day. It existed for over 300 years. It was extinguished in 1801 at the time of the union with Great Britain.

During the past 12 months the Salvation Army food depots have supplied 2,240,955 cheap meals to the homeless and starving. Of these 210,000 were free.

In Detroit they don't consider it anything to make up a theatre party to see a play in Chicago. How true is that Americans work hard in taking their rest.

There are 10,000 Catholics in Portland, Me., out of a population of less than 40,000. In Lewiston there are nearly 12,000 Catholics out of a population of about 20,000.

In Constantinople the Turkish women are eager to wear the costume of the west, while American women sojourning there are just as eager to wear the Turkish costume.

The coal industry of the United States furnishes employment to 300,000 persons, to whom $110,000,000 is paid in wages, and the capital invested is estimated at $350,000,000.

The production of gold in British Guiana has risen steadily in the past eight years. Last year's increase was 75 per cent. over the previous year, the value being $1,801,389.

Consuelo Anastaslades, a young Greek from Smyrna, has landed in this country with 1,000,000 silk worm eggs for his uncle, who has started a silk culture establishment near Norfolk, Va.

The oldest diary in the world, according to a Japanese paper, is that of the Hozaka family, landed proprietors in the Koschin. The diary has been conscientiously kept by the various heads of the family for more than three centuries.

The negro conference to be held at the Tuskegee, (Ala.) Normal and Industrial institute, the latter part of this month, will discuss the many passing industrial and educational questions that affect the colored people of the south.

A meteor which fell in Alabama last week plowed up a furrow about as large as a flour barrel and three or four feet deep, then bounded and struck a large pine tree six feet from the ground, shivering the tree. It then exploded.

A meteor which fell in Alabama last week plowed up a furrow about as large as a flour barrel and three or four feet deep, then bounded and struck a large pine tree six feet from the ground, shivering the tree. It then exploded.

Dried sulphate of copper in soap has valuable antiseptic and healing properties, almost entirely neutralizing by its use the ordinary dangers of physicians, nurses and any persons who are exposed to blood poisoning through cuts or scratches.

The influenza is attacking the animals abroad. In Italy the poultry is affected; in Berlin, the horses, and in Amsterdam, the wild animals in the zoological garden, and with the latter it is generally fatal, nine of them having fallen victims up to date.

The oldest dairy in the world, according to a Japanese paper, is that of the Hozaka family, landed proprietors in the province of Koschin. The dairy has been conscientiously kept by the various heads of the family for more than three centuries.

Sedan chairs were first used in England by the duke of Buckingham during the reign of James I. The first chair aroused much indignation among the people, who said that men were being used to do the work of beasts, but later on they became very fashionable.

A woman's shoe that is to be introduced next spring for street wear is a patent leather vamp button boot, with a Scotch cloth top. The colors are ecru and steel gray, graded into each other. This shoe is made to match the fancy suitings that are to be worn next spring.

Last May a Philadelphia woman was so badly burned that the process of skin-grafting became necessary. Since then her physicians have successfully grafted 2,000 pieces of skin on her, taken from other patients in the hospital, one of the physicians and her husband. She is now discharged, cured.

By the subjection of ordinary air to a pressure of 75 atmospheres, or 1,125 pounds, with a condenser kept at minus 130° centrigrade, air has been reduced to a liquid form, and the liquid, when allowed to evaporate, produces, it is said, a temeprature of minus 200° centrigrade. This is within 73° of absolute zero.

Bagpipes are generally ascribed to Scotland, where they have been in use for a long time, but it was an instrument upon which the ancient Greeks and Romans played. Nero is said to have performed upon it, and an old piece of Grecian sculpture represents a player on the bagpipes dressed in the fashion that is known today as the Highland costume.

In the neighborhood of the Bermudas the sea is extremely transparent, so that fishermen can readily see the horns of lobsters protruding from their hiding-places in the rocks at considerable depths. To entice the crustaceans from their crannies they tie a lot of snails in a ball and dangle them in front of the cautious lobster. When he grabs the ball they haul him up.

The fashion of saying "God bless you!" after sneezing, originated with the ancients. These people believed that some danger attended sneezing, so they generally made a short prayer, such as "Jupiter, help me!" It has been found to be the custom among savages to do the same, and Jewish rabbis also make mention of the fact. An old Roman writer says that the custom originated during a plague, when people who were seemingly in good health sneezed and fell down dead.

An action for damages was being heard at the Pridgend county court, England, recently, and one important witness remained to be examined, when the time arrived for the judge to leave by train. It was desired to finish the case without adjourning it to a future date, so the judge with the counsel on both sides and the witness traveled together to Llantrissant. The witness gave his evidence in the carriage during the journey, and the judge gave his decision in the stationmaster's office when the train arrived at Llantrissant.

SO BE IT

Has Gone Through the Proceedings

Of the Meeting Between Gas Trustees and Investigating Committee, and Has a Few Thoughts on the Same.

To the Editor: Is it surprising that taxpayers are disgusted, or that candid thinkers, as they look back for the last three years in the city gas play, now demand a halt?

Trustees informed us the Northwestern Gas company, with 9,000 consumers, received annually $800,000, and with mixers some of us believed it.

Trustees assured us the city had 150,000,000 feet of gas. Some of us believed it.

Trustees and others have assured us the city could furnish fuel for private, public and corporation use and then light the city at 3 cents per tip per month, and within a few years pay off the city debt.

Some of us believed this, but may I ask in all candor is there now any reason for such belief?

Factories have been shut off. Public buildings, including the schools, are burning coal or wood for want of gas, and only Friday night Mr. Parsons told us the pressure is so low they are unable to furnish gas for light.

Day dawns slowly, but it is now near if advantage is taken of last Friday night's meeting.

Mr. Parsons wanted a pump, and thought it would in three months pay for itself. Not by charging 8 cents per thousand and letting the mixers be bored out so the city does not get four cents, while the Northwestern by meter gets 12 cents; not by furnishing tips at three cents per tip and not over half of them ever reported, and for those reported the city is not getting four cents per thousand for its gas. There has been sold and are now being used when there is pressure enough to use them hundreds of tips in this city that burn 7 to 14 feet per hour. At the last public report we had about 1,000 tips reported. For them we may collect $36. Why is this, taxpayers ask?

Our trustees know just what is charged in other places, and they read the rates as established on October 1, 1891, by the Indianapolis natural gas company, (yet charged three cents). There the charge is:

Ordinary tip, per month	25c
Jumbo tip, per month	40c
Argand burners, per month	40c
Welsbach burners, per month	40c
Victory burners, per month	40c
Sunflower burners, per month	60c

There are plenty of Sunflower burners being used in Toledo at 3 cents per month.

But Mr. Parsons would pay for the pump by charging twice what the Northwestern charges. What a change of heart in three short years. But he is going out of office now.

Doctor Forbes and Mr. Lane seem to have some practical ideas, but there is nothing in the report of Friday night's meeting to show if they were practical after Doctor Jones got through.

If the mayor's committee will learn just how much money has been spent, just how much money has been received, and just how much money there is in pumping a gas well now filled with salt water, they will be with us all next. They may not have noticed that Trustee Parsons said the receipts up to the first of this year were $85,000. That Chairman Macomber said they were $96,000; that Mr. Brown, who keeps the books, said they were $67,000.

What a difference in three short years. Then we could furnish gas at one cent per thousand, if we could only get the line completed. Now we can get twenty-four cents if we can only get the pump.

Toledo, Feb. 13. SO BE IT.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Palmer's Company in Alabama at Wheeler's.

Three Performances of Blue Jeans—Evangeline at the People's—The Harmonic Society Concert.

At the Wheeler opera house Mr. Augustus Thomas' great play of "Alabama" will be presented by Mr. A. M. Palmer's company to-night.

If the New York critics, for once singularly unanimous in their reports, are right, the coming of "Alabama" is an event of unusual interest. The play is described as idyllic, pure and beautiful. It has for its background the poetic setting of the south; for its theme, domestic love and the obliteration of all sectional feeling. In New York the play was witnessed by the members of the Southern society on several evenings, and they were the most enthusiastic of audiences. "Alabama" has been the subject of editorials by the dailies and illustrated reviews by the magazines. It is too quiet to be called great, too tender and sympathetic to be very dramatic. It seems to be more a chapter of domestic confidence to which the auditor is invited.

"Blue Jeans."

"Blue Jeans" has been not only the solitary distinguished "great hit" of the season in New York, but the most successful American production the stage has afforded in years. Artistically it has been as complete an achievement as the critic could demand. Commercially it has become the wonder and envy of the theatrical world. Produced early in the season at the Fourteenth Street theater under the direction of its author, Mr. Joseph Arthur, and his partner, Mr. J. Wesley Rosenquest, proprietor of the theater, the play scored an instantaneous triumph. This great play will be given at Wheeler's opera house for two nights and Saturday matinee, February 19 20.

Evangeline.

From the demand for seats it is evident that Rice's Evangeline will have a big house at the People's to-night when it opens a week's engagement. This light opera is a favorite that never wears out. It has not been seen in Toledo for some years and the theater goers will welcome it back. The company presenting the piece is a good one and a first-class performance is assured.

Harmonic Society Concert.

The Harmonic society concert at Wheeler's Wednesday evening is exciting much interest among musical people, for a rare treat is promised. The concert is under the auspices of the Ohio Yacht club and that alone would insure its excellence.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press speaks as follows of Miss Powell, the talented violiniste who will assist at the concert: "Miss Powell, the phenomenal violiniste, amply sustained her high and rapidly increasing reputation as a musician of skill exceptional, artistic merit rare, and promise literally unbounded.

HOW IT STARTED.

Mrs. Wm. T. Henderson of New York felt chilly, sneezed once or twice, and said, "I think I must have taken cold."

That was on Thursday. On Sunday she died! Doctors said it was the grip, but, "It started with a cold."

Mr. James G. Wheatly of Chicago went down to the Board of Trade on Monday morning buoyant with life and hope. He became heated, went out without his overcoat to get a hasty lunch, and the cold wind chilled him.

He died on Wednesday, a victim of pneumonia, which "started with a cold."

Hundreds of men and women are dying every day from grip, from pneumonia, from various troubles, all of which "started with a cold."

What is the lesson?

Stop the first symptoms. "A stitch in time saves nine." Do not delay. Use the best thing you can get, and do it at once.

But what shall I do?

Follow the experience of others. Mrs. Andrew D. Whitman, of Brooklyn, says:

"I felt the grip coming on. I knew this from what I heard others say. I was chilly, my head ached, my bones and muscles seemed in pain, I felt feverish, I was miserable. I did not delay, but began treating the trouble at once. The next day I was better, the third day well, and entirely through the use of Dr. Acker's English remedy for coughs, colds and consumption. It is grand."

Mr. Wilmot F. Glover of Buffalo says:

"I have no fear of the grip, none whatever. I have been attacked by it four different times and in each case have driven it off inside of twenty-four hours. How? By Dr. Acker's English remedy. I tell you this remedy will not only do what is claimed for it, viz., cure a cold in a day, check a cough in a night, but it will keep off the grip every time."

Both of these cases of grip "started with a cold." Be advised and during this season of the year check the first symptoms by the best thing you can get and thus avoid those terrible troubles which yet may only have "started with a cold."

OHIO NOTES.

A normal school is talked of at Hicksville.

Cleveland is to have another public library.

A new High school building will be erected at Dayton.

Mrs. Louis Harris, of Millersburg, has been adjudged insane.

There is talk of Ashtabula buying the local water works plant.

A horse breeders' association has been organized in Fulton county.

The dispute over water rates at Zanesville has been carried into court.

The body of an unknown man was found hanging to a tree near Niles.

Negotiations are in progress for the sale of the St. Charles hotel at Norwalk.

David Morningstar has been arrested at Salem for selling whisky to a habitual drunkard.

A swindler put a revenue stamp figure on a $2 bill and made it $20, and got caught at it.

Joseph G. Wallace, dry goods merchant at Newark, has made an assignment, with $3,000 assets.

The saw mill owned by Thomas Fitch at Sidney was destroyed by fire, which is the third time.

Fred Hamell, a Lake Shore brakeman, of Fremont, was killed at Collins while making a coupling.

A traveling man owed a Lima business man a bill, and the constable attached his clothes while he slumbered.

The Stonecutters' union at Youngstown has adopted a scale of wages at 45 cents an hour and nine hours a day.

Jonathan Amstutz, a dry goods merchant at Bluffton, Allen county, is insane, caused by a faith cure revival.

A stock company with $50,000 capital stock has been organized to build an electric railroad from Mineral Ridge to Niles.

DELAMATER METHODS.

Startling Statements Made to the Courts.

With a Capital of $2,500 the Liabilities Were $1,000,000 with Assets at $300,000,

Meadville, Pa., Feb. 15.—The interesting fact was developed in the trial of the Delamaters for embezzlement that the firm of Delamater & Co., bankers, was organized with a capital of only $10,000, and that of this amount only $2,500 had been paid in, but the liabilities of the bankers at the time of the failure were $1,100,000. These facts were brought out by the testimony of W. G. McGunnegal, a brother-in-law of ex-Senator Delamater and at one time part owner of the bank.

He testified that the firm of Delamater & Co. was a private partnership; that George B. Delamater was half owner, ex-Senator George W. Delamater one-fourth owner and that T. A. Delamater and himself owned one-eighth. He withdrew from the firm four years ago. He said that the principle upon which the business was conducted was that it made no difference how small the capital of the bank was so long as the members of the firm were solvent.

An attempt was made to prove that the firm had been insolvent since 1886, by submitting the report of the appraisers. This was ruled out and the Assignee Haskins was placed on the stand to prove the insolvency by a detailed statement of assets and liabilities. He was still on the stand when court adjourned. This afternoon he testified that the firm and individual liabilities amounted to nearly $1,000,000, and that the cash value of the assets was less than one-third of this sum.

True Politeness.

First Lady—I saw your husband meet you on Fulton street yesterday, and I noticed that he removed his hat while speaking to you. I admired him for that. Very few men do that.

Second Lady—I remember; I told him in the morning to have his hair cut, and he was showing me that he had obeyed.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

How's Your Liver?
Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.
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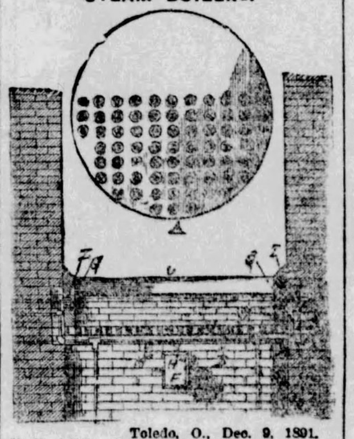
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He will be at his office next to Hotel Hamilton, 419 Madison Street, Toledo, O., Tuesday, January 19, and thereafter as formally.

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1892 THE KETCHAM FARM 1892
BARONSTEIN 6149.
PUBLIC TRIAL 2:21.
Sired by Baron Wilkes, record 2:18 (sire of Nydia Wilkes, 2:22¼; Nida Wilkes, 2:21¼; Bay Mot, 2:25¾; Brava, 2:28¼; Frenchy, 2:24½; Lady Ethel, 2:28¼)
1st Dam Steinette ..... by Steinway 1808.
Dam of Bourbon Russell, 2:30. Record at 3 years 2:25¾ and sire of Cotsea, 2:21; Cæsar, 2:18¾; Chas. Derby, 2:23; Lily P., 2:19¾; Baden, 2:26¾; Strathwar, 2:30
2d Dam Ned ..... by Edwin Forrest (Berkley's).
Dam of Clemmie G ..... 2:18¾ — Sire of dams of Roger Hanson, 2:18¾; Mattie, 2:20, and five others.
Post Boy 2:23
Forrest Wilkes 2:24½
Alice Stoner 2:24½
Mystery 2:25¾
Etc. Etc.
3d Dam ..... by Mambrino Chief 11.
4th Dam ..... by Gray Eagle.
5th Dam ..... by Bolivar.
Baronstein will make the season of 1892 at The Ketcham Farm, Toledo, Ohio. For the season, with usual return privilege. Money due at time of service. Limited to 30 mares including my own.
Baronstein is grandly bred, is a perfect individual, and is a trotter. Address
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Important Changes.
Dr Biglow has made a complete change of assistants. His office will not be open all night in the future, but only till 9 p. m. He will give Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for extracting without pain and for half price, the same as last year. Call early.
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Phone 1234.

THE CHILD IS BORN

Report of the Coinage Committee.

The Lengthy Document Presented To-Day.

The Free Silver Men Are Now at Bat.

Arguments in Favor of the New Bill.

The Big Silver Dollar, After Which the People of the Country Are Scrambling, Promises to be Considered Now at Length.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The report of the majority of the committee on coinage, weights and measures, recommending the passage of the Bland free coinage bill, was presented to the house to-day by Mr. Bland.

The report is a long and carefully-prepared document which discusses the various objections made against free coinage showing where, in the opinion of the majority, those objections are ill founded, and how free coinage of silver would greatly benefit this country and especially the producers.

The report begins with an explanation of the provisions of the bill reported. The free coinage of silver is provided for, and it is required that it be of standard fineness to meet the cost of the alloy used, the alloy being all the expense now exacted of depositors of gold. Coin notes may be issued on the gold or silver notes deposited if demanded, instead of waiting for the coin. The committee raised the maximum denomination of these notes from $500 to $1,000, so as to accommodate dealing in large transactions and bank exchanges. These notes are made legal tender, redeemable in coin on demand. The bill provides for the conversion of all our gold and silver notes into coin notes, redeemable in coin, thus doing away entirely with all legal distinctions. It is believed this will greatly tend to promote equality in all respects. There will no longer be issued gold notes or silver notes, but bi-metallic notes payable in either coin at the pleasure of the government.

The report says it is contended that the reason we exported silver bullion while our mints were still open to its free coinage was that our ratio was such that our coin and bullion silver was worth more as compared to gold at European mints than here and that the same result would again follow our ratio remaining at 16 to 1 with the French mints open to free coinage at 15 1-2 to 1. This, it is held, would prevent European nations, especially France, from again returning to the bimetallic system. To avoid this committee provided that our ratio should be changed to 15 1-2 to 1 so soon as France resumes free silver coinage at that ratio.

The report then under the head. "The Dump of Silver," proceeds to discussion of the cry that free coinage of silver would make the United States the dumping ground for the silver of the world.

The report says: "The familiar warning that free coinage would cause ship loads of silver from other countries to be brought here and dumped at our mints in exchange for our gold is still urged. How can this be, under the bill or proposed law? The ship load of silver brought to our mints by the foreigner would be coined into standard dollars and these dollars returned to him, and he could not go to our treasury and demand gold for them. Nor could he compel one of our citizens to swap him a gold dollar for a silver dollar. That is a voluntary trade that no law ought to interfere with. Should the foreigner take coin notes for his bullion instead of coin, the same thing happens.

He can take his coin note to the treasury and demand redemption, but the note is redeemable in coin, and the secretary of the treasury could hand him back the coin struck from his ship load of bullion.

The foreigner then would ascertain that he had committed the blunder of bringing silver to our mints when it is worth 3 cents on the dollar less than it was at home, and that he loses his 3 cents and cost of transportation besides. What, then, will he do with his money? He must either invest it in property here or go home with it.

He could not buy gold with it, or gold exchange, unless gold and silver were at par; in this case, there could be no reason for preferring the one metal to the other. If gold went to a premium he would have to pay the premium on his exchange, thus entailing on him additional loss in his enterprise of sending us ship loads of silver. If he invests his ship load of silver money in our property and business enterprises it will at once stimulate industries, awaken enterprises and give us a healthy business and sound currency.

What more could be desired? Every ship load of silver thus brought here and invested in productive wealth would have a two-fold effect. It would bring unexampled prosperity to this country. The next effect would be panics in the old world. Business there would be paralyzed for want of money; their prosperity destroyed.

Prosperity here and stagnation in the old countries would force ship loads of their people to this country in search of their ship loads of money. The nations of the old world are aware of this. They would see to it that no such things occurred; they know the advantage the free coinage of silver would guarantee us, hence their uniform predictions that calamity would be the result instead of prosperity. They are not in the habit of giving us trustworthy advice as to the course we should pursue in this matter."

From Windom.

The report then quotes from the report of Mr. Windom, the secretary of the treasury, for the year 1889, in which the secretary took the position that no danger need be apprehended of a flood of European silver.

Said the secretary: "There is, in fact, no known accumulation of silver bullion anywhere in the world. Germany long since disposed of her stock of melted silver coins, partly by sale, partly by recoinage into her own new subsidiary coins, and partly by use in coining for Egypt. Only recently it became necessary to purchase silver for the Egyptian coinage executed at the mint at Berlin."

"It is plain then that there is no danger that silver product of past years will be poured into our mints, unless new steps be taken for demonetization, and for this improbable contigency ample safeguards can be provided.

"Nor need there be any serious apprehension that any considerable part of the stock of silver coin of Europe would be shipped to the United States for deposit for treasury notes.

"There is much less reason for shipping coin to this country than bullion, for while the leading nations of Europe have discontinued the coinage of full legal tender silver pieces, they have provided by law for maintaining that existing stock of silver coins at par.

"In England, Portugal and the states of the Scandinavian union, there is no stock of silver coin except subsidiary coins, required for change purposes, the nominal value of which is far in excess of the bullion value. Germany has in circulation about $100,000,000 in old silver thalers, but ten years have passed since the sales of bullion arising under the anti-silver legislation of 1873 were discontinued. It is safe to say there is no stock of silver coin in Europe which is not needed for business purposes.

"The states of the Latin union and Spain which has a similar monetary system, are the only countries in Europe which have any large stock of silver coins and the commercial necessities of these countries are such that they could not afford without serious financial distress to withdraw from circulation silver coins which are at par with their gold coins to deposit them at our mints on payment of their bullion value in notes."

Where Gold is Wanted.

"The truth is," the majority report then continues "that the conspiracy formed in the old world, planned and successfully carried through, there and here, was aimed to confine the debt paying mediums of the nations concerned to the single metal, gold. For this purpose the par of centuries was broken. Gold was decreed to rapidly rise in value, thus adding 50 per cent. to the value of credits, enriching creditors, public and private, at the expense of debtors and taxpayers; enormously depressing the value of labor and the products of labor, as compared to notes, bonds and mortgages. The words free coinage of silver send a thrill of terror to the promoters of this conspiracy and the beneficiaries.

They know that when this great government thus throws its weight in the silver balance the world will again be restored to full faith and confidence in the future safety of silver as the money of the world. The old par will return, the two metals being tied together by the strong ligature of 44 states and five territories, with a population of 65,000,000 and an area of 3,000,000 square miles.

The greatest people and the greatest metallic power in the world can never again be disturbed. The conspiracy would be exposed and defeated. It is this phase of the issue they fear, not the swapping of shiploads of dollars of silver and dollars of gold. It is the restoration of the bimetallic par.

It is the skeleton of defeated fraud and avarice that lurks in the closet of the gold palace, that we are called upon to meet in battle on the free coinage question. The bushwhacking warfare against restoration of silver is the most potent exhibition of the

Disappearing of Gold.

It is argued first that all our gold will go to a premium and be hoarded in the next breath it is said that the silver miner would be enriched by coining his bullion worth 75 cents into a dollar worth 100 cents, not stopping to think that this could not be so unless the free coinage of silver puts it at par with gold, in which case there could be no premium on gold and no hoarding for such reasons.

The next slogan is that the billions of silver coins of other countries would immediately be brought here to exchange for our gold, thus, without stopping to reflect that to-day we have only $125,000,000 of gold in the federal treasury, and even this cannot by any proposed free coinage law be drawn out in payment for silver dollars of coin notes.

No citizen of the United States is compelled by law to swap his gold dollar for a silver dollar, nor is there any law in existence or proposed that compels an exchange of silver for gold without paying any premium that may at any time exist on gold.

"Again, it is said we give the silver miner at our mints a dollar for bullion that costs only 41 cents, without hesitating a moment to reflect that the gold miner, as is often done, extracts five ounces a day in gold, that we coin into $100 when his days wages is worth only $3 or $4, thus coining his product that costs but $4 into money of $100.

There are no mining statistics that can even approximate the vast outlay of labor and capital, not to say privation and deprivation, wasted absolutely in the search of the precious metals, gold and silver. The old adage 'that "it takes a gold mine to work a silver mine' is an illustration of the costs of such mining, many thousands wasted their labor and capital in fruitless search for the hidden treasure.

There is absolutely no reliable data to estimate the cost that the mining of our precious metals has, one way or another, entailed. As a mining question it may be fairly said that the gold miner has a monopoly at our mints, that equality and justice would give the silver miner the same privilege. But the mining question, as a matter of fact, has no place in this discussion. It is lurged in to prejudice and blind the mind. When the utter inconsistencies and fallacies of all the other objections to free coinage is shown, we are confronted with the ultimatum that our gold will flee this country at once, contracting our currency to the amount of $6-6,000,000.

"The monthly statement of the secretary of the treasury for January 1, 1892, shows we have in the treasury gold coin and bullion $278,846,750. The last annual report of the controller of the currency shows gold in national banks amounting to $87,675,142 and in private banks and other institutions $8,883,552, a total in banks of $96,558,694, making a total in treasury and in banks of $375,402,554. This amount we have trustworthy record of being in this country. The remainder of the estimate of $686,000,000 is mere guess work. Of all the objections used against free coinage this, in the opinion of your committee, is the only one that deserves serious consideration. That the change proposed in our currency laws involving the complete restoration of the bimetallic standard, a return to the coinage of both metals on equal terms, will cause for the moment some apprehensions and probably a disposition to hoard gold, may be expected. Yet any evils that may result must in the nature of the situation be transitory. No important change that effects our fiscal system can be made without, in some respects, in first effects at least, causing some inconvenience or friction somewhere. Yet it will not be contended that our laws relating to currency or the tariff or other modes of taxation are never to be altered. The ultimate good to be obtained is, and always has been, a sufficient argument for amendments.

Restoring Silver.

"To restore silver, now, would not make the radical change that was affected in our currency laws by the act demonetizing it. Indeed, demonetization took place without warning and at a time when we were looking to a resumption of coin payments and surely needed all the specie possible. We have approached free silver gradually. We resumed the coin of the standard silver dollar in 1878, with the distinct purpose of putting this country on the gold and silver basis. At no time since then has there been a cessation on the part of a vast majority of our people of efforts for its complete rehabilitation. We have coined over 400,000,000 of silver dollars, and have besides over $50,000,000 of silver bullion, and are now purchasing 4,500,000 ounces every month, or 54,000,000 ounces annually. Our approach to free coinage has been ready and persistent. We believe silver should have been restored at once in 1878. Then the longer it is delayed the greater the injustice done to our people.

"A few timid people and a few misers might for a moment hoard gold; but the gold in this country for the most part is held by a class of our citizens who are too shrewd and alive to their own interests to drop this gold in the sea or bury it in the ground, whence it came and whence it will continue to be extricated. The holders of gold could not and would not bear the loss of so much dead capital. At least they would do more with gold than they are now doing—loan it out in contracts for the return of principal and interest in gold. We are now suffering all the evils alleged against free coinage by its opponents without the realization of many of the benefits of free coinage claimed by its friends.

The restoration of silver as a money metal by this country would at once allay all fears of its ultimate remonetization by the nations of the world. It would give confidence in silver as a safe medium of exchange, leaving no pretext whatever for the apprehensions now indulged in. There could be no hoarding of gold.

"The stocks of the coined silver that would add to the world's money would in the nature of things cheapen gold and render it burdensome to meet gold contracts than now.

To take $600,000,000 of gold out of our circulation immediately and before the vacuum could be supplied by free coinage would necessarily lower prices to such an extent that gold would buy more of commodities than now. This fact alone would at once cause gold to be imported instead of exported; it would cause gold to be invested instead of hoarded. Gold cannot be hoarded or exported as a profit till some other forms of money take its place in our circulation."

Silver and Cotton.

On this point the majority quote from an article printed the past week in a Wall street paper calling attention to the fact that silver and cotton (of the latter of which we exported in 1891, $276,658,029, against $231,492,880 of all breadstuffs) are selling at lowest prices in history. A telegram from New York, Dated February 1, is also quoted. This telegram related that the cotton had tumbled the day before and after noting that the decline, as England settled with India in silver and the lower silver goes the cheaper England can buy in India."

Continuing, the report says that breadstuffs are doing somewhat better now than cotton owing to the failure of such crops nearly everywhere except in the United States. Yet, notwithstanding the unusual failure, our food products are now selling to low for any profit. These are also falling and will suffer the same as cotton under like conditions.

Bullion Purchases.

This brings the report up to a discussion of bullion purchases. "Bullion purchases," it says, "will not restore the parity of the two metals. Bi-metalism does not tolerate the idea that one metal, gold for instance, shall be set up as the standard by which the other metal, silver, shall be purchased or measured. This is gold mono-metalism, and fixes gold as the measuring metal or the sole valuator.

Bi-metallism means that each metal shall be a standard with itself. Free coinage of silver means that all silver bullion of 412 1-2 grains standard or 371 1-4 grains pure silver shall be worth a dollar in lawful payments. The stamp of the government is affixed to it solely for the purpose of a guaranty of its weight and fineness. It is the bullion that is in fact legally monetized. This being so, the bullion 412 1-2 grains of standard silver is always worth a dollar, because the law so declares. Silver cannot fall below the value which the government gives it at the mint, because the mint is an open market for all of it at a fixed price. The same may be said of gold. Yet other countries may make such a demand for gold as to make that metal more valuable than silver. They may in time make such a demand for silver as to put it above gold, but at our mints they remain the same in debt-paying power.

The report then quotes from a well-known authority to the effect that as people want always to pay in the cheaper money the demand under the double standard for the metal which falls off in price results in raising the value of that metal again and bringing the two together.

The report of last year giving an exhaustive review of the way in which France held the two methods together, is cited with reference to the ability of the United States to maintain each metal at par, and also as showing that the minority (then the free silver men) predicted that under the present Conger bill the divergence between the two metals would increase instead of diminish.

The majority then go on to show that free coinage would put more money into circulation besides doing what is of prime importance, viz.: raising the status of silver the world over.

In conclusion the majority submit the report made at the last session by Mr. Bartine, of Nevada, who, as the leader of the free coinage republicans on the committee and in the house, made a comprehensive, exhaustive and judicial review of the silver question in all its details. In this document Mr. Bartine combatted the cry that free coinage would flood us with cheap silver showing by a consideration of the financial conditions of Europe and India that it was not to be apprehended.

The quotations from Mr. Bartine's report also go with more elaboration into most of the points outlined in the first part of the report to be submitted to-morrow.

QUALE IS IN FOR IT.

Three of His Fellow Truth-Tellers

Peach on Him, and as a Result the Presque Isle Manager Has Gotten Himself Into a Box.

Last fall, when the gamy bass and sly perch were making lively sport for local fishermen, to say nothing of the morals that were wrecked on the shoals of untruthfulness, F. N. Quale, William [illegible], Dr. Horace M. Edson and J. B. Franz went down to Gard island channel on Capt. Gates' launch "Cygnet," to feel bait and lay the foundation for a fish story that would knock John Gunckel's best galley west.

The outing ended as all such pleasant events do, and the fishermen, tanned, unshorn, returned home. Soon after the return, Mr. Quale told his friends about the city of a thrilling battle he had with a muscalonge, that weighed 32 pounds, which he boated with an ordinary bass rod and raw silk line. He produced the fish all right enough and pointed to the marks of a gaff in the old fellow's head as evidence to clinch his statement. The story was also confirmed by Messrs. Gates, Franz and Mr. Edson, who gaffed the fish.

At the next meeting of the Ohio Yacht club, a committee, of which John E. Gunckel was chairman, was appointed to investigate the case, and the committee after due consideration reported that Mr. Quale bought the fish, and the cigars to the club was imposed as a fine on Mr. Quale as a penalty for the offense.

Several meetings elapsed, and the cigars were not forthcoming. As a last resort Messrs. Gates, Edson and Franz turned state's evidence.

At the last meeting of the club Mr. Gunckel read the following to that effect:

Section 1 of the constitution of the state of Ohio, of 1851, decrees that, "All men are, by nature, free and independent." Section 11 reads, "Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects." Therefore, being citizens of the great state of Ohio, born and bred, as hereinafter described, and prompted by feelings solely for the purpose of seeking and obtaining happiness and safety for the general good of mankind, personally appeared at separate times and places, William Gates, Dr. Horace M. Edson and J. B. Franz. In Cuyahoga county, many years ago there stood, on the banks of one of the most picturesque and delightful streams, known as Chagrin river of our land—an unassuming moss-covered land mark, and old-fashioned mill, whose water wheel, with its giant arms, dashed the bending spray and furnished the power to grind the farmers' grain, bringing wealth and happiness to the miller. One evening as the western sky was tender with radiance from the slowly sinking sun, the old water wheel was stopped, the round mill stone was still, and the village bells pealed forth a chime seldom heard in those early days. The word was whispered far and near, a boy was born at Gates' Miss, and he was christened William Gates. The boy passed successfully through all the ills, pains and scratches of childhood, and as the years crept on he not only became a thorough engineer but one of the most truthful anglers at Gates' Mills. To-day he is a good citizen, truthful as the world goes, and is the happy owner, captain, pilot, engineer, purser, deck hand and cook of one of the staunchest little steam launches that ever crossed the bay of Maumee.

Nearly seventy miles east of Toledo there is an old colonial Ohio settlement full of interesting traditions and relics of early inhabitants. No Lake Shore town is more beautifully situated, no village more appreciated or better known from the great and good men sent from its doors than Vermillion, O. Yachtmen, scientific men, truthful anglers, able and learned doctors, with flowing beards, were born in this pleasant town but to be scattered throughout the land to do good.

One night when nobody was looking, when the nor'east wind moaned and sighed, Dr. Horace M. Edson was born at Vermillion. His early childhood was a model of perfection. When a young man he could extract fish stories without pain and scorned to tell a lie. This policy seemed part and parcel of his existence and to-day he stands among his fellow men a timid, bashful, thoughtful witness. The next one.

J. B. Franz, of the Hotel Hamilton, was born in a country where calmus roots grow, in the town of Bucyrus. It is a common saying that the happiest and most innocent people are born and raised in our inland towns. Good natured, sociable, truthful, men who love their homes and firesides and regard their fellow companions with mingled respect and affection. Franz' early years were full of promises, his genial nature introduced him into many a youthful scrape. He was fat, chubby and never hesitated to tie his associates' clothes when in swimming. His boyhood days were of the brightest, and he never knew what the term fish-liar meant until he cast his lot among city men such as the names this petition cites.

It having been clearly shown that these three gentlemen—Gates, Edson and Franz—are native born citizens and endowed with a national desire to speak the truth, declare with their own free will that, on or about the first autumnal day, last fall, one Quale, whose nativity is unknown, was invited to accompany the trio in a fishing excursion to the amber waters of Ten Mile creek, leaving Toledo in the afternoon, arriving and anchoring off Guard Island after sun-down. The evening was spent in relating early experiences in hunting and fishing and drinking iced tea; that Franz was astonished at the marvelous tales and surprised at the general coolness with which men could tell fish lies and live. The night was a memorable one, the narrow cabin echoed with the snoring from the slumbering dreamers, while on the beach strange sounds were heard resembling the cries of men engaged in serious conflict while phantom yachts drifted noiselessly around the Cygnet, the sailors and yachtmen demanding possession of the island. When daylight dawned the sun rose from out the glittering lake and a gentle whisker disturber from off the lily-scented marsh blew through the shimmering leaves. It was the same wind which had toyed with the Tiadley years ago. After partaking of several cups of Gates' famous coffee, fishing tackle was introduced and every conceivable method and bait used to lure the largest fish, but not a bite. About 9 o'clock a boat was seen approaching from the sulphur spring, and as it came nearer it was discovered the owner was conveying fish to the market. At this single announcement Quale became unmanageable and without being influenced declared he would purchase the entire lot to surprise and show the Toledo anglers what could be done in the channel of Gard Island.

Quale had everything his own way and when the boatman displayed a monster muskalonge, which he claimed to have shot with a revolver while the fish was attempting to leap over the lead of his net, Quale instantly dove deep down into his pockets and tempted the boatman by exhibiting a pint of Produce Exchange gold and silver, and straightway bought the fish and insisted upon the immediate return to Toledo to show what he alone had caught.

Therefore, in brief, Quale's countenance changed, he looked at the immense fish, turned it over and over, saw the bullet hole in its side and then and ever since declared he caught the fish with hook and line and so sincere and artfully did he describe how the fish with mouth wide open, with glittering eyes, sprang from the depths, seized the minnow and swift as the shaft from the bended bow he shot down the channel, and when hooked how he made the water foam, how Quale played him until subdued and how the bullet hole in the fish was made by Dr. Edson's skillful use of the gaff. So true to nature was his description and so often did he repeat it that Quale believed himself and before the Cygnet arrived at Toledo the three gentlemen declared Quale actually caught the muskalonge with hook and line, and so made known to the public. But when winter winds came cooling their brows and the fishing reason returned they now solemnly declare with their own free will that Quale is endowed with a magnetic power and they were hypnotized. As evidence of the fact that Quale could not land a common river perch any person glancing at his fishing outfit and manner of casting would be convinced without prejudice that F. N. Quale did not, could not land the muskalonge in question. Therefore Quale should pay the fine imposed upon him.

Further, Gates, Edson and Franz saith not.

(Signed)
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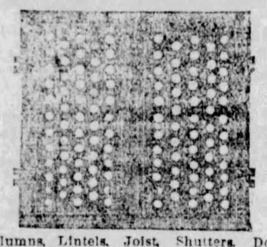

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Notice to Contractors.

Sewers.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 22ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four-inch shell along the center line of Monroe street from the center of Detroit avenue to the north line of Bancroft street.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four-inch shell, along the center line of the alley between Knower street and South street, from the sewer in Manmee avenue to the west line of Dix street.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four-inch shell, along the center line of Harrison street, from the sewer in alley between Erie street and Vinton street to Mill street and along Mill street and the alley lying next west of Vinton street from Harris street to a point forty feet northeast of North Railroad avenue.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four-inch shell, along the center line of Michigan street from the sewer in Ash street to the northeast line of Stickney avenue.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four-inch shell, along the center line of Sixth street from the center of Nevada street to Starr avenue.

Said work to be paid for in an assessment upon the lots and lands benefited thereby in proportion to the benefits, payable to the contractor or assigns, one-half in 10 days after the confirmation of the assessment and the remainder in one year thereafter, except the cost of that part of the work in street intersections, which will be paid in cash within 90 days after the acceptance of the work.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice, must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council,
C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.
mon feb-8-e-o-d-2-w

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INDIAN DAYS AND TROUBLES

Simon Girty and the Siege of Fort Henry.

The Speeches of "White Eyes" and "Pipe"—How the Indians Were Won to the British Cause and Set Against the Colonists.

(By Dr H. Scott)

One of their chiefs delivered in open council, at Fort Pitt (Pittsburg) in the presence of British officers, a speech, setting forth that the English could pay them liberally in rifles, ammunition and gold, and the colonists could not, and urged that as a reason for espousing the British cause. Just at that time an unfortunate circumstance occurred. The news of the murders committed by Cresap, Greathouse and others, having reached the council while in session, determined most of the chiefs to join the British against the colonists; and the council broke up in great disorder and rage.

There was a distinguished chief of the Delawares, named "White Eyes," who was a warm friend of the colonists; and of the missionaries. The following is an extract of one of his speeches, after he had induced his tribe to vote that Christian missionaries should be taken under their protection:

"I am an old man, and know not how long I may have to live, therefore rejoice that I have been able to induce you to this decision. Our children and grandchildren will reap the benefit of it. Now I am ready to die whenever God pleases."

Not long after this White Eyes died of small-pox, and was succeeded by Chief Pipe, who was a pagan, and a man of immoral habits. He declared he hated both the Americans and English; but delivered himself of the following sentiments:

"The Americans are so poor they cannot give us a blanket or a shirt in exchange for our peltries. But the British are rich. They will give us all we need. Unless we make them our friends we shall all perish."

Subsequently there was a council at Detroit, at which Pipe was present. Among many other things, he said to the British commander:

"Father, some time ago you put a war hatchet into my hand. You said, take this and try it on the head of the Long-knives, my enemies. Then let me know if it is sharp and good. When you gave me the hatchet I had no wish to go to war with a foe that done me no harm. But you say that you are my father—that I am your child—I obeyed—I knew that if I did not, you would withhold from my tribe the necessaries of life. We could obtain them nowhere else. Father, listen: while you are setting us on your enemies as the hunter set his dog on the game—while we are rushing on that enemy of yours with the bloody hatchet you gave us, we may chance to look back to the place from which you started us. And what shall we see? Perhaps we shall see our father shaking hands with the Long-knives—with those he now calls his enemies. I may then see him laughing at my folly for obeying his orders. And yet I am risking my life at his command. Father, remember this."

To influence the tribes to join the British armies, tories visited them at one time, and told them that Gen. Washington was dead; the colonial congress dispersed, and many of the members hanged and the rest would be as soon as caught; and that most of the colonists had fled to the mountains for safety. This error was corrected by a missionary by the name of Heckwelder. But other considerations influenced the Indians to fight mostly with the British.

Much has been said of Indian barbarity, and terrible as some of it has been, it has never exceeded that perpetrated by renegades from the whites, who have joined themselves to the savages. Foremost among the class was Simon Girty, a name still execrated. He seemed a demon incarnate. Simon Girty was a private in the army of Gen. Lewis. Gen. Lewis is represented as having been a hot-headed man, with less than a due balance of discretion. Girty and Lewis had an altercation in the camp at Point Pleasant, about some trivial matter, in which Lewis, forgetting his rank, struck Girty with a stick so hard that it cut a deep gash in his forehead. Girty could not resist in kind. He walked out of the door, and turning back a withering look on the general, said, "Your camp will swim in blood for that, soon." Girty made his escape and went and joined the army of Cornstalk, then marching against Point Pleasant; and during the siege that followed, directed his rifle's deadly aim against his own fellow soldiers of only a day or two before. The siege was protracted, and Girty was heard to say afterwards, that he had sent the leaden messenger of death through half a dozen of his former companions in arms.

After the close of the siege of Point Pleasant, Girty went with Cornstalk to Sandusky, where he was shortly made a chief.

Fort Henry was at that time the nucleus of what is now the city of Wheeling, West Virginia. Girty was familiar with the situation, and the state of affairs there, and at once set about organizing a force and a plan for its reduction. The fort was at the time garrisoned by 40 soldiers, about one-half of whom were old men and the remainder boys of 15 or 16 years, under the command of Col. Shepherd. All able-bodied men were in the colonial army. The place consisted of the fort—stockade—including about one acre of ground, and a village of about 30 cabins. Rumors were received that a body of Indians were marching on the works, but none had been seen.

On the morning of September 26, 1777, the village was thrown into alarm by a report that Indians had been seen in the near proximity. On the following morning Col. Shepherd sent a negro boy and a white man to bring some horses from the cornfield for the purpose of sending an express to the nearest settlement for reinforcements. The white man was shot down, but the fleet-footed negro reached the fort in safety. The colonel at once sent 14 of his best men to pursue the Indians. They were ambushed, and 11 of the 14 shot down. Hearing the firing, the colonel sent 12 other men under the command of Capt. Ogle to the assistance of Capt. Mason. Ogle also fell into ambush and lost two-thirds of his men, himself being severely wounded. The garrison was now reduced to less than thirty men and boys. But the fort was partially reinforced by the villagers, and many of the women were experts in the use of the rifle.

Girty had by this time massed his forces, and hotly began the siege by firing on the fort from all directions, the villagers having retreated within the stockades, which were bullet proof. Girty soon found the leaden missiles from the inside of the stockades so troublesome he was compelled to change his plan. He placed his sharp-shooters in the deserted cabins, from which the fire was kept up with no success. Girty nevertheless had the impudence to demand a surrender from the window of his cabin, in the name of the king of England, and received the reply, that Col. Shepherd would not surrender to a renegrade while there was one man alive to defend the situation. This so enraged Girty that he swore if he had to reduce the place by siege, he would murder every man, woman and child in it.

The siege went on with renewed vigor. The besieged reserved their fires, and so accurately directed them, that very few bullets failed to bring down a savage. The Indians kept up a demoniac yell; and for six hours the battle raged fiercely. Girty secured a large hollow log which he converted into a cannon, loading it to near its mouth with iron slugs. With this he hoped to batter down the palisades. The Indians gathered thickly around it to see the fun. The match was applied, the log flew into fragments, dealing death on every side. Quite a number of the savages were killed, and many wounded.

The ammunition in the fort was now nearly exhausted; but there was a magazine under the guns of the fort that the enemy dared not approach. It became a matter of vital importance to secure a keg of powder, and volunteers were called for to go and bring it. It was an exceedingly perilous undertaking. In fact, the chances were as twenty to one that the bold adventurer would be shot down. Elizabeth Zane tendered her services, in the following patriotic speech:

"In the present weak state of the garrison no man ought to be allowed needlessly to peril his life. I can perform the duty as well as any man. If I fall, the loss will be of little consequence; if a soldier falls, it might prove a fatal calamity, involving the capture of the fort and the death of every one in it."

She went and brought the keg of powder safely into the fort. At first the Indians did not molest her; probably under the belief that she could do no harm, being unarmed; but presently, when they saw her returning with the keg, they sent a dozen bullets at her, but her strength and fleetness saved her, and she entered the fort in safety. Elizabeth was a young woman, of the Zane family, well known in the early history of Wheeling.

At night the Indians, under the command of Girty, fell back into the woods, where they kept up an incessant yelling. They did not probably think the whites would dare to venture outside of the stockade, and therefore they put out no guard. It seems, however, that word got abroad in some way that Fort Henry was invested, for during the night Gen. McCullock, of Short Creek, arrived at the fort with 40 mounted men, and Col. Swearengen with 12 footmen.

Gen. McCullock was cut off from the gate just as his last man had entered. He turned his horse and fled, but was surrounded on all sides by howling demons. His fate seemed sealed. He was finally driven to the top of what has since been known as Wheeling hill, where there were but two courses open to him; either to dash his horse back through the savage host and take one chance of escape to one hundred that he would be shot; or, on the other hand, urge the greatly alarmed beast down the precipice that seemed certain death to both horse and man. The leap was taken, and the noble beast went plowing down through crags, and sharp declivities, until he reached the level land below, when horse and man disappeared in the forest, and Gen. McCullock was saved.

Girty, with his 500 savages of the Wyandot tribe, went into council, and concluded that Fort Henry was now too strongly reinforced to be taken by any means at their control. So, after setting fire to the cabins and fences of the village, and killing and carrying off about one hundred head of cattle, they took up the line of march for Sandusky. The loss to the colonists was, 26 killed and four wounded. The loss to Girty's forces was supposed to be about one hundred; though nothing accurate was known, as the Indians carried away most of their dead.

We may have more to do with Girty; but for the present we say that he lived to a great age in Canada, whither he fled after the peace of the revolution; and that a monument was erected to his memory by the British government.

THE GYMNASIUM OF HEAVEN.

"In Boston the great target of philanthrophy is, 'the North End,'" says Edwin D. Mead in the February New England Magazine. "Without the consciousness of a North End and the opportunity of 'doing something' for the North End, a great many kind folk, and others who enjoy thinking themselves kind, would feel themselves spiritually destitute, entirely without a gymnasium in which to get their souls muscular enough for heaven. The gymnastic of 'calling upon' South Enders has not yet, as the sturdy English preacher whose departure Boston now deplores, has hinted, become so attractive to our saints as 'doing something' for North Enders. It is easy to play God; it is a little tiresome yet for some of us to be good democratic brothers. The North End, as a matter of fact, is by no means the neediest part of Boston, although it once was, and the tradition lingers. It certainly is needy enough, however, to give scope and invitation for all the grace that is likely to be exercised toward it for a long time to come.

"But one public act would do more in ten years to regenerate this North End of Boston, which we thus make representative, than all the philanthropic dams and baths and plasters can do in a hundred years. In this section are two public schools, one for boys and one for girls. The school-houses are not worse than other school-houses, but there is nothing whatever about them that is attractive. In both of them are twice as many pupils as such buildings can properly accommodate. Each teacher has twice as many pupils in her room as she can gain that close personal acquaintance with which is necessary for real influence, or as she can manage at all without constantly taxing her nervous endurance to the utmost. We say that if instead of these two public schools there were six, with good buildings and good surroundings, with rooms made beautiful with the best pictures, with so many teachers that in no class need there be more than 30 boys or girls—we say that by this reform alone more would be done in ten years to redeem the North End of Boston than all the missions have done or can do in a hundred years."

ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY.

W. J. Arkell, publisher of Judge and Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, writes:

"Judge Building,
Cor. Fifth Ave. and Sixteenth St.,
New York, January 14, 1891.

"About three weeks since, while suffering from a severe cold which had settled on my chest, I applied an Allcock's Porous Plaster, and in a short time obtained relief.

"In my opinion, these plasters should be in every household, for use in case of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, or pains of any kind. I know that in my case the results have been entirely satisfactory and beneficial."

THE FIRST AMERICAN COINS.

The first metallic money of the North American continent was coined on Somers Island, one of the Bermudas, named after Sir George Somers, who was cast away upon it in 1609. In 1612 a colony, headed by Capt. John Moore, fitted out by the Virginia company, was sent to the island. There the endeavor was made to establish a currency. In the memoirs of the famous Capt. John Smith the following is found relating to it: "Besides meat, drink and clothes, they had for a tyme a certain kind of brasse money, with a hogge on one side, which was in memory of the very great abundance of hogges found at their first landing.'

But one coin was made. It was of most primitive make, being a mere planchette of copper set on a die and hammered with a mallet. Its nominal value was about 12 pence, inferable from the numeral XII. Stamped over the device, made undoubtedly to correspond to the English shilling, of which several specimens must have been in possession of members of the colony. There is but one specimen extant in England of this most rare coin.

In the group of settlements called the American colonies no metallic money was coined until 1652. Up to that time various articles passed current as money, some of them even more rude than the primitive currency of the aborigines found in the numerous tumult left by the mound builders.—Washington Star.

DON'T WORRY.

One day at a time conscientiously lived up to will keep the eyes bright and the cheeks round and rosy. Don't begin to worry about things beforehand. It will be time enough when they happen. It is the dread of what may come, not what is, that makes one old before the time, says the New York Press. If you lie awake half the night worrying about something that is going to occur the next morning you will be far less able to face bravely and work out the problem than if you had made an effort and thought of something else till sleep came. It is not half as hard as it sounds, and will grow easier every time you try it. Perhaps after all the disaster will not befall you or will be less awful than you anticipated, and just think what a lot of unnecessary wrinkles you have worried into your face.

Another thing, don't torment yourself about what people are going to think about this and that action. No matter what you do or leave undone some one will criticise you severely, and the very best rule for getting through life with comparative comfort is, after you have made up your mind as to the propriety and advisability of a certain course, pursue it calmly, without paying the slightest attention to the criticisms of the lookers on from the outside. You see, just because they are on the outside they can only see the surface. It does not matter in the least what they think.

THE TEMPTATION

To go out doors in rough weather is not strong, but we are, many of us, compelled to face rough weather frequently. Diseases which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there should be in the closet of every household—what? Not an unmedicated stimulant, absolutely devoid of anything but an excitive action, but a tonic combining, in the effective form of an invigorant and an alterative, the quality of defence against changes of weather. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has three or four properties that no other article of its class possesses. Not only does it relieve the complaints which it eventually cures, it fortifies the system against the bad effects of changes of temperature, fatally and too often shown in the deadly form of "la grippe;" it produces a radical change in the weakened condition of a system peculiarly liable to be attacked by it, and it tends to provide against the danger resulting from an impoverished condition of the blood and a disordered state of the liver or bowels.

INDEPENDENT WOMEN.

They Have a Hard Place, but Hold It Right Royally.

I was lunching with a friend at his boarding-house, the other day, says the New York correspondent of the Kansas City Star, when two young women, dressed with scrupulous attention to detail, took their places at one of the tables. Their behavior was unexceptionable. There was a fresh and wholesome look about them, a neatness that caught my eye at once, for I have great respect for a woman who makes her toilet a sort of religion. My friend didn't know who they were, only that they were newcomers; so, he asked the waitress.

"Why," exclaimed the servant, with a disdainful toss of her pretty head, "they are not ladies, sir. They work for a living!"

The answer amused me, for it drew a line not hitherto known to me, to-wit: that a woman who works for a living cannot be a lady. However, upon inquiry, I learn that this is the view taken by all servants in the boarding houses of the city—that no matter how refined, how well dressed these working women may be, they cannot possibly be ladies; that the ladies of the house are only those whose husbands pay their board and allow them to pass their time in idleness.

Now it struck me at once that these two young ladies—excuse me, young women—belong to a "type" which has sprung into existence in the last 25 or 30 years in this, and no doubt, in all other large cities; a clearly defined and hence easily recognized type—the independent woman. With excellent educations, acquired in grammer schools, they come to this city where their alert intelligence makes them desirable "helps" in law offices, offices of corporations, newspaper offices and as forewomen in the large dry goods establishments. They command salary enough to enable them to board in refined homes and to dress well. This makes them completely and absolutely independent of men, whom, in fact, they often push out of positions. It is natural that they should feel their importance, in spite of the judgment passed upon them by the servants of the house—that they are not ladies. And it is quite natural that the young men who board in the same house with these "independent women" should rather be inclined to sympathize with the servants in their positions—that a woman who works for a living cannot be a lady. At table you will observe that there is nothing more than a "modus vivendi," as the diplomats term it, existing between these young men and the independent women. They—the men—pass the compliments of the day with them, chat with them and on some occasions even drop into the parlor after dinner for a little friendly converse, but you never see one of the young men take the "independent woman" out to the theater with him or bring her a box of candy, or pay any marked court to her. And I must say the "independent woman" doesn't take this neglect very much to heart. Why? Simply because she knows that no matter how much they sneer at her at the boarding house, she is a "power" in the establishment where she works. Here the partners, or officers of the corporations are always "nice" to her; always have a smile and a pleasant word for her, are always doing little favors for her, that there is a sort of rivalry among them to be courteous and kind to her. They give her theater tickets, tickets for grand stands on review days, tickets for amateur entertainments; they send messengers to inquire after her health if she fails to appear at the office; they have her luncheon brought in from a neighboring restaurant, they take a sort of pride in this solo lady—excuse me, woman—of the establishment. She feels her importance, and, above all, her independence, and when the young men come in contact with her they feel it, too, and it is not pleasant to them.

Instinctively men feel themselves to be the natural wage workers, the protectors, and this type of woman startles them. They may not voice, but they feel, that sentiment uttered by one of their sex: "God made woman weak minded so that they would stand in need of man's protection." The "independent woman" knocks this sentiment all to smithers.

To the question, Which is your favorite poem? there may be a great variety of answers; but when asked, Which is your favorite blood-purifier? there can be only one reply—Ayer's Sarsaparilla, because it is the purest, safest, and most economical.

WOMEN SKATERS.

In Friesland, women are as fond of skating as the men, and frequently have races. At one of these races, which took place some years since, on a piece of ice in the outer ditch of the town of Leeuwarden, there were 13 competitors for the prize. A girl of 20 years of age gained the principal prize, consisting of a gold ornament for the head, and the other, the second, which was a coral necklace with a gold clasp. One of the competitors on this occasion was past 50, and many of them only 15. To afford some idea of their swiftness, it is stated that one young female passed over the course, which was 150 yards long, in 13 seconds, or at the rate of a mile in less than two minutes and a half.

Prudently break up your cold by the timely use of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, an old remedy for sore lungs and throats, and a certain curative for colds.

A Variety Best.

It is always more or less a question for the feeder of live stock to determine just where his feed will be worth the most: whether it will be best to feed for beef, pork or mutton; or for milk, butter, cheese or wool. Prices one year cannot always be taken as a basis for another, as what pays best one year will not always prove so the next. One of the advantages in keeping a variety of stock is that a better opportunity is afforded of realizing a profit on the whole than when dependence is placed upon one kind of stock. If one would know the condition of the market ahead in many cases at least the feeding might be done with a better profit. By keeping a variety of stock the risks may be greatly lessened. To this may be added a better opportunity of feeding out the various farm products.

Where a system of rotation is followed and a variety of crops grown a large per cent. would go to waste if only one kind of stock were fed.

In growing grain to feed and fatten the hog there is more or less roughness than can be used to a good advantage in feeding other kinds of stock, and at a less cost than when only one kind of stock is kept. Many could not afford to keep cattle were it not for the fact that during growth they can be fed material that would, to a considerable extent at least, go to waste, and while even then the margin of profit may be small, yet it is converting unmarketable products into money, and at the same time securing more or less manure to keep up the fertility. Raising a variety of crops lessens the risk of failure and affords a better opportunity of keeping stock at a less cost, while keeping a variety of stock affords a better opportunity of using the various products of the farm to the best advantage, lessening the risks. Under some conditions making a specialty of one kind of stock may be the most profitable, but ordinarily the better plan is to keep a good variety.—Prairie Farmer.

A BOOM FOR CHURCH FAIRS.

Mrs. J. W. Hummer, of High Bridge, New York, attended an oyster supper for the benefit of the Methodist Episcopal church. While eating the bivalves from the half shell her teeth suddenly struck a hard substance. Thinking she had bitten a piece of oyster shell, Mrs. Hummer removed the substance from her mouth. It proved to be an extraordinarily large pearl. A Philadelphia jeweler, who chanced to be present, pronounced it to be of perfect formation and exquisite color and said it was worth at least $2,500.

Age Will Tell,

Crow feet will come. Prevent tendency to Wrinkles, Ageing or Withering of the skin, drying up of the flesh, by using LEAURELLE OIL BALM. Gives a rosy, youthful hue to the rough coarse grained skin, abolishes Pimples, Freckles, Blotches; clears the lifeless, clay-like, sallow complexion; tones down redness of nose, face and hands. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists. Large size prepaid by express for $1.00. E. S. Wells, Jersey City.

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM.

If gray, Wells' Hair Balsam gradually restores to original color; elegant tonic dressing, 50c., $1, Druggists; large size prepaid by express for $1.

E. S. Wells, Jersey City.

WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER restores Sexual vigor.

No Waiting for Results.

When the face and hands are dry, feverish, chapped, rough, or the skin irritated from whatever cause, the advantages of using LEAURELLE OIL BALM are that only one application is needed, which will dry in instantly, leaving no traces, excepting a smooth even skin; does not grease nor soil anything, need not be covered up or washed off, delightful for the toilet. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists. Large size prepaid by express for $1.00.

E. S. Wells, Jersey City.

ROUGH ON CORNS. Liquid, 15c. Salve and Plaster, 10c.

La Grippe, Small-Pox,

Diphtheria, Cholera nor Malaria have any terrors for those who brace, tone and fortify the system with Wells' Health Renewer. Goes direct to weak spots. $1.00, Druggists.

FORCE THEM OUT.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is a remedy which is far in advance of medical science, as it has been expelling Microbi from the blood, and curing the worst diseases for 50 years, and it is only recently that the medical world have concluded that

THE ONLY WAY

to cure disease is to force out the baccilli through the PORES OF THE SKIN.

S.S.S. Never Fails to do this.

AN EDITOR MR. W. C. CURTIS, Editor of the Mecklenburg News, at Boydton, Va., says that he has been entirely relieved from an abscess which formed in his throat, and caused intense pain, almost choking him. He could not swallow solid food, and was in a most painful condition. He says that he took only three bottles, and that it effected a complete cure.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

QUICKLY, THOROUGHLY, FOREVER CURED

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist: here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

REGO SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST CURES INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA

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The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men only. Address Dr. Ward, Box 1895, New York City.

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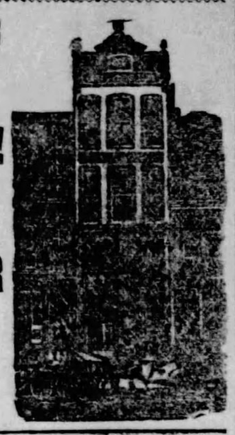
GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR! AND Fine Woolen DRAPER 305 SUMMIT STREET.



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Is the place to get a good fit in

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Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars from Chicago to San Francisco and the Pacific Coast.

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For the accommodation of purchasers of second-class tickets, and others, the Santa Fe Route is now running Pullman Tourist Sleeping cars from Chicago to San Francisco and Pacific Coast Points every day in the week. On Saturday of each week personally conducted parties will leave Chicago for all Coast Points.

The comfort, convenience and cheapness of a trip to California via the Santa Fe Route, and with one of these personally conducted parties cannot be exceeded. Send for our new Oklahoma Folder. Address for further particulars,

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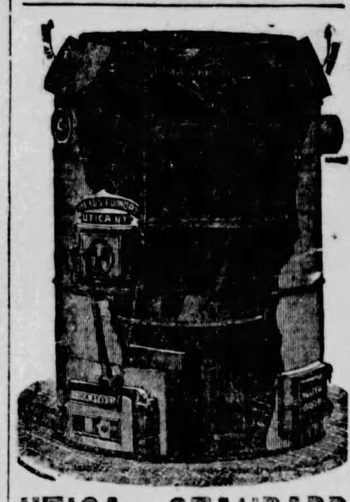

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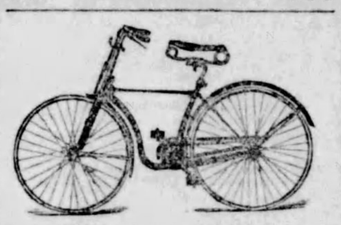

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REGULAR $100 SAFETY $55.

ALL STEEL BALL-BEARING THROUGHOUT.

You will never get a chance again like this. At the factory

518 SUPERIOR ST

GUARANTEED TO CURE Gonorrhœa and Gleet in 1 TO 5 DAYS For Male or Female.

SPOKANE

For Sale by All Druggists, Or Sent By Express On Receipt of $1.00.

SPOKANE MEDICINE CO., LIMA, O.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE, THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous weakness, emissions, permatorrhea, impotency, and all effects of abuse or excesses. Been prescribed after 35 years in thousands diseases; is the ONLY RELIABLE AND HONEST MEDICINE KNOWN. Ask druggist for Wood's PHOSPHODINE: if he offers some worthless med'cine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1, six $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 181 Woodward ave, Detroit, Mich.

Before and After

TRAVELERS' REGISTER

Corrected by William Gaten, Boody House Ticket Office.

All trains run on Central Standard time, which is 28 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily except Sunday.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut & Mulberry Sts.

TICKET OFFICES at Station and on Madison Street, under Boody House.

THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS BY CENTRAL TIME

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

FROM TOLEDO TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Phila. & New York...	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Balto. & Washt'n...	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	†7:20 a m	†9:40 a m
Phila. & New York..	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Balto. & Washt'n..	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	†2:25 p m	†5:10 p m
Phila. & New York..	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m
Balto. & Washt'n...	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m
Mansfield & Pittsb'gh	*9:00 p m	*11:25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Norwalk Division—East.		
Bos. and Chi. Accom.	9:45 a m	*5:05 p m
Bos. and Chi. special.	*7:55 a m	
New York Express..	*10:55 p m	*9:00 a m
Chicago Mail.....	*9:00 a m	
Buffalo Accom.....	7:35 p m	8:10 a m
Norwalk Accom.....	1:30 p m	3:40 p m
Sandusky Division East.		
Bos. and N. Y. Spe..		8:00 p m
N. Y. and Chi. lim..	*3:25 a m	*11:55 p m
Chi. and N. Y. Ex..	*1:55 p m	*10:30 p m
Ruff. and Chi. Accom.	9:35 a m	5:12 p m
Atlantic Express.....		*4:05 a m
Accommodation.....	7:45 p m	5:50 a m
Fast Mail.....		*2:55 p m
Old Road—West.		
Chicago Accom.....	*9:15 a m	*7:20 p m
Bos. and Chi. Spe...		*7:40 a m
Fast N Y and Bos Ex	*10:25 p m	
Fast Mail.....	*2:50 p m	
Michigan Accom.....	4:40 p m	9:50 a m
Air Line Division—West.		
Chi. and Bos. Spe.....	4:55 p m	
Atlantic Express.....	3:55 a m	
N. Y. and Chi. lim..	11:50 p m	*2:05 a m
Chicago Fast Mail....		*2:10 a m
Chicago Express.....		*2:00 p m
Pacific Express.....		*11:10 p m
Ruff. and Chi. Accom	4:45 p m	10:05 a m
Kendallville Accom..	9:20 a m	6:00 p m
Jackson Branch.		
Express	9:15 a m	9:50 a m
Express	6:40 p m	7:50 p m
Lansing Branch.		
Express	2:50 p m	9:50 a m
Express	10:25 p m	
Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids Branch.		
Express.....	2:50 p m	11:10 p m
Express	10:25 p m	9:50 a m
Detroit Branch.		
Express	9:40 a m	7:37 a m
Express	4:48 p m	10:10 a m
Express	8:20 p m	4:05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON and DAYTON.

Union Depot.

Cin. and Ind. Express	*5:25 a m	10:15 a m
Cin. and Ind. Express	4:00 p m	*3:50 p m
Cin. and Ind. Express	9:00 p m	*11:40 p m
Cincinnati Express..	11:20 p m	6:45 a m
Cin. Ex. Sun. only.	9:40 a m	
Find. and R. G. Ex.	8:00 a m	6:05 a m
Find. and R. G. Ex.	4:00 p m	3:50 p m
Find. and R. G. Ex.	9:00 p m	6:05 p m
Find. and R. G. Ex.	11:20 a m	10:15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.

Union Depot.

Pacific Express.....	*8:55 p m	*12:10 p m
Kansas City Express.	4:15 p m	10:20 a m
St. Louis Express....	*7:40 a m	*6:20 p m
Defiance Accom.....	8:00 a m	4:45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Mackinac and Det. E.	9:10 p m	4:20 p m
N. Y. and Bos. Ex...	*10:05 a m	*7:45 p m
New York Express..	*11:20 p m	*9:05 a m
Detroit Express.....	*3:30 p m	*5:50 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

(Depot, Cherry street.)

Wheeling & Steub. Ex	6:25 p m	7:45 a m
Washt n. & Balto. Ex	2:00 p m	1:00 p m
Cleve. & N. Y. Ex..	*9:45 a m	*4:50 p m
Local Freight.....	4:30 p m	6:35 a m

*Daily.

CINCINNATI, JACKSON and MACKINAW.

Chicago and Tol. Ex..	12:10 p m	6:30 p m
Mail and Express....	8:35 p m	7:05 a m
Local.....	8:30 p m	6:10 a m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR and NORTH MICHIGAN.

Cadillac Mail.....	10:20 p m	8:05 a m
Clare Express.....	12:55 p m	2:40 p m
Ann Arbor Accom...	8:55 a m	10:20 a m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS and KANSAS CITY.

Union Depot.

St. Louis Day Ex....	10:20 p m	6:25 a m
St. Louis Night Ex..	*9:20 a m	*5:25 p m
Delphos Pass.....	8:20 a m	4:20 p m

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY and TOLEDO.

Buckeye Route.

Columbus Express....	*9:15 a m	*6:30 a m
O. R. Mail and Ex....	2:20 p m	10:35 a m
Columbus Express....	*8:20 p m	*5:30 p m

TOLEDO, COLUMBUS and CINCINNATI.

Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.

Find. and Ken. Ex....	*9:05 a m	7:40 a m
Find. and R. G. Ex..	8:15 p m	10:20 a m
Find and Ken. Ex....	6:35 p m	*4:20 p m

TOLEDO and OHIO CENTRAL.

Depot, Bridge street, East Toledo.

Col. and Corning Ex.	8:25 p m	10:15 a m
Bucyrus Express.....	9:00 a m	5:20 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.

Passengers going via the above line leave from Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Depot, as follows:

Depart via M. C. R. R.....	5:30 a m
Depart via L. S. R'y.....	10:10 a m
Depart via M. C. R. R.....	4:20 p m
Depart via M. C. R. R.....	*9:05 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.....	3:20 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.....	*10:05 a m
Arrive via L. S. R'y.....	4:45 p m
Arrive via M. C. R. R.....	*11:20 p m

*Daily.

Connections are made at Monroe or Detroit with F. & P. M. R. R. trains for all stations on that road in Michigan.

HOTELS.

HOTEL VENDOME

Centrally Located. All the Latest Improvements.

Broadway & 41st St., New York. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

DR. S. E. McCREARY

PERMANENTLY LOCATED.

SPECIALTIES:

Female, Lung, Private and Chronic Diseases.

CATARRH, so very common in this climate, is not a local disease as is generally supposed, but is constitutional, showing itself locally in some of the mucous membranes of the body, and to remove it permanently you have to remove the cause. In fact the only way of treating any disease is by removing the cause that produces it, and nature will do the rest. This is the manner in which we treat all diseases under our specialties and the secret of our success is in the ability to determine the starting point or cause of your trouble.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS OR LOSS OF MANHOOD, AND ERRORS OF YOUTH, POSITIVELY CURED.

PILES permanently cured without the use of a knife or any surgical operation whatever. POSITIVELY NO CASE TAKEN THAT CANNOT BE CURED.

Correspondence accompanied by 4 cents in stamps will be held with the strictest secrecy and will be promptly answered.

Consultation free. Private parlors for ladies.

OFFICE AND LABORATORY.

607 Madison Street, Toledo, O.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

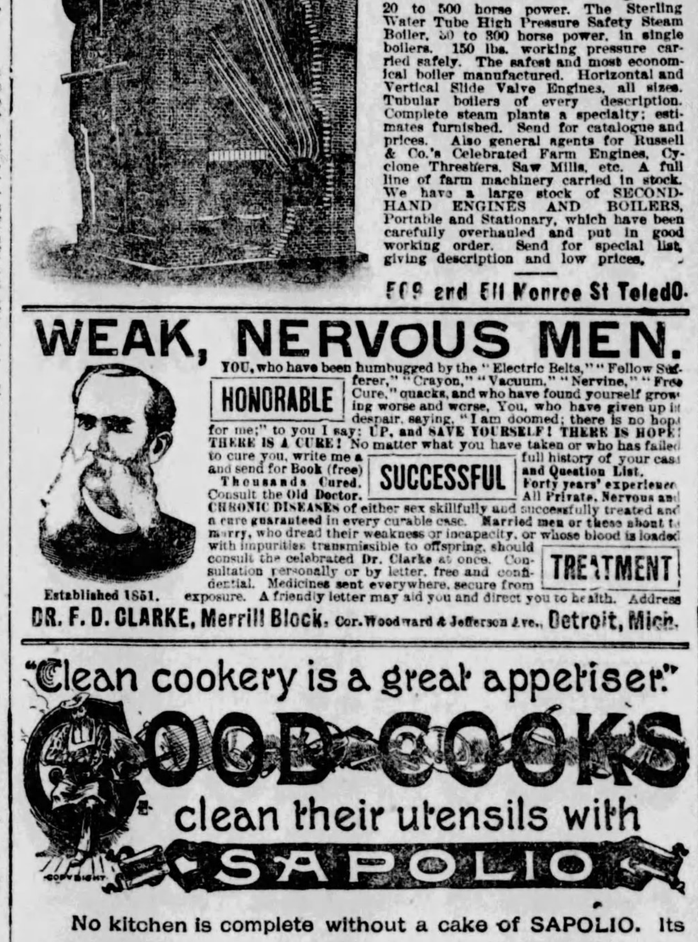
Sleepy.

If a man is drowsy in the day time after a good night's sleep, there's indigestion and stomach disorder.

BEECHAM'S PILLS by removing the waste matter which is clogging the system, will cure all Bilious and Nervous disorders, and will quickly relieve Sick Headache.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St. 33

F. Machum & Co. 319 SUPERIOR ST. Tailors



STEEL CEILING.

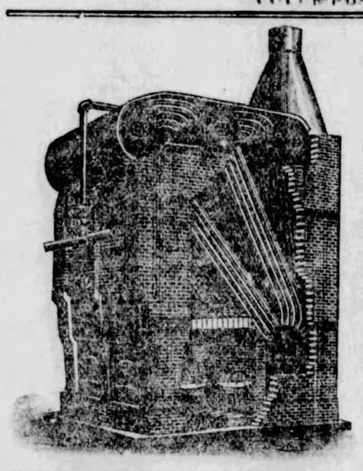
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

KINNEAR'S PATENT

ARTISTIC, ECONOMICAL, PERMANENT.

Will not crack or fall off. Furnished in various designs. Patterns of Ceiling may be seen New Bee Building and in Boody House.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO COLUMBUS, OHIO



Arbuckle, Ryan & Co

JOBBERS OF MACHINERY. GENERAL AGTS. FOR THE

Russell Automatic Engines!

20 to 500 horse power. The Sterling Water Tube High Pressure Safety Steam Boiler, 50 to 800 horse power, in single boilers. 150 lbs. working pressure carried safely. The safest and most economical boiler manufactured. Horizontal and Vertical Slide Valve Engines, all sizes. Tubular boilers of every description. Complete steam plants a specialty; estimates furnished. Send for catalogue and prices. Also general agents for Russell & Co.'s Celebrated Farm Engines, Cyclone Threshers, Saw Mills, etc. A full line of farm machinery carried in stock. We have a large stock of SECOND-HAND ENGINES AND BOILERS, Portable and Stationary, which have been carefully overhauled and put in good working order. Send for special list, giving description and low prices.

609 and 611 Monroe St Toledo.

WEAK, NERVOUS MEN.

YOU, who have been humbugged by the "Electric Belts," "Fellow Sufferer," "Crayon," "Vacuum," "Nervine," "Free Cure," quacks, and who have found yourself growing worse and worse, You, who have given up in despair, saying, "I am doomed; there is no hope for me;" to you I say: UP, and SAVE YOURSELF! THERE IS HOPE! THERE IS A CURE! No matter what you have taken or who has failed to cure you, write me a full history of your case and send for Book (free) and Question List.

HONORABLE SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT

Thousands Cured. Forty years' experience. All Private, Nervous and Consult the Old Doctor. CHRONIC DISEASES of either sex skillfully and successfully treated and a c

WHAT DO YOU WANT? DO YOU

MAKE IT KNOWN THROUGH THE BEE'S GREAT WANT

MEDIUM

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

MALE HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—A THOROUGHly reliable and competent man to manage our eastern picture frame manufactory; must thoroughly understand joining and frame-making in all its branches; satisfactory wages paid and permanent work assured; none but competent men need apply; send references. A. L. Varney, Albany, N. Y. 6feb9p

TRAVELING SALESMEN TO SELL baking powder to the retail grocery trade. Men acquainted with different sections of the country. A good side line, also good opportunity for clerks or any live men who want to go on the road; experience not absolutely necessary. We mean business. To the right men liberal contracts will be made and steady work given; we pay not less than $75 month salary and expenses or 20 per cent. commission. Address, with stamp, U. S. Chemical Works, 840 and 842 Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ills. 2feb12

WANTED—BARBER TO-MORROW AT 8 a. m. sharp, corner Division and Vance streets. Bring tools. 42

WANTED—A BOY TO LEARN THE tailor trade, or one with a little experience. August Scherff, 1012 Broadway. 36

WANTED—CLERK FOR RETAIL STAtionery; experienced. B. F. Wade Co. 42

WANTED—BARBER—A STEADY YOUNG man; also steady barber for Saturdays. Call at 822 Cherry street. 40

WANTED—A GOOD BLACKSMITH AND horseshoer; steady work, at J. A. Gessner's, Vine street. 43

WANTED—GOOD, HONEST BOY AT A. P. Stewart's, 316 Monroe street. 39

WANTED—PIANO AND ORGAN PLAYER for music store; either lady or gentleman; German preferred; state salary wanted. Address F. 90, Bee office. 35

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE HAND; one that understands cutting up stock, at W. I. Wilbur & Co.'s, 412-416 South St. Clair street.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY at Rubden's, No. 12 Market Space. 36

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 135 11th street. 40

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL; MUST be a good cook; references. Mrs. Homer L. Yaryan, No. 2131 Collingwood avenue. 42

DISHWASHER WANTED AT THE Wabash Restaurant, 207 Summit street; steady work at good wages. 41

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply 345 Illinois street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 1415 Madison st. 13feb3

WANTED—A COMPETANT GIRL TO DO general housework at No. 1627 Collingwood avenue, corner of Oakwood. 13feb2

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSEKEEPER OR help-mate, by a man of years, plenty of means, good standing in society, no incumbrance; lady to be intelligent; age from 35 to 45; no objections to a widow. Address M. W., 21 Worthington Block, City. 40

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1820 Franklin avenue, 2nd door from Adams. 40

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED PERSON, not a professional nurse, to take care of invalid lady. Address F. 100, Bee office. 40

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must have references. Apply at 136 14th street, between Jefferson and Monroe. 40

HOUSEWORK—WANTED, A GOOD GIRL for general housework; must be a good cook; no other need apply; satisfactory reference required. Apply at No. 1313 Adams street. 39

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP AT HOUSEwork. 1702 Monroe street, corner 17th. 39

TRIMMER WANTED—HAT TRIMMER and shaper at corner Adams and Huron streets. Mrs. S. Dryfus. 39

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. F. H. Tanner, 1453 Huron street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO SECOND WORK at 717 Huron street. Apply mornings before 10 or evenings after 6 o'clock. Mrs. Thos. Daniels. 39

WANTED—GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK in small family. 2118 Franklin avenue. 39

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO AS-sist in second work and taking care of children. Mrs. J. F. Kumler, 1919 Collingwood avenue, near Jefferson. 38

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL IN A family of three; German preferred. 436 Twelfth street. 35

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, with recommendations. 1717 Madison, immediately. 35

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 1942 Washington street. 38

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE for two children; good wages. Call No. 2109 Jefferson street. 35

WANTED — A GOOD EXPERIENCED second girl at 1608 Jefferson. Call at once; good wages to right person. 38

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; German preferred. Call at 129 12th street. 38

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. John Shibek, 725 South Erie St. 35

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AS cook; good wages paid; references required. Apply between 10 and 12 a. m., 1835 Collingwood avenue. 35

A GOOD SALARY GUARANTEED TO any lady who will do writing for me at home. Address in own handwriting with addressed and stamped envelope. Miss Edna L. Smythe, South Bend, Ind. Proprietor of the Famous Gloria Water. 21jan26

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ONE SET OF FOUR ROOMS. Inquire at Weber's Shoe Store, 837 Summit street. 13feb6p

FOR RENT—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM, well furnished; bath room, both gases (N. W.) hot and cold water; small private family; suitable for two gentlemen; references required. Enquire at No. 121 Tenth street. 13feb-tf

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, with both kinds of gas and use of bath room; would prefer to rent to gentlemen. Apply at 324 12th st. 13feb3p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 41 10th street; references exchanged. 11feb6p

FOR RENT—SEVERAL SUITES OF rooms for offices or light housekeeping; also corner store and cellar 75x20, with shelving and counters, in the Eppstein Block, Cherry street. Enquire of H. Weitzel, Room 10, Secor Block, Monroe street. 21dec4w

FOR RENT—TWO NICE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with gas; 10 minutes walk from postoffice. Call 1117 Washington street. 21nov-tf

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS AND CANVASSERS. Big money. Call 1820 Adams street. 39

WANTED—LOCAL AGENTS, MALE OR female, in all parts of the city to collect for the sale of stock; business permanent and very remunerative. Address American Orchard & Vineyard Co., Room 20, Hotel Hamilton.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR FARM property, two lots with house and barn on Robinwood avenue. Inquire 2459 Robinwood avenue. 13feb6p

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio.

A VALUABLE PATENT USED ON every house, for sale or exchange for farm or city property; working model can be seen at 1342 Page street, Toledo, O. 10feb3p

FOR SALE—FINE DRUG STORE DOING a good business, on Lawrence avenue, just off Monroe street; will invoice about $2,000; payments $200 cash, balance one and two years, properly secured; yearly rent $200; can rent to suit. S. G. Van Buren, 3 Law Building. 11feb2

FOR SALE—HOPKINS' ATLAS OF Toledo, 1881; linen backed and in perfect condition. Address F. 101, Bee office. 11feb3p

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS, FURniture, heating stove, Steel range, carpets, rugs, etc.; leaving city. 124 Prescott street. 6feb6p

FOR SALE—FOR $3,000, GOOD RESIdence on Oakwood avenue; house 7 rooms, bath, gas, sewer connections, etc. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $5,500, HOUSE OF 9 rooms and cellar; well finished and in good condition; nicely located on Ashland avenue; lot 75x120. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $6,500, JEFFERSON street residence of 9 rooms; large barn; lot 40 feet front; location first-class. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $1,500, COTTAGE OF 6 rooms, on West Washington street; good lot in good location. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $8,000, RESIDENCE OF 13 rooms; partly hard-wood finish; all modern conveniences; large barn and lot 60x212; located on residence portion of Cherry street. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $3,000, CORNER PROPerty on Nebraska avenue; house well built; two-story frame of 10 rooms; lot 40x125. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $4,500, DOUBLE frame of 8 rooms on each side; good cellars; city water and gas. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $1,300, GOOD COTtage of 7 rooms on Bell avenue; street cars and business convenient; lot 30x120. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $800, COTTAGE OF 5 rooms on Delance street, East Toledo; new, well-built and in good location; terms of payment to suit purchaser. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $1,000, COTTAGE OF 6 rooms on Anna street, with lot 30x124; will sell on monthly payments. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $1,780, HOUSE OF 8 rooms on Utah street, East Toledo; location good; lot 60x150, with fruit trees, well and cistern. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $3,300, ONE OF THE finest of Air Line Junction residences; has 9 rooms and good cellar, large barn, lot 40x117. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $1,900, HOUSE OF 6 rooms on Walnut street, with both well and cistern; fruit and shade trees. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $3,000, HOUSE ON Indiana avenue with 10 rooms, and lot 35 feet front; street paved; cars pass the door. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $17,000, BUSINESS CORner on Cherry street; centrally located; lot 77x97; good investment property. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—FOR $850, COTTAGE OF 5 rooms on Indiana avenue; well built and new; will sell on monthly payments. Irving B. Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A GOOD WORKING HORSE and a good phaeton. Wm. Heath, No. 905 Washington street. Phone 1017. 3feb12

FOR SALE—40 ACRES LAND IN ADAMS township, east half of the southeast fourth-quarter of section 1; two-story brick house and two barns; for sale cheap on long time. Enquire 374 Indiana avenue. N. W. Halpin. 2febim-p

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON LEE ST., near Sumner, with gas. Inquire John Stack, 422 Wade street. 12feb2p

FOR SALE—FARM OF 28 ACRES, WITH large 2-story brick house; 2 good cellars, barns and out-buildings; 2 wells, cistern, 2 orchards; 1 mile from corporation line and about three miles from court house; best of land, and can be bought cheap. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co., 512 Madison st. 30jan12

BARGAIN—BUSINESS PROPERTY ON main thoroughfare, worth $2,500 to $3,000; must sell, and will take $1,800, if taken at once. Rausch & Co., 406 Adams street, cor. St. Clair. 9feb6

WANTED—PURCHASER FOR HOUSE and lot; worth $2,000 to $2,500; but must realize at once and will sell at great sacrifice; $500 to $600 cash will do. Rausch & Co., 406 Adams street, near corner of St. Clair. 9feb5

ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL I WILL sell my residence on Tenth street, between Monroe and Washington, at a bargain; it has 9 rooms and modern improvements; lot 50x100, and barn. Address F. 104, Bee office. 13feb3p

BARGAIN—OTHER BUSINESS CAUSES party to offer fine paying place (for man or woman), but little work, in center of city, at great sacrifice (half its value); price, $500 to $600; pays $65 to $85 per month. Particulars, address, James Box, City P. O. 13feb2p

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR YOUNG BLACK horses, 1 set harness, 1 furniture delivery wagon; will sell cheap if taken soon. Apply J. T. Southard, 132 Summit street. 13feb-tf

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—2040 FRANKlin avenue; lot 75 feet front; house contains modern improvements, and is, without doubt, one of the most desirable locations in the city. Will be sold at reasonable price and terms to desirable purchaser. Apply to W. C. Crabbs, Boody House block. 4dec-tf

DIED.

MURPHY—February 12th, 1892, Nellie Murphy, daughter of John and Catherine Murphy, aged 3 years and 10 months.

Funeral from Immaculate Conception church, Sunday, at 2 p. m. Friends invited. 12feb2p

PETERS—Friday, Feb. 12th, 1892, Lou Peters, daughter of Augustus and Lena Peters, aged 19 years, 8 months and 6 days.

Funeral from residence, 714 Orange street. Services held at St. Joseph's church. Friends invited. p

MATTIMORE—At St. Vincent's Hospital, Feb. 12th, 1892, Timothy Mattimore, aged 35 years.

The remains are now at his sister's, Mrs. T. Holland, 1203 Washington street.

Funeral Monday, Feb. 15th, at 9 o'clock, at St. Patrick's church. Friends invited. p

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—POCKETBOOK IN THE VICINity of Parkwood, Floyd and Ashland avenues, containing about $50, a pair of eye glasses and other articles. Think some papers having owner's name was in it. I will reward anyone returning same to me. Mrs. A. G. Blair, 2149 Parkwood ave. 13feb3

WANTED TO BUY.

JERSEYS—WANTED THE ADDRESS OF anyone in Toledo or vicinity having Jersey cows or heifer calves for sale. Address P. O. Box 262, Weston, Ohio. 12feb6

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 130 INDIANA avenue; good water, sewer connections, etc., $15 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 13jan-tf

FOR RENT—NINE ROOM MODERN house, Ontario street, near Cherry. Apply J. T. Southard, 132 Summit street. 13feb-tf

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE 9 ROOMS, bath and all modern conveniences; centrally located on paved street; rent $25 per month. Call 213 Indiana avenue. p

FOR RENT—517 COLUMBIA STREET, $8; 2525 Summit avenue, $9; 2104 and 2108 Chase street, $12.50 each; all have well and cistern; on line of street car. S. S. Minuse, real estate and loans, corner Erie and Sandusky street. p

FOR RENT — MY DWELLING, 1118 Huron street, of 11 rooms; all improvements; furnished in part or in full. For particulars call on W. B. Taylor, 206 Summit street. 11feb6p

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—I WOULD LIKE TO DO AT home some washing and ironing, at 1012 Broadway, upstairs. Mrs. Fred Richers. 42

A YOUNG LADY SPEAKING BOTH English and German would like a position in store or office; can furnish references. Not afraid of work. Address F. 99, Bee office. 40

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT—AM A CHAMpion saw filer, and have practiced a long time; or pleasant office work with books to be posted; can give best recommendation and bond to fill all requirements; am an honorable gentleman with good points. Address all letters to Nelson Cately, Box 192, Delta, O. 43

WANTED—SOMETHING TO DO. AM A first-class draughtsman and experienced mechanic; understand all lines of building. Address S. Edwards, general delivery. 40

WANTED—A PLACE IN PRIVATE FAMily by a nice respectable girl; more for a home than wages. Address F. 103, Bee office. 42

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG LADY in an office to do general office work; have a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; reference furnished. Address Box 317, city. 42

WANTED—BY COMPETENT YOUNG lady, position as bookkeeper or office assistant. Address F. 102, care Bee. 41

WANTED—DAY'S WORK OF ANY KIND, washing or cleaning. Address 924 Elm street. 42

WANTED—SITUATION BY COMPETENT lady to keep house for an aged couple, or to take care of an old lady; can give good reference. Address L. R., Air Line Junction, Ohio. 41

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY OR week, by a competent dressmaker; charges $1 per day. Address Mary Hagerty, general delivery. 39

WASHING WANTED—ROUGH DRIED washing and ironing; well experienced and will give satisfaction in work and price. Call 225 Superior, in the basement. 41

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNdress or dishwasher. Address Mary, in the basement, 509 Erie street. 41

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE painter wants work; no objection in leaving the city. Address F. 98, Bee office. 39

WANTED—SITUATION BY A NO. 1 stave cutter; 20 years experience. Address for one week, M. H., 1905 Locust street, Toledo, Ohio. 39

WANTED—SITUATION OF ANY KIND by a young man of 22 years; is an A 1 horseman; can come well recommended. Address 922 Locust street, city. 39

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man with 3 1-2 years experience in the printing business. Address F. 97, Bee office. 39

WANTED — SITUATION AS DRUG clerk; three years' experience; reference given; speaks German. Chas. Diehlman, Archbold, O. 38

WANTED—POSITION AS ENGINEER OR to attend boilers by a practical steam fitter; best of references. Address F. 95, Bee office. 39

WANTED—A POSITION IN A HOTEL or private housework; small family. Address M., 509 Erie street. 35

WANTED—COPYING AT HOME OR IN office, or plain sewing to do at home. Mrs. N. Casady, 1338 Prouty avenue, city. 35

WANTED — WASHING OR HOUSEcleaning by the day. Address 814 Oak street. 35

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO KNOW THE children sent out begging, claiming to be mine, are a fraud. Joseph Jankoske, 344 Lake street. 13feb6p

WANTED—ALL MEN INTERESTED IN labor unions to buy Union Bread of A. Trudell, 401 Indiana avenue, corner Division street. p

FOR RENT—FOUR-STORY BRICK, 80 x22 feet, with elevator, gases, etc., suitable for factory and heavy storage; Erie street, near Monroe. Apply J. T. Southard, 132 Summit street. 13feb-tf

ATTENTION! CATHOLIC KNIGHTS OF America! Inasmuch as the honorable supreme officers of our noble order will bestow upon us the honor of visiting our fair city the coming week, it is but meet and just, and in order to show our well-known hospitality, that we, members of the Catholic Knights of America, give them a royal reception. All members of the order are therefore cordially invited to be present at Friendship Hall, Summit street, corner of Jefferson, (Gradolph Block) on Monday evening, Feb. 15, 1892, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of extending to them a hearty welcome. John O'Grady, president Branch No. 147; Melchoir Schaal, president Branch No. 194; J. E. Walsh, president Branch No. 490; P. A. MacGahan, president Branch No. 249; Geo. Bruss, president Branch No. 561; H. L. De Shetler, president Branch No. 578. 12feb3

WANTED—A MAN AND WIFE WITHout any family to take charge of a first-class farm; good wages to right party. Apply to H. N. Hansen, 403 Jefferson street. 39

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR HOUSE AND lot in Toledo, 159 acre farm in southeastern Kansas; about 100 acres under plow. For further particulars call upon W. B. Taylor, 206 Summit street, Toledo. 11feb6p

$ $ $ $ WE HAVE CUSTOMERS FOR $ $ $ $ several hundred dollars, who can give the best of security, and will pay liberal rate of interest. We make no charge for making investment. Persons having a few hundred in bank, can double the rate of interest by calling on us. Rausch & Co., 406 Adams street. 9feb6

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT—W. T. States, 611 Cherry street. Rooms 13 and 14 Eppstein Block. Plans, specifications and details furnished on short notice 15dec1y

DON'T HEAT YOUR BLOOD.—PUT AN ad. in the Bee to-day for one week, and let it do your hustling for you. 4jan-tf

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 3dec-tf

ANY ONE HAVING MONEY TO LOAN on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17augiyr

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? IF YOU do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aprlyr

WANTED—THE PEOPLE TO KNOW that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry street. 31jan1yr

INSURANCE—WANTED, EVERYBODY to insure in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company, with its 44 years experience and nearly $2,000,000 capital. Geo. C. Stahl, 420 Adams street. 7jan12w

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Wagoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24octlyr

MONEY—TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison street. 17augiyr

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security. Sums to suit. Arlon E. Wilson, Yeager Block, Madison street, near Superior. 4f6b1m-p

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 14, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

CITY NEWS.

Gas trustees meet to-night.

Board of education to-night.

The council board holds its regular meeting to-night.

American wheelmen are in session at Columbus to-day.

Charles Roesch, a truant, was taken to the Lancaster school on Saturday.

Decision will be rendered in the Kolosinski case on Wednesday morning.

Valentine business was pushed a little yesterday, even though it was Sunday.

Stationary engineers met Saturday night, and passed upon some routine business.

Rev. Dr. Gunsaulus, of Chicago, lectures in the Star course at Wheeler's to-morrow night.

Degree lodge, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets to-night in the temple for work in the second degree.

There will be preaching at the Oliver Baptist church on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 'phone 438.

Asylum trustees meet on Thursday. Parks Foster, the newly appointed member, will take his seat once more.

Rev. Frank Jones, of McComb, O., will commence a series of meetings at the Bartlett street church this evening at 7:30.

The furniture workers give their second annual ball at Phoenix hall on Wednesday evening.

Articles of incorporation for the Builders' Exchange have been returned, and the permanent organization will be effected to-morrow night.

Ask for Seyfang's "New Process" bread.

Anton Kafski, an Air Line Junction Pole, was arrested Saturday while flourishing an immense revolver. He was fined $5 and costs in police court this morning.

The term of Col. C. M. Keyes, of the Sixteenth regiment, O. N. G., expires next June, and local militia companies will soon be in the throes of an election contest.

A flock of wild geese flying to the northwest was one of the sights this morning, for Toledo people who were out early. It is now in order to pawn your overcoats.

Try the celebrated Rose brand hams, bacon and dried beef. Also, fresh, salt and smoked meats, sausage, etc., at Jacob Folger's, South St. Clair street.

It was very kind of Representative Flickinger, of Toledo, offering to investigate the rottenness of his own record while a member of the board of public works. Mr. F. is liable to overwork himself.—Mansfield Shield.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit.

The National Milling company, of this city, is doing an excellent business, which is not by any means confined to the United States. A few days ago a contract was made with a local railroad for 5,000 sacks of flour, bound for Glasgow, Scotland.

A house on Oak street kept by William T. Kelley and Charles Conroy was raided by the police last night and besides the proprietors there were arrested George Smith, Byron Barkhite, Nell Kinney and Jennie Corbet. All were charged with keeping and visiting a house of assignation. In police court this morning the proprietors were fined $50 and costs and the nuisance ordered abated. The others were fined $20 and costs.

We have just received from our old friend A. B. Combs an invitation to attend the first grand reception of Toledo branch, No. 100, National Association of Letter Carriers, at Pythian Castle on the evening of Washington's birthday. Burt is one of the most popular letter carriers in the service at Toledo. He is an expupil of this institution, and is a credit to the home.—Xenia Home Weekly.

ENTITLED TO THE BEST.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To-day we are taking our semi-annual inventory. To-morrow we shall begin to display new goods in every department, which will be added to as the season advances, making the grandest showing of spring goods we have ever offered. To-morrow's offering will consist of

New BLACK GOODS.
New China Silks in great variety.
New colored Wool Fabrics in choicest patterns.
New French Challies.
New French Printed Jaconets and Satines.
Our entire spring importations of Jouvin Kid Gloves, in the handsomest shadings ever shown.
New Hosiery and Underwear.
New Dress Trimmings, including many exclusive designs.
New Ribbons.
New Newmarkets and Jackets, and a stock of Curtains and Draperies that must command careful attention.

LAMSON BROS.

Beautiful chiffons, 25c yd. Connolly Bros.

EXCURSION TO NEW ORLEANS, AND MOBILE, ALA.

On the occasion of the Mardi Gras, the Wabash railway will sell excursion tickets to the above points, Feb. 22 to 28, inclusive, good returning until March 22.

The Wabash is the quickest, best and most comfortable route, only one change of cars. Sleeping and dining car service unsurpassed. Call on or write Boody House Ticket Office, or P. E. Dombaugh, Wabash Ticket Office, 308 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

THAT GOLDEN NAIL.

Mrs. Richards, of Montana, who offered to give the last nail to be driven into the Woman's Building, is having it manufactured at Butte City, after her own design. The nail will be a 12-penny size, and will be composed of the principal mineral product of the state. This nail, when driven, will pass through a medalian of very elaborate design, comprising the coat-of-arms of Montana—a setting sun behind a mountain line. The sunset will be composed entirely of sapphires, the mountains of gold and the valleys of silver—all home productions—and the whole will form an emblem at once beautiful and unique.—New York Tribune.

Have Beecham's Pills ready in the household.

Call this week; new kid gloves. Connollys'.

EXCURSION TO VICKSBURG.

On February 17, the C., H. & D. will sell excursion tickets from all points between Lima and Toledo to Vicksburg, Miss, via Cincinnati and Louisville and Nashville, or Queen & Crescent route, at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning 30 days from date of sale. Parties desiring to visit New Orleans can go via steamer from Vicksburg at reduced rate and return home direct from New Orleans by rail.

NEW DRESS GOODS | This week we display the best values in new dress goods ever shown; we want you to see our prices. CONNOLLY BROS.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., VIA WABASH

The months of February, March and April are the pleasantest to spend at Hot Springs, Ark. The Wabash line is the popular route to go and return. Two trains daily, with elegant sleeping cars. Palace reclining chair cars, seats free, and meals in Wabash dining cars.

Round trip tickets on sale every day in the year. Call on or write Boody House Ticket Office, or P. E. Dombaugh, Passenger and Ticket Agent Wabash R. R., 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

New prints, new ginghams. Connolly Bros.

A CLEVER THIEF.

This is how the presence of mind and audacity of an Omaha thief saved him from being locked up. A policeman who recognized him and knew he was "wanted" put him under arrest, with the words, "You are wanted at headquarters." "Yes, I know," replied the thief, quickly. "I was arrested last night and was bailed out this morning; you are too slow." "It does look that way," said the crest-fallen policeman, as he told the thief he could go, of which permission the thief lost no time in availing himself. Later, to his chagrin, the policeman found that the thief had not been previously arrested.

Take things easy and a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and you'll be rid of your cold. All druggists sell Salvation Oil, the pain exterminator. Price 25 cents a bottle.

This week see our black goods. Connollys'.

EXCURSION TO ST. LOUIS.

On account of the national convention of labor organizations, the Wabash railway will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis and return at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip.

Tickets on sale February 20 to 23, inclusive, good returning until March 10, inclusive. For further information call on Boody House Ticket Office, or Wabash City Ticket Office, 308 Madison street.

Just Arrived | Finest assortment of Bedroom Sets from $15 to $300. Great values. STOLBERG & PARKS.

WINTER TOURIST RATES.

The Missouri Pacific railway and Iron Mountain route have placed on sale winter tourist tickets to points in Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California at greatly reduced rates. Stop-overs will be allowed in the states of Arkansas and Texas. For further information and tickets, address Coke Alexander, D. P. Agent, 7 Jackson Place, Indianapolis, Ind., or H. C. Townsend, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.

New Trimmings. Connolly Bros.

HUDSONS

MEN'S $3.00 SHOES

You can find $3.00 Shoes in any business block in the town, but such shoes as we sell at this price are scarce. We make it a point in our $3.00 shoes to give our customers the very best that can be sold at the price, not only the best leather but the best styles. You will find by inspection that our new shapes have all the style of higher priced shoes. The new spring stock includes Goodyear Welts in plain calf, kangaroo calf and kangaroo, in the new tips and toes.

MEN'S FINE SHOES!

New spring styles in Patent Leather, Cordovan, Calf and Kangaroo—handsome shapes—in reliable makes, at very reasonable prices.

SPRING STYLES IN HATS

New styles at every price: $1.50, $1.98, $2.48 and $3.00. Our $3.00 Stiff Hats equal $4.00 hats sold elsewhere. Our $2.48 and $1.98 Stiff Hats, always popular, are finer and better than ever before.

Heavy Overcoats at 20 Per Cent. Discount from Regular Prices.

HUDSONS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHINGS.

A. S. BROS.

New Black Brocade India Silks

New Figured China Silks

New Colored Dress Goods

French Camels Hair, fine effects, Chevrons, Crepe de Chine, Cheviots, Bedford Cords in Checks and Stripes.

French Flannels, Etc.
French Challies, Etc.

New Black Dress Goods

Surah Twills, Nuns Serges, Diagonal Cord, Bedford Cords, Chevron Stripes, Brocade Stripes.

Waterproof Serge, Etc.
Biaritz Cords, Etc.

New Linens
New Wash Goods
New Embroideries
New Curtains

NEUHAUSEL BRO'S

VISIT THE SOUTH.

Nature has decreed that in some parts of the country at least, it should be cold in winter, but she has generously provided for those who seek a milder climate.

To the winter resorts of Texas, viz.: Austin, Houston, San Antonio, Rockport, Corpus Christi, Galveston, Lampasas and El Paso, and Deming, N. M., the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway will, until April 30, sell at very low rates round trip excursion tickets having a transit limit of 30 days in that direction, with a final limit to return until June 1, 1892, being good to stop off at all stations in the state of Texas within the transit limit of the ticket.

This road will also sell at greatly reduced rates round trip excursion tickets to California and Mexican points, limited to six months from date of sale, granting stop-overs both going and returning.

For further information call on or address GASTON MESLIER, G. P. and T. A., Parsons, Kas. W. G. GRAHAM, G. P. A., Sedalia, Mo. E. B. PARKER, Ass't G. P. A., 509 Chestnut st., St. Louis, Mo.

THE WAY TO GO.

You have seen California frequently mentioned in newspapers and magazines. Perhaps a friend has been there and writes enthusiastic letters back home about the climate and the fruits. It makes you anxious to see the country for yourself.

The time to go is in the fall and winter. Then work here is least pressing and California climate is most pleasing. The way to go is via Santa Fe route, on one of that line's popular, personally-conducted parties, leaving Chicago every Saturday evening and leaving Kansas City every Sunday morning.

Special agents and porters in attendance. Pullman tourist sleepers are used, furnished with bedding, mattresses, toilet articles, etc. Second-class tickets honored. Write to Geo. E. Gilman, Michigan Passenger Agent Santa Fe route, for folder describing these excursions.

"JEST A FLYIN'."

Twenty-four hours' time ahead of all competition into Portland, Oregon, from Chicago, Omaha, or Sioux City. The Union Pacific, the original Overland Route, is doing this every day. You can lay off one day, anywhere along the line, and go fishing and still get in as quick as the other man. You can go straight through and make Portland one whole day ahead of all competitors.

See your nearest Union Pacific agent, or address E. L. Lomax, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Omaha, Neb.

BATHED IN PERPETUAL SUNSHINE.

Winter Resorts of Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California.

Round trip tickets are now on sale via Iron Mountain route to the winter resorts of Texas, Mexico, Arizona and California. Stop-over privileges allowed in the states of Arkansas and Texas. For time tables, folders, etc., address Coke Alexander, D. P. A., 7 Jackson Place, Indianapolis, Ind.

Parlor Furniture. | An immense line of our own make in every style and price. STOLBERG & PARKS.

THIS IS BUSINESS.

A solid train leaves St. Louis at 8:20 p. m., daily, via Iron Mountain Route, for Hot Springs, Ark. In addition to this a through Pullman buffet sleeping car is attached to the morning train leaving St. Louis 9 a. m. daily. Reduced rates all the year round to this world's sanitarium and resort. For time tables, folders, descriptive pamphlet, and further information, address Coke Alexander, D. P. A., 7 Jackson Place Indianapolis, Ind., or H. C. Townsend, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St Louis.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO VICKSBURG, MISS., AND DELHI, LA.

On Feb. 17 the Wabash railroad will sell round trip excursion tickets to Vicksburg, Miss., and Delhi, La., at exceedingly low rates. Do not purchase your tickets until you have investigated the route and rate via the Wabash. Call at Boody House ticket office or Wabash city ticket office, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

Office Desks. | It will pay you to see our line. You can get any priced desk wanted. STOLBERG & PARKS.

A TRUTH FROM "TRUTH."

The New York Central is really first-class in all its appointments. Think of it, it has four tracks laid with the heaviest of steel rails in the most substantial manner, and when you are sleeping or lounging around in one of their superb Wagner cars, and flying along at the rate of nearly a mile a minute, as some of their fast expresses do, you will hardly realize that you are moving, so excellent is the permanent way. A short time ago a special train made the run from New York to Buffalo at the rate of a mile a minute the entire distance.

Dining Room Sets. | 75 sets in every style and finish. Any piece you wish. STOLBERG & PARKS.

MARDI GRAS RATES.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad announce exceptionally low round trip excursion rates to the New Orleans Mardi Gras from Toledo and all points on the line. The tickets will be on sale and good going February 22 to 28, inclusive, and good returning until March 22. For rates and full information call on or address any C., H. & D. R. R. agent.

LAND EXCURSION TO DELHI, LA.

The C., H. & D. will sell excursion tickets February 17, from all points on the line between Lima and Toledo, inclusive, to Delhi, La., at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good going only on February 17, and good returning for 30 days from date of sale.

FILTERS REPACKED.

The very choicest material is used by the Stevens Filter company in repacking all filters entrusted to them. 322 and 324 Water street. Phone 562.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ice cream and fine confectionery for parties and socials, at L. H. MEINERT'S.

OUR AMBULANCE SERVICE

Is being appreciated in Toledo. The business is not as profitable and pleasant as some lines, but we are satisfied to be doing some good for our fellow-men in time of need. Always 'phone 1035 for McGlynn's ambulance.

AUCTION.

From residence of Mr. Obrish, corner Warren and Adams streets, Tuesday, Feb. 16, at 10 a. m., entire household furniture, with elegant carpets, folding bed, range, dining room and kitchen furniture.

W. G. ALEXANDER, Auct.

$3.00 PER DOZEN.

Desiring to place our work within the reach of everyone, we take advantage of a lull in business and offer, FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY, our fine Cabinet Photos at Three Dollars per dozen. Other sizes in like proportion.

This offer is limited.

VAN LOO & TROST, Photographers, 328 Summit street.

HURRYING US ALONG

Rapid approach of spring urges us to lively work --certain things to do--But little time in which to accomplish desired results--combination work--combination prices--that is two or more articles at the price of one-- aids in making required room.

A Mid-Winter Forty-Nine Cent Sale!

A Clearing Out of Accumulated Odds and Ends at Less than Wholesale Prices—Unmatchable Values.

FOR FORTY-NINE CENTS YOU CAN GET

50 packs good Brass Pins for 49c.
21 spools good Linen Thread for 49c
30 papers good Needles for 49c.
10 balls Dexter col Knit Cot for 49c.
14 cakes Cotton Seed Soap for 49c.
17 balls Tinsel Kismet for 49c.
14 p'ks Government Envelopes for 49c.
7 doz. Rubber Tipped Pencils for 49c.
5 good Whisk Brooms for 49c.
9 balls McCrema Cord for 49c.
6 bottles Bixby's Shoe Polish for 49c.

10 yards best Dress Prints for 49c.
10 yards double-fold Suiting for 49c.
10 yards Chantilly